The New-York Times.

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NORTH CAROLINA.

THE CAPTURE OF RALEIGH

Johnston Avoids a Battle with Sherman.

Capture of Gov. Vance, of North Carolina.

Jeff. Davis Joins Johnston at Hillsboro.

MOVEMENTS OF GEN. STONEMAN

Capture of Salisbury with Many Prisoners.

Immense Quantities of Arms and Munitions of War Taken.

[OFFICIAL.]

War Department, Washington, April 18, 1865.

Major-Gen. Dix, New-York:

Official information has reached this department of the occupation of Mobile, on the 12th inst., by the troops under command of Maj.-Gen. Canby. No particulars of the capture have yet been received.

The following despatches, confirming details of the expedition under command of Maj.-Gen. Stoneman, have been forwarded to the department of Maj.-Gen. Thomas:

Headquarters, Nashville, April 18—1:30 P. M.

Major-Gen. H. W. Halleck, Chief of Staff:

I forward the following report from Major-Gen. Stoneman, just received, for the information of the Secretary of War and the Lieutenant-General, and take pleasure in specially inviting their attention to the importance of the work performed by Gen. Stoneman, who in spirit fully executed the orders given him before starting on the expedition. The officers specially mentioned by Gen. Stoneman—Major Keogh, Capts. Morrow, Allen and Chamberlain—have heretofore, on many occasions, distinguished themselves by gallantry and good conduct in battle.

Headquarters East Tennessee, in the Field,
Camp at Slatersville, N. C., April 13,
Via Jonesboro, 7 A. M., April 18, 1865.

To Maj.-Gen. Thomas, commanding Department of the Cumberland:

I have the honor to report the following as the result of our operations since my last dispatch from Boone, N. C.: From Boone it became necessary to cross the Blue Ridge into the Yadkin River bottom, in order to obtain supplies for men and horses. Here we were detained three days by freshet. From thence we struck for Christiansburgh. On the route I detached Col. Miller, with a portion of his brigade to Wytherville, and Maj. Wagner, with a portion or the Fifteenth Pennsylvania, Palmer's brigade, to Big Lick. These three points were struck almost simultaneously. Colonel Palmer attacked, and after some fighting, captured Wytherville, destroyed the depot of supplies at that point and also at Mair's Meadow. Maj. Wagner, after striking the railroad at Big Lick, pushed on toward Lynchburgh, destroying on his way the important bridges over the Big and Little Otter, and got to within four miles of Lynchburgh. With the main body, I effectually destroyed the road between New River and Big Lick, and then struck for Greenboro on the North Carolina Railroad. Arrived near Salem, N. C., I detailed Palmer's brigade to destroy the bridges between Danville and Greensboro, and between Greensboro and Yadkin River, and the large depots of supplies along the road. This duty was performed with considerable fighting, the capture of 400 prisoners, and to my entire satisfaction. With the other two brigades, (Brown's and Miller's,) and the artillery, under the command of Lieut. Reagan, we pushed for Salisbury, where we found about 3,000 troops, under the command of Maj.-Gen. W. M. Gardiner, and 14 pieces of artillery, under command of Col. (late Lieu. Gen.) Pemberton. The whole formed behind Grant's Creek, about ten miles and a half from Salisbury. As soon as a proper disposition could be made, I ordered a general charge upon the entire line, and the result was the capture of the whole fourteen pieces of artillery, 1,364 prisoners, including 55 officers. All the artillery and 1,164 prisoners are now with us. The remainder of the force was chased through and several miles beyond the town, but scattered and escaped into the woods.

We remained at Salisbury two days, during which time we destroyed 15 miles of track and the bridges toward Charlotte, and then moved to this point. From here we shall move to the south side of the Catawba River, and be in postion to operate toward Charloотte and Columbia, or upon the flank of an army moving south.

The following is a partial list of the public property captured north of Salisbury and destroyed by us:

Four large cotton factories and 7,000 bales of cotton; four large magazines, containing 10,000 stand of small arms and accoutrements; 1,000,000 rounds of small-arm ammunition, 1,600 rounds of fixed artillery ammunition and 7,000 pounds of powder, 35,000 bushels of corn, 50,000 bushels of wheat, 160,000 pounds of cured bacon, 100,000 suits of gray uniforms and clothing, 250,000 army blankets, 20,000 pounds of harness-leather, 10,000 pounds of saltpetre, also a very large amount of sugar, salt, rice and other stores, and medical supplies, valued by the rebel medical directors at $100,000 in gold. In addition to the arsenals at Salesbury, the military was being fitted up, and was filled with machinery sent from Raleigh and Richmond, all of which was destroyed.

The depots along the route traversed by our various parties have furnished us with abundance. The number of horses and mules captured and taken along the road I have no means of estimating. I can say, however, that we are much better mounted than when we left Knoxville. We have a surplus of led animals, and sufficient besides to haul off all our captives, mount a portion of the prisoners and about a thousand contrabands, and this after crossing Stone Mountains once, and the Blue Ridge three times, and a march made by headquarters, since the 20th of last month, of 500 miles, and much more by portions of the command. The rapidity of our movements, in almost every instance, caused our advanced guard to herald our approach, and make the surprise complete. Gen. Gillem, the immediate Commander of the division, who is entitled to a full share of whatever is due, will make the detailed report of the expedition.

The only casualties in my staff was Capt. Morrow, A. A. G., who, while gallantly assisting Maj. Keogh, my Aid-de-Camp, leading the Eleventh Kentucky Cavalry in the fright at Salisbury, was, on his twentieth birthday, severely but not dangerously wounded in the left knee. These two young officers, as also Maj. Bascom, A. A. G., my Chief of Staff; Capt. Chamberlain, my Chief Quartermaster, and Capt. Allen, A. A. G., I wish to bring to bring to your especial attention, and through you to the General-in-Chief.

(Signed) George Stoneman, Maj.-Gen.
G. H. THOMAS, Major-General.

UNOFFICIAL DISPATCHES.

Fortress Monroe, Sunday, April 16.

The steamer *Admiral Dupont* arrived here yesterday afternoon from Morehead City, N. C., and brought advices to a still later date from Gen. Sherman's forces.

Gen. Sherman, having left Goldsboro in his rear, at once struck out for Johnson's army, hoping to be able to force him to give battle. Johnson, however, kept retreating, and it appears that Sherman has met with very little resistance to his march north.

Raleigh was captured last Thursday, with but very little fighting, and that confined principally to the cavalry and a skirmish between the advance pickets of both forces.

The supplies for Gen. Sherman's army are all centered near Roanoke Island, and the vessels lying at anchor there are awaiting the orders of his Chief Commissary.

Newbern, Saturday, April 15—10 A. M.

The Superintendent of the railroad has arrived here from Goldsboro, and states that Gov. Vance was captured by our cavalry between Hillsboro and Raleigh on the 13th inst. The report states that he (Vance) had been sent to Sherman by Gen. Johnston, who was at Hillsboro, with instructions to surrender the State of North Carolina to Gen. Sherman, but that these instructions were afterward countermanded, and Vance was on his return to Johnston without having seen Sherman, when he was captured. He is now a prisoner of war, not having carried out his mission.

The report also states that Jeff. Davis and family had joined Johnston at Hillsboro, which is about thirty miles west of Raleigh. Whether Davis arrived at Hillsboro after Gov. Vance had been sent to Sherman, and caused Johnston's instructions to Vance to be set aside, does not appear.

The mail is about leaving, and there is no time for investigation.

Later.—Sherman's forces entered Raleigh a few days since, and is moving on beyond that place after Johnston, who continues to fall back without fighting.

CAPTURE OF SALISBURY.

Lenoir, Tenn., Sunday, April 16.

The expedition under Maj.-Gen. Stoneman, which left Knoxville, Tenn., on the 10th of March, struck the East Tennessee road on the 14th inst. at Wytheville, Christiansburgh and Salem, Va. Between these places, thirty-three bridges were burned, and twenty-five miles of track totally destroyed. Many prisoners were taken, and considerable quantities of corn and other stores destroyed.

On the 6th Gen. Stoneman moved via Jacksonville, Danbury and Macksville, arriving at Grant's Creek, three miles from Salisbury, N. C., the rebel line for the defence of the town, at 6 A. M. on the 12th inst. This line was defended by artillery and infantry, but was soon forced, and our troops entered Salisbury at 10 A. M., capturing 8 stands of colors, 19 pieces of artillery, 1,165 prisoners, 1,000 stand of arms and accoutrements, 1,000,000 rounds of small ammunition, (shells,) 60,000 pounds of powder, 75,000 complete suits of clothing, 35,000 army blankets, 20,000 pounds of bacon, 100,000 pounds of salt, 20,000 pounds of sugar, 27,000 pounds of rice, 10,000 pounds of saltpetre, 50,000 bushels of wheat; $100,000 worth of medical supplies, and 7,000 bales of cotton. Thirteen pieces of artillery were brought away, and all the other stores not needed for our immediate command, were destroyed. The greater part of these supplies had just been received from Raleigh. One large arsenal with the machinery complete, six depots, two engines and trains, several bridges between Greensboro and Danville, and also some on the other side of Salisbury, with several miles of railroad track, well destroyed. We lost very few in killed and wounded. Among the latter was Capt. R. Morrow, A. A. G. of Gen. Stoneman's staff.

From Fortress Monroe.

DISPOSITION OF REBEL PRISONERS.

Fortress Monroe, Sunday, April 16.

Yesterday afternoon the steamer *Dictator* arrived from the front, with about 150 paroled officers and men of Lee's army, en route to their homes, according to the terms granted by Gen. Grant, when Lee surrendered. A large number of these, including officers, were bound to Washington, D. C., intending thence to go to New-York, and from there to take passage to the extreme Southern States. All these men have been furnished with rations, to enable them to subsist on the route, and also with free transportation. The officers, with their side arms as well as the privates, were allowed the greatest liberty, moving in every direction at will over the point, without being questioned. Many and severe were the strictures passed by the numerous bystanders, as this evidence of the extreme leniency of our government was so palpably exhibited.

The Man Arrested in Baltimore—His Confession.

Baltimore, Md., Tuesday, April 18.

It is understood that the party alluded to as under arrest here states that the original design of the conspirators was merely to capture President Lincoln some time back, make him a prisoner and in this way compel a general release of all rebel prisoners then held by the United States.

When the general exchange of prisoners, however, commenced this project was abandoned by him and others as no longer necessary, and he says he refused to have anything further to do with it, and endeavored to induce others to give up their designs upon the life of the the President.

This is substantially a correct statement of what the prisoner has so far divulged. He is a well-known resident of Baltimore.

Transportation of the President's Remains.

Washington, Tuesday, April 18.

Gov. John Brough, of Ohio, and John W. Garrett, Esq., have, upon request of the War Department, consented to act as a committee to make arrangements for the transportation of the remains of the late President, Abraham Lincoln, from Washington to their final resting-place. They are authorized to arrange the time tables with the respective railroad companies, and to do and regulate all things for safe and appropriate transportation.

Meeting of the Washington Bar and Grand Jury.

Washington, Tuesday, April 18.

A meeting of the members of the Bar and the Grand Jury was held this afternoon. Among the resolutions passed was the following:

Resolved, That on this solemn occasion we renew our pledges of devotion to the cause of our country, to which the best energies of our martyred President were devoted during his eventful and trying administration, invoking the blessing of Almighty God.

THE ASSASSINATION.

The Last Marks of Respect to Our Late President.

Immense Throng to Visit the Remains.

PREPARATIONS FOR THE FUNERAL.

Arrest of the would-be Murderer of Mr. Seward.

Special Dispatches to the New-York Times.

Washington, Tuesday, April 18—10 P. M.

There arrived here this evening two committees from New-York, to be present at the obsequies to-morrow. One committee represents the great meeting in Wall-street of last Saturday, and is composed of Messrs. James Brown, Charles H. Russell, Moses Taylor, Moses H. Grinnell, W. E. Dodge, Samuel Sloan, J. J. Astor, W. M. Evarts, Edwards Pierrepont, F. B. Cutting and R. M. Blatchford. They called on the President this evening at the Treasury Department, and were presented by Secretary McCulloch. A very pleasant hour was spent by the committee, who all seemed well pleased with President Johnson. Subsequently the Union League Committee proceeded to the department and were also presented to the President. This committee consists of John Jay, Jonathan Sturges, Col. Frank E. Howe, John A. Weeks, Theodore Roosevelt, George Cabot Ward, James W. Beekman, C. E. Detmold, Samuel Wetmore, Charles Butler, Parker Handy and Otis D. Swan. This committee will represent the League at the funeral to-morrow, and will remain long enough to formally present their respects to the President.

A committee of the Common Council of New-York are expected here to-morrow morning.

TRIBUTE TO THE MEMORY OF MR. LINCOLN.

Many other distinguished civilians from New-York are here, among them Hon. W. A. Darling and Collector Draper. Among the most beautiful tributes to the memory of the late President is a beautiful floral design, forwarded by Col. Stetson, of New-York, through N. D. Sperry, Esq., Secretary of the National Union Committee. It is in the shape of an anchor, and composed of Japonicas and other exotics, most beautifully arranged. It has been placed on the centre of the President's coffin.

ARRANGEMENTS FOR THE FUNERAL.

The arrangements for the funeral to-morrow are being closed to-night by Secretary Harrington, who has been prominent and efficient in the matter. The services will take place in the great east room, and admission thereto will only be had by ticket, which will be issued only to members of Congress, Cabinet members, Ministers, prominent committees, &c., to a sufficient number to fill the room.

Rev. Dr. Gurley will officiate, assisted by several other clergymen of different denominations.

THE REMOVAL OF THE REMAINS.

It has been decided to-night that the remains will leave the city on Friday morning by way of Baltimore, and Harrisburgh, and Philadelphia, reaching Philadelphia in the afternoon, and lying in state over night at Independence Hall, thence to New-York on Saturday, remaining there over Sunday, proceeding on Monday by way of Albany to Buffalo, Cleveland and Chicago.

INTERVIEW WITH THE PRESIDENT.

The Illinois delegation, headed by Gov. Oglesby, called on the President this morning to exchange greetings. The several gentlemen were introduced, when the Governor addressed President Johnson in a brief but pertinent and feeling speech. The President replied in a speech of some length, the importance of which justifies the full report which has been sent forward. The interview was of an exceedingly pleasant character and very encouraging to the delegation and to the President.

THE KENTUCKIANS AND THE PRESIDENT.

At 7 o'clock, this evening, the Kentucky delegation, headed by Green Clay Smith, paid their respects to the President. Mr. Smith addressed Mr. Johnson, in behalf of the delegation and the Union men of Kentucky, assuring him of their cordial support. The President responded in happy and appropriate terms. The new President is rapidly growing in popular estimation.

ARREST OF THE SURRATT FAMILY.

As you were informed early this morning, the wretch who attempted the lives of the Seward family is now in the hands of the officers of the law, with such a conclusive record of both positive and circumstantial evidence against him, that he cannot possibly escape the punishment he so richly deserves.

Col. Wells, Provost-Marshal-General of this department, was yesterday pursuing investigation into the recent assassinations. He had decided to arrest Mrs. Surratt, who resides in this city, at No. 541 H-street, but subsequently decided to arrest the whole family, including her daughter Kate, two young ladies, whom she calls her nieces, and two colored servants. Col. H. S. Alcott, Special Commissioner of the War Department, was called upon for the requisite forces, and he detailed his deputy, R. C. Morgan, Esq., with Officers Sampson, Devoe, Mermerskirch and Rash of the New-York Detective force, who, with Major Smith, Assistant-Adjutant on Gen. Augur's staff, proceeded to the house at about 11 o'clock.

Major Smith proceeded up the steps alone, the house being a three-story brick, with high stoop, and rapped. A woman raised a window, and asked who is there? The reply was, "I'm an officer, let me in." The door was opened and the Major entered. Immediately afterward the rest of the party entered one by one, until all were in. The purpose of the visit was announced and the inmates seemed somewhat surprised; the daughter especially being frightened, but the mother took it as calmly as though she had been expecting it.

They were all assembled in the parlor, and not allowed to communicate with each other while the officers hunted up the bonnets, shawls and shoes of the ladies, preparatory to conveying them to Col. Ingraham's office. This took some little time, during which Miss Kate Surratt broke out into sobs, seeming deeply affected, while her mother chided her for such an exhibition of her feelings.

Just as the ladies were ready to proceed, Officer Devoe having brought up a carriage, a loud rap was heard at the door. Mr. Morgan stepped into the hall, followed by Maj. Smith and Officer Mermerskirch, who were each armed with a pistol. Morgan opened the door, a man stepped in and the door was at once locked by Morgan, who handed the key to Mermerskirch. The man seemed rather surprised, and said, "I guess I've made a mistake." When asked what he wanted, he said he was looking for Mrs. Surratt. He was assured that he had made no mistake, and told to sit down in the parlor.

The women being now ready to depart, they were at once put in the carriage, with Officer Devoe, who conducted them to the office of the Provost-Marshal, whence they were subsequently sent to the Old Capitol Prison.

The man who thus had entered the house bore evidence at once of having assumed a partial disguise. He had a heavy pickaxe on his shoulder, wore a cap made from the bottom part of the leg of a pair of drawers, which fitted closely to his head, and hung down behind, gray coat and vest, black or dark colored pants, a light pair of boots. Both boots and pants were completely covered with mud up to his knees. When he sat down he was asked by Morgan: "Who are you? What do you want here at this time of night?" He pulled out of his pocket a copy of the oath of allegiance, and said: "Stop, I will show you who I am," remarking that he got it in Baltimore last June. On examination it proved to be an oath of allegiance administered to Louis Paine, of Fauquier County, Va., dated Baltimore, March 14, 1865. He was further interrogated by Mr. Morgan as to his business at the house at that time of night with a pickaxe on his shoulder. He said he had come to dig a gutter for Mrs. Surratt, and wanted to know what time he should begin in the morning. He also stated that he was but 20 years old, that he had no money, that he obtained his living by working as a laborer with that pickaxe, to which he seemed to cling with peculiar tenacity. He stated he could neither read nor write, that he had been obliged to work on his father's farm in Fauquier County for a living for the last four years, and could not go to school; that he was down on the rebels, and much more of the same kind of stuff, which only convinced the officers that they were in the presence of a party connected with the murderous assault on Mr. Seward.

He was subsequently interrogated by Major Smith and Officers Sampson and Wermerskirch, to whom he made various replies, some of them conflicting with the stories he had told Morgan. When asked where he intended to sleep that night, he said he did not know, as he had no money, and the night before he had slept on the railroad track.

The man was then conducted to the carriage by Officer Sampson, who took him to Gen. Augur's office, where he underwent a search and another examination, when $25 in money was discovered on his person, also a pocket compass, with a comb and brush, and several minor articles. Here he told other stories as to his whereabouts for the last three days, and as to his means of support.

A close examination and scrutiny of his person revealed a man of good physique, about twenty-five years of age, six feet high, very good form, dark rich black hair, dyed, light complexion, and a refinement of person which gave the lie to his professions of hard labor. His dress was much soiled, from evident exposure, but was of very good material. Had he been really well dressed he would have presented the appearance of a stylish gentleman.

The colored servant, who admitted the murderer to Mr. Seward's on Friday night, was now sent for. The room was darkened when he came in, the gas was turned on, when the boy was told to pick out the man. As soon as his eyes fell on the prisoner, he threw up his hands and exclaimed, "There he is; I know him; I don't want to see him no more." The only impression produced upon the man by this development was an apparent nervousness, but otherwise he seemed to master his feelings completely.

Without further conversation, at about 4 o'clock A. M. he was heavily ironed and sent off to a safe spot, where he can never escape from his captor and where public violence cannot reach him.

While Mr. Morgan was interrogating Paine at the house, Major Smith and Officer Sampson were instituting a search of the dwelling, which was continued by Smith, Morgan and Mermevskirch after the departure of Officer Sampson with the prisoner. Much evidence was found, showing it to have been a regular treason-brewing nest. Letters were found containing expressions of diabolical hate toward the President, and in Miss Kate Surratt's portfolio Major Smith found an envelope addressed to J. Wilkes Booth, National Hotel. A card about half as large again as a playing card was found, which was certainly emblematical of the hate which Secessionists have fostered toward the President. On the top was this line: "*Thus will it ever be with tyrants.*" Their shield, in the colors of red, white and red, and the original thirteen States. This was surmounted with the small rebel flags, between which was the State coat of arms of Virginia, with the motto, "*Sic Semper Tyrannis.*" Beneath this, in large, red letters, "Virginia, the Mighty," and at the bottom of the card, in circular shape, another copy of Virginia's coat of arms and motto.

The house was found in a very disordered condition, the beds all unmade, the clothes piled on chairs, and everything in confusion, showing very plainly that the inmates had other business on hand than the usual business of housekeeping. Two colored servants, a man and a girl—the first of whom was found sleeping on the back parlor floor—were also apprehended and locked up.

Mrs. Surratt is a large-sized woman, about forty years of age, and of coarse expression. She was rather shabbily dressed. Her daughter was far more genteel in appearance and dress. Young Surratt, who has been in the city up to the assassination, has, it is believed, fled to Canada. He is being pursued.

THE EVIDENCE AGAINST PAINE CONCLUSIVE.

Later—10 P. M.—The evidence against Paine is now conclusive beyond a doubt. He was this afternoon confronted by Major Seward, Miss Fanny Seward, the nurse who was so severely wounded and another colored servant, who saw him, and they all promptly recognize him as the assassin. His clothing has been taken off and is undergoing examination. It will be remembered that the villain left a slouch hat behind at Mr. Seward's on Friday night, which explains the precise cap he wore.

AN ARREST IN PHILADELPHIA.

An arrest was also made in Philadelphia, this afternoon, by order of Col. Baker, of Jno. Celestina, the blockade-runner so well known here, against whom suspicion has been aroused.

THE ARREST OF SAM. ARNOLD.

I informed you last night of the arrest of Sam., the writer of the letter found in Booth's trunk, at the National, but the telegraph failed to get my last dispatch through in time. This man turns out to be one Sam. Arnold, who lived at Hookstown, near Baltimore. He is said to be quite penitent, and to have repudiated the business some time ago. It is also said the President received a letter, not long ago, from this same Sam., warning him against this plot.

OTHER ARRESTS.

Numerous arrests were made to-day of suspected secession families.

Edward Spangler, the carpenter, and Maddox, the property-man of Ford's Theatre, have been arrested on suspicion of being accomplices. Harry C. Ford was also arrested yesterday afternoon, and is held, but on what charge I do not know. He is a son of the proprietor of the theatre, and both he and his father have been highly regarded in this community.

The elder Ford returned to-day from Richmond where he had been to arrange for the opening of a theatre, having obtained his pass from the late President.

THE BODY LYING IN STATE.

No more suggestive sight was ever seen than that around the White House to-day. It was publicly known that the doors would not be opened till 10 o'clock this morning, but the crowd began to gather at the gates by 8:30, and by 9:30 the line, four and six persons deep, was nearly a quarter of a mile long. The arrangements at the house for entrance and exit were the same as usual on New-Year's reception days, viz., entrance at the main door, thence to the Green Room, thence to the East Room, and out at the window by the customary steps. It is scarcely an exaggeration to say that 25,000 persons passed through the rooms, and that half as many more, seeing the immense throng, left without trying to get in.

The approaches were guarded by a battalion of veteran reserves. The east room, in which the remains were laid, was tastefully decorated in mourning, the work being done under the supervision of Mr. John Alexander. The windows at either end of the room were draped with black barege, the frames of the mirrors between the windows, as well as those over the marble mantles, being heavily draped with the same material. The heavy gildings of the frames were thus entirely enshrouded, while the plates of the mirrors were covered with white crape. The chandeliers at the western and southern ends of the room were also draped with mourning—the central chandelier having been removed to make room for the catafalque. This was a very handsome affair—the dais or platform, on which the coffin rested, being raised some three feet from the floor, and being covered with evergreens and japonicas.

The corpse was in charge of several army and navy officers, among whom were Gen. Hitchcock and Gen. Eaton, and Lieut.-Commander Stone, of tee monitor *Montauk*.

But a limited number of persons were admitted to the house at a time, and these were required to pass through as rapidly as was consistent with decency and propriety. The expressions and appearance of the people, as they looked for the last time on the face of the honored dead, were conclusive, if further proof were needed, that the great majority regard the President's death as a personal and individual loss, as well as a national calamity. Hundreds addressed words of farewell to the cold and inanimate body; and thousands passed from the platform with weeping eyes. Every class, race and condition of society was represented in the throng of mourners, and the sad tears and farewells of whites and blacks were mingled by the coffin of him to whom humanity was everywhere the same. The most touching exhibitions of sorrow were made by many whose dress marked them as of the poorer classes of society. "He was the poor man's friend," was a very common remark.

The vast throng outside, as well as inside, was quiet, orderly and reverent, all day, though two to three hours was the average period of waiting for admission, and many persons waited even five and six hours. The clerks of each of the public departments were marshaled at 11 o'clock, under their respective heads of bureaus, and marched in grand and solemn procession into the White House and past the body in the east room.

Such intense anxiety was manifested to-day to see the loved face once more, and so many persons were unable to get an opportunity to do so, that it is proposed now to let the body lie in state during Thursday in the rotunda of the Capitol and not start westward with it before Friday. Preparations to this effect are making this evening, with the consent of Mrs. Lincoln and her frinds from Illinois.

The features of Mr. Lincoln retain their sweet, placid, natural expression, and the discoloration caused by the wound is so slight as not to amount to a disfigurement.

ORDER OF THE FUNERAL.

The order of the funeral ceremonies is as follows:

Reading a portion of the Scriptures, by Rev. Dr. Hall.

Opening prayer, by Bishop Simpson.

Funeral address, by Rev. Dr. Gurley.

Closing prayer, by Rev. Dr. Gray.

The corpse will be conveyed to the Capitol, where Dr. Gurley will repeat the service and pronounce the benediction.

SECRETARY M'CULLOCH TO HIS OFFICIALS.

Treasury Department,
Washington, April 18, 1865.

The Secretary of the Treasury, with profound sorrow, announces to the revenue marine the death of Abraham Lincoln, late President of the United States. He died in this city on the morning of the 15th inst., at twenty-two minutes past seven o'clock. The officers of the revenue marine will, as a manifestation of their respect for the exalted character and eminent public services of the illustrious dead, and of their sense of the calamity the country has sustained by this afflicting dispensation of Providence, wear crape on the left arm and upon the hilt of the sword for six months. It is further directed that funeral honors be paid on board all revenue vessels in commission, by firing thirty-six minute guns, commencing at meridian on the day after the receipt of this order, and by wearing their flags at half-mast.

HUGH McCULLOCH,
Secretary of the Treasury.

Secretary Seward is much better to-day, so is Frederick Seward, who is gradually gaining full consciousness. It is now confidently hoped and expected that the Secretary and Assistant Secretary will speedily recover.

Mourning in the State Department.

Department of State,
Washington, April 17, 1865.

It is hereby ordered that in honor to the memory of our late illustrious Chief Magistrate, all officers and others subject to the orders of the Secretary of State, wear crape upon the left arm for the period of six months.

W. HUNTER,
Acting Secretary of State.

The Supposed Assassin and the French Lady.

Washington, Tuesday, April 18.

It was stated in a former dispatch that the person arrested this morning as the party who attempted to take the life of the Secretary of State was supposed to be Surrat. But there is reason to believe that the desperado is no other than Thomas, the so-called French lady, who, it will be remembered, captured the steamer *St. Nicholas* in 1861, and was subsequently apprehended, tried, convicted, and sentenced to the penitentiary, from which by some means he was released. Nothing positive, however, is known on the subject.

Conspirators Endeavoring to Escape South.

Baltimore, Tuesday, April 18.

A gentleman who was at Point Lookout yesterday morning, was informed by an officer of one of our gunboats that Booth and the other conspirators, about thirty in number, were in St. Mary's County, heavily armed, and endeavoring to make their way across the Potomac, which was strongly picketed and no one allowed to pass.

He also stated that on Monday evening a small squad of our cavalry had a collision with them, and had been repulsed, but succeeded in capturing one of them.

In the meantime our cavalry were reinforced yesterday morning, and were understood to have them completely surrounded, and their escape was deemed impossible.

Programme of the Transportation of the President's Remains.

The programme for the transportation of President Lincoln's remains from Washington has been issued. The railroads over which the remains will pass are declared military roads, subject to the order of the War Department, and the railroads, locomotives, cars and engines engaged on said transportation will be subject to military control of Brig.-Gen. McCallum. No person will be allowed to be transported on the cars constituting the funeral train save those who are specially authorized by the orders of the War Department. The funeral train will not exceed nine cars, including baggage and hearse car, which will proceed over the whole route from Washington to Springfield.

The remains will leave Washington at 8 A. M. of Friday, the 21st, and arrive at Baltimore at 10.

Leave Baltimore at 3 P. M., and arrive at Harrisburgh at 8:20 P. M.

Leave Harrisburgh at 12 M., 22d, and arrive at Philadelphia at 6:30 P. M.

Leave Philadelphia at 4 A. M. of Monday, 24th and arrive at New-York at 10.

Leave New-York at 4 P. M. of the 25th, and arrive, at Albany at 11 P. M.

Leave Albany at 4 P. M. of Wednesday, the 26th, and arrive at Buffalo at 7 A. M. of Thursday, the 27th.

Leave Buffalo at 10:10 the same day, and arrive at Cleveland at 7 A. M. of Friday, the 28th.

Leave Cleveland at midnight same day, and arrive at Columbus at 7:30 A. M. of Saturday, 29th.

Leave Columbus 8 P. M. same day, and arrive at Indianapolis at 7 A. M. of Sunday, the 30th.

Leave Indianapolis midnight of same day, and arrive at Chicago at 11 A. M. of Monday, May 1.

Leave Chicago at 9:30 P. M. of May 2, and arrive at Springfield at 8 A. M. of Monday, May 3.

At the various points on the route the remains are to be taken from the hearse car by state or municipal authorities to receive public honors according to the foresaid programme, the authorities will make such arrangements as may be fitting and appropriate to the occasion, under the direction of the Military Commander of the division, department or district; but the remains will continue always under the special charge of the officers and escort assigned by the War Department.

The route from Columbus to Indianapolis is via Columbus and Indianapolis Central Railway, and from Indianapolis to Chicago via Lafayette and Michigan City. In order to guard against accidents, trains will not run faster than twenty miles per hour.

THE FEELING IN CANADA

Opinion of the Leading Canadian Journal—The Deep Regard and Affection Felt for the President—The Secessionists Carousing in Honor of the Assassin—A Plea for the Murderer—His Crime Justified.

From the Toronto Globe.

ABRAHAM LINCOLN.

At twenty-two minutes after seven o'clock, on Saturday morning, about nine hours after he had received the shot of the assassin, Abraham Lincoln drew his last breath, surrounded by the members of his family, his Cabinet, and leading political and personal friends. His death would, under any circumstances, have produced an extraordinary sensation, but accompanied by murderous violence, the feeling which has been created has been the most intense. No single event of the present century in America can at all compare with it in effect on the popular mind, and we think that in England the shock will be nearly as deeply felt. The grief which is expressed has two very distinct origins, the stronger of which seems to arise from personal sympathy and regard for the deceased. We hear in all quarters the strongest expressions of admiration of the character of Mr. Lincoln, and deep sorrow that his noble career should have been brought to an untimely end. His simplicity of character, his straightforward honesty, his kindliness, even his bluntness of manner, seem to have won the popular heart, even among a foreign, and, in matter of opinion, a hostile nation. We may judge by that fact of his popularity among the citizens of the Northern States. Almost all of us feel as if we had suffered a personal loss. Mr. Lincoln is spoken of in the same terms as are used toward a familiar friend. All mourn his untimely fate. He had risen by industry, ability and integrity to the great position of Chief Magistrate of his country. He found it in the most imminent danger, and his power to control the elements which were sweeping over the land were far from generally acknowledged. He was regarded with fear and trembling by the friends of his government, and with contempt by his opponents. But steadily he made his way. He was not the best man who could have been imagined for the post of Chief Magistrate in a great civil war. He had not the commanding force which infuses energy into all around him, and his public appearances were often lacking in dignity. But he was sagacious, patient, prudent, courageous, honest and candid. If he did not inspire great Generals, he gave every man in the army an opportunity of developing the talents within him. He recognized merit and rewarded it. He placed confidence, as a rule, where it was due, and he had his reward in great military successes. Some say that he has been cut off at a favorable moment for his reputation, but we cannot accept this view. It seems to us that he had gone through his worst trials, that his patience, sagacity and honesty would have borne even better fruits in the settlement of the affairs of the South than during the wild commotion of the war. He has been cut off at a time when, certainly, he had accomplished a great deal, but leaving much undone which he was well qualified to do. A naturally strong man, of only fifty-six, he might have hoped to live many years after finishing his work as President, in the enjoyment of the respect and admiration justly due to one who had saved the life of his country. He will be held, we think, by Americans, if not equal to Washington, second to none but he. But he had not the gratification of his great predecessor, of seeing his work completed and enjoying for a long period the gratitude of his countrymen and the admiration of strangers. There are few so hard of heart as to not shed a tear over the sudden and bloody termination of so bright a career. As great as Washington in many moral and mental qualities, his genial character was calculated to win far more popular sympathy than his predecessor. Ability and honesty all admire, but when to them are added kindliness, simplicity, and freedom from selfishness, haughtiness and pride in high position, they win love as well as respect.

THE MURDER JUSTIFIED.

From the Toronto Leader.

A man may, on the spur of the moment, be so maddened with rage as to strike another down to the earth; but if the accounts which come to us of this distressing affair are correct, the attack upon both Mr. Lincoln's and Mr. Seward's lives were concocted some time prior to the inauguration ceremony on the 4th of March, and only failed of accomplishment because one of the parties in the plot lost heart to carry out the scheme at that time. Would that he had never found it again! The act was not committed without due time for reflection as to its awful nature. For over a month the plan remained unacted upon in the bosom of its author, and time seems but to have added to the burning desire to carry it out. There must have been a strong feeling on the part of the person who committed the crime that a grievous wrong had been done, either to himself or to his country, by the President or the government he represented. Had a Southern man, during the four years of the war, taken the life of the President, there would be no difficulty in tracing it to a cause. We cannot so soon forget the numberless acts of wickedness committed in the South by the servants and emissaries of the Northern Government; the beautiful homesteads leveled to the ground with demoniacal fury; the fair women violated by a ribald soldiery; the brave men shot down in the coldest blood on the insane plea of retaliation—all this and much more is still fresh in our memories, and serve to remind us that if the assassination had been committed in the heat of the war by a Southern man, who had so much to drive him to desperation, a reason for his conduct could readily be found. In the present instance these considerations do not help us to discover the cause of the assassination. That the deed was committed by John Wilkes Booth, a brother of Edwin Booth, the celebrated actor of the present day, there seems to be little doubt. But why should he make himself the champion of the Southern people or the Southern cause? He must have been goaded almost to the verge of madness. No man of ordinary nerve or trivial impulse could have jumped into a private box at the theatre, as he did, calmly shoot down the object of his wrath, then spring on the stage uttering words which serve to give a clue to the act of assassination, and ultimately find his way through the theatre to a place of escape. The man who could have done all this, must have considered that his chances of escape were very few indeed, and that, if need were, he was ready to give up his own life for that which he had taken. There is desperation in such a thought—such a desperation as is caused by a deep consciousness of wrongdoing on the part of the persons against whom it is conceived.

The Feeling in Montreal.

Montreal, Tuesday, April 18.

The following proclamation has been issued by the Mayor of Montreal:

PROCLAMATION.

Whereas Wednesday next, the 19th of April inst., at noon, has been fixed upon for the funeral ceremonies of the Chief Magistrate of the United States, the undersigned, Mayor of the City of Montreal, respectfully invites the citizens generally to close their places of business from 12 o'clock noon on that day, as a tribute of respect to the memory of the late President of the United States, and of sympathy with the bereaved members of his family, and also as an expression of the deep sorrow and horror felt by the citizens of Montreal at the atrocious crime by which the President came to an untimely death.

(Signed) J. L. BEAUDRY, Mayor.

Arrival of Gen. Lee in Richmond.

The Richmond *Whig* of yesterday says:

Gen. R. E. Lee arrived in this city about 3 o'clock Saturday evening, attended by five members of his staff. He rode into the city over the pontoon bridge at the foot of Seventeenth-street, and thence up Main-street to his residence on Franklin-street, between Seventh and Eighth-streets.

THE DEATH OF THE PRESIDENT.

Proceedings, Resolutions, &c., of Bank Officers, Revenue Officers, and Public Societies.

ORDER FROM MAJ.-GEN. PECK.

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF THE EAST,
NEW YORK CITY, April 18, 1865.

By direction of the War Department there will be fired at 12 M., on Wednesday, April 19, being the day of the funeral of the late President of the United States, twenty-one minute guns, from all forts, posts and the Military Academy.

The flags at all military posts, stations, forts, buildings and vessels, will be kept at half-staff, and labor will also be suspended at all posts and public works during the day.

By command of Maj.-Gen. PECK.
D. T. VAN BUREN, Col. and Asst. Adjt.-Gen.
THOMAS LORD, Jr., Aid-de-Camp.

PROCLAMATION BY THE MAYOR.

MAYOR'S OFFICE, NEW-YORK, April 18, 1865.

In accordance with the proclamation of the Governor of the State, and the general consent of the people, I, C. GODFREY GUNTHER, Mayor of the City of New-York, do hereby respectfully recommend that Wednesday, the 19th day of April, inst., being the day designated for the funeral of the late lamented President of the United States, and Thursday, the 20th inst., the day appointed by the Governor, as a day of humiliation and prayer, in the place of joy and congratulation, be observed with the solemnity that the mournful occasion inspires, and that places of business, public and private, be closed throughout the city, and that on Thursday religious services be celebrated, appropriate to those feelings that now fill hearts with grief and anguish.

C. GODFREY GUNTHER, Mayor.

The Mayor has directed the First Marshal, Mr. MORTON to have the fire bells throughout the city tolled to-day for one hour, commencing at noon.

In case of fire occuring, the bells in the district where the same may occur will immediately cease to ring, and give the alarm in the usual manner, and if a general alarm shall become necessary, it must be communicated by telegraph.

The Mayor has also requested the Street Commissioner to have the flags displayed on the bell towers draped, and the towers placed in mourning.

COMMITTEE OF THE COMMON COUNCIL—THE BODY OF THE PRESIDENT TO PASS THROUGH THIS CITY.

The committee met yesterday, and appointed subcommittees to receive the body of the President at South Amboy, to make arrangements for the reception of the body here, and also to accompany the remains to Springfield. A committee go on to Washington to-night, to represent the Common Council at the obsequies which are to take place in that city.

Alderman JEREMIAH moved that the committee indorse the request of the Secretary of State, that funeral services be read in the churches here at the same time that the obsequies are being performed in Washington. The motion was adopted.

Shortly before the committee adjourned, the following telegram was received from the Secretary of the committee, who went on to Washington on Tuesday evening:

WASHINGTON, Tuesday, April 18, 1865.

John D. Ottiwell, Esq., Chairman, City Hall:

Mr. J. A. JONES, of the Department of State, a member of the Committee of Arrangements, informs me that the remains of the late President will positively pass through our city. They will reach New-York by Saturday next, remaining through two entire days, leaving here (Washington) probably on Thursday, remaining a short time in Baltimore, and an entire day in Philadelphia.

WM. HITCHMAN.

MAJ.-GEN. DURYEA'S ORDERS FOR THE SECOND DIVISION NATIONAL GUARD.

HEADQUARTERS SECOND DIVISION N. Y. S. N. G.,
BROOKLYN, April 17, 1865.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 6.—The death of the President of the United States by assassination has been announced. The funeral ceremonies will take place on the 19th inst., at Washington.

As a testimonial, in part, of the heartfelt, deep and abiding sorrow of this nation for its great loss, and of respect for the high office held by the deceased, and his distinguished personal worth; it is ordered:

1. That the National Flag be displayed at half-mast, at all arsenals and armories within the Division District, from this date, and until, and including the 20th inst.; and it is requested that such arsenals and armories be suitably draped in mourning.

2. Minute guns will be fired on Wednesday, the 19th inst., between 12 and 1 o'clock, at noon, in the City of Brooklyn, as shall be directed by special orders, and as far as may be, at the headquarters of each brigade not in this city. Requisitions for ammunition will be made on the Commissary-General.

3. The colors and guidons of each regiment will be shrouded with crape for six months.

4. All commissioned officers in the division will wear the usual badge of mourning on the left arm for six months.

By order of Maj.-Gen. H. B. DURYEA,
Commanding Second Division.
WM. IRVING STEELE, Division Inspector, A. A. G.

PROCLAMATION BY THE MAYOR OF BROOKLYN.

Acting Mayor WHITNEY issued the following proclamation:

MAYOR'S OFFICE, CITY HALL,
BROOKLYN, April 18, 1865.

In pursuance of the resolutions of the Board of Aldermen, I respectfully recommend to my fellow-citizens that on the occasion of the funeral of the late President of the United States, on Wednesday, April 19, as a mark of respect and honor to the memory of the illustrious and lamented dead, they suspend the prosecution of their ordinary business avocations, close their stores, and wear the usual badge of mourning. The public offices shall be closed until after the funeral obsequies shall have been had. The bells of the city will be tolled from 12 to 1 o'clock P. M., and minute guns will be fired during the period from the City Hall Park and Fort Greene.

D. D. WHITNEY, Acting Mayor.

PROCEEDINGS OF BANK OFFICERS.

At an adjourned meeting of bank officers, held yesterday, JOHN Q. JONES, Chairman, and WILLIAM A. CAMP, Secretary, the committee appointed on the 17th instant to draft resolutions expressive of the sense of the meeting on the late national bereavement, made the following report:

Whereas, The frenzied passions aroused by the leaders of the rebellion in their unhallowed conspiracy against the national life, have culminated in the most cruel barbarities, including piracy upon the high seas, the murder and starvation of defenceless prisoners, the burning of dwelling-places filled with helpless women and children, the destruction of the lives and property of noncombatants, and, finally, the dastardly assassination of our beloved Chief Magistrate, ABRAHAM LINCOLN, to whom the hearts of the people had become attached by the tenderest ties of an ardent patriotism; and,

Whereas, The life of the Secretary of State was also aimed at, and is placed in great jeopardy, members of his household having also been prostrated by the assassin while watching around the sick bed of that eminent statesman; therefore,

Resolved, That next to that of our immortal WASHINGTON the memory of ABRAHAM LINCOLN will forever remain enshrined in the hearts of the American People, for his private virtues, and for his excellent administration of public affairs, during the most critical period of our history.

Resolved, That the successful prosecution of the national struggle, against a foul rebellion, for the last four years, is due, in a great measure, to the wisdom, courage, singleness of purpose, exact truthfulness, and above all, abiding trust in God, which distinguished our beloved President, ABRAHAM LINCOLN, henceforth our martyr President.

Resolved, That while we mourn over the sad and irreparable loss which our country is called upon to deplore, we cannot but express, however imperfectly, a sense of gratitude to the Father of Mercies for the blessing he has bestowed on this land, and on the civilized world, in permitting his faithful servant, our revered President, to preside so long over the destinies of the American People.

Resolved, That the following example of our late illustrious President, who was of the People, and believed in them, and trusted them, we too will take courage and and press forward in the great work of regeneration, till the spirit of rebellion and anarchy shall be utterly extinguished from our land.

Resolved, That inasmuch as our government is the people's government, self government, we are now permitted to show to the world that no parricide can reach its heart, the wheels of national power and authority still move on, without a moment's intermission, although the servant or instrument of the people be suddenly and violently wrenched away. Events which might topple thrones, or cause revolutions, under other forms of government, only touch the hearts and move the sympathies of our people.

Resolved, That the expression of our heartfelt sympathies be communicated to the bereaved family of the late President, with the assurance that in this sad hour of their and the nation's affliction, we mourn with them as for the loss of a father.

Resolved, That our heartfelt sympathy with the Secretary of State and his family in their great affliction, be communicated to the distinguished Secretary, with the assurance of our earnest prayers for the speedy recovery of himself and the afflicted members of his household.

Resolved, That with unswerving faith in Almighty God, and the patriotism of the people, we have full confidence in the speedy subjugation of the rebellion; and that in the administration of ANDREW JOHNSON, whose past history exhibits unflinching patriotism and fidelity to the Union, as guarantees for his future successful management of public affairs, we hope to realize an era of good feeling that shall become memorable in history for the restoration of peace and fraternity among all the people throughout the land.

Resolved, That in the future, as in the past, the banking institutions of this city will continue their zealous support of the government in maintaining and defending the liberties and the unity of the nation.

John E. Williams, George S. Coe, James Gallatin, William H. Macy, Edward Haight, Committee.

Mr. JAMES GALLATIN then offered the following resolutions, which were unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That all business be suspended after 12 o'clock, at the several banking institutions throughout the city, on the day of the funeral of the late President, and that the insignia of mourning be kept on our buildings for the period of thirty days from and after that day.

Resolved, That a Committee of thirteen be appointed by the Chair to attend the funeral of our late President, and that, when the funeral cortege passes through the city, all the bank officers of the city attend in a body; which was unanimously carried.

The Chairman appointed the following gentlemen that committee:

JAMES GALLATIN, Chairman.
C. P. Leverich,
A. E. Silliman,
Stephen Knapp,
James Punnett,
P. M. Bryson,
George W. Duer,
C. H. Hunter,
J. E. Williams,
S. R. Comstock,
H. Blydenburgh,
P. C. Calhoun,
Henry A. Smythe.

Mr. GEORGE S. COE moved the adoption of the following resolution, which was carried:

Resolved, That this association deems this occasion appropriate to express their profound regret at the sad intelligence of the death of Hon. RICHARD COBDEN, of England, an enlightened statesman, and an ardent lover of human liberty, but especially and gratefully remembered by us as the constant friend and advocate of our country throughout all the vicissitudes of the civil war. We cordially unite in testifying our high admiration for his character, and shall hold his memory in grateful homage.

On motion of Mr. BERRY, it was unanimously resolved, that our thanks be presented to the committee for the able report just presented and adopted by the meeting.

It was then resolved that the exchange be made to-morrow at the Clearing House, at 9½ o'clock, A. M. The debit balances paid at 10, and the credit balances at 11½ o'clock, A. M.

The meeting then adjourned.

JOHN Q. JONES, Chairman.
WILLIAM A. CAMP, Secretary.

BANK OF THE COMMONWEALTH.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors of this bank held yesterday resolutions were adopted taking appropriate notice of the deplorable event which has just occurred, and resolving to drape the bank buildings in mourning, and abstain from all business on the day of the funeral.

ACTION OF THE UNITED STATES REVENUE INSPECTORS.

At a meeting of the Revenue Inspectors and others connected with the office of the United States Internal Revenue Agent, in this city, No. 78 Pine-street, Mr. A. N. LEWIS, Revenue Agent, presiding, the following resolutions were unanimously adopted:

Whereas, ABRAHAM LINCOLN, as President of the United States, commanded the love and respect of a mighty people. He had gathered the fragments of the glorious Union of States and fashioned them in the mold that was used aforetime. He was just about to present them permanently reunited to a rejoicing people, when in the twinkling of an eye his hand rested; his head, so long and so faithfully devoted to his country's service, ceased its labors; his heart, so full of love of his race, so warm with the spirit of true charity toward all mankind, throbbed no more; The nation cherishes his memory, stands sorrow-stricken beside his lifeless form, bewailing his untimely death and execrating the monstrous crime, without parallel in the world's history, which has deprived the country of its great, good and wise Chief Magistrate. Treason, which filled every house in the land with private grief, closed its infamous history by the atrocious deed, which has plunged a great people into the depths of affliction over the loss of an honored father. In the expression of our profound sorrow, be it

Resolved, That while the nation bows before the stern decree of Divine Providence, in removing its Chief Magistrate from his earthly labors, it will ever retain as one of the most precious treasures in the chambers of its memory the name of ABRAHAM LINCOLN.

Resolved, That because he was so wise, so just, so good, so faithful, we mourn his untimely death, and cherish his memory, while we shall endeavor to emulate his virtues.

Resolved, That, in the presence of this great calamity, it becomes the people of the nation to renew their vows of devotion to the union of the States, to pledge again their lives and all that they have and are to have to the maintenance of law, and the vindication of the doctrines of that government which forms the basis of our country's prosperity and glory; while we rejoice in a hope, now well grounded, that treason has run its course, has consummated all its dark and dreadful career, and that now, at last the angel of peace will spread her white wings over the land.

Resolved, That, as an outward expression of our sorrow for the death of our lamented President, ABRAHAM LINCOLN, we will wear a suitable badge of mourning for six months.

"IN MEMORIAM."

At a meeting of the officers of the Thirty-second Internal Revenue District, New-York, held at the office, No. 130 Broadway, on Tuesday, SHERIDAN SHOOK, Esq., Collector, in the chair, and RICHARD KERR, Secretary, a committee—consisting of Messrs. S. SHOOK, S. P. GILBERT, E. H. GOUGE, P. CLEVELAND, and R. KERR—was appointed, with discretionary power, to make all needful arrangements for participating in suitable honors to the late President in this city.

A Committee on the Resolutions, consisting of Messrs. P. Cleveland, D. H. Prentiss, G. W. Smith, E. H. Gouge and J. H. Costa, reported the following, which were adopted unanimously, and requested to be published in the TIMES, *Herald* and *Tribune*.

Like "lightning from a serene and cloudless horizon," has flashed upon us the awful vision of that "murder most foul, strange and unnatural," which is now bowing the great heart of the nation in the profoundest sorrow, and nerving it with sublime energy for the solemn duties which must follow this nightmare of grief and horror.

While those of all creeds and conditions are seeking expression for their abhorrence and detestation of the fiend in human shape who hath done this "deed of dreadful hate," and their reverence and affection for the character and memory of this great leader of the people, who

"Hath borne his faculties so meek, hath been
So clear in his great office, that his virtues
Will plead like angels trumpet tongued against
The deep damnation of his taking off,

We who are here met to do honor to the illustrious dead, may appropriately avail ourselves of the occasion to mingle our voices with the general lamentation, and to join in that muffled cry for justice which is ringing through the country, and echoing in the chambers of every loyal heart; therefore

Resolved, That we look upon the brutal assassination of President LINCOLN as a blow at the life of the nation, of which he was the honored head and chief, an emanation of that spirit which has marked the progress of that gigantic conspiracy against the government, of which this piece of ruthless butchery may be regarded as the culmination and climax—

"The most arch deed of piteous massacre
That ever yet this world was guilty of."

That this new baptism of blood and tears will, in the good providence of God, inspire the hearts and nerve the arms of a more than ever united and determined people for the overthrow of the monstrous treason which is indirectly answerable for this and other giant crimes against God and humanity;

That we have no words in which to express our indignation for that worse than cowardly assault, so miraculously thwarted, upon the life of that great man in his utter helplessness, whom the Empire State is proud to call her own, and whose relations to the President and Government rendered his life and services of incalculable value at this terrible juncture;

With the whole nation we "breathe freerer and deeper," at the cheering prospect of the recovery of the distinguished Secretary, as well as that of other members of his afflicted family, and will recognize the interposition of Providence in restoring him again to that high post which needs him so much and to which he brings qualities so exalted and an experience so valuable.

The people will never be forgetful of his sacrifices and sufferings.

That we find courage and strength in the conviction that the mantle of ABRAHAM LINCOLN has fallen upon shoulders not unworthy to wear it; that it is the duty of all good citizens, irrespective of creeds or parties, to extend all aid and encouragement, charity and support, to ANDREW JOHNSON, who, more by the will of Heaven than his own choice, assumes the awful and trying responsibilities of the Chief Magistracy of these United States at this critical period in our history.

We reverently invoke the blessing of God upon all his endeavors to reëstablish and preserve this blood-bought Union and restore permanent peace to our distracted country. "As his day, so his strength be."

That to the officers and men of the two great arms of the body politic, the army and navy, who have so gallantly and heroically led our nation through the wilderness of this fearful strife and floated it upon the heights of freedom and inevitable triumph, we owe a debt of gratitude and honor which defies all human estimate.

That our deep and sincere condolence is tendered to the cruelly bereaved family of the late President, and that, with all affection and sympathy, we commend them to the "Widow's God and Father of the Fatherless."

That in token of respect for the memory of the great and good man whose loss we deplore, we wear the usual badge of mourning for six months.

THE REPRESENTATIVE COMMITTEE OF THE CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.

The following gentlemen were appointed a committee yesterday to represent the Chamber of Commerce at the funeral of the President of the United States, and proceeded to Washington last evening for that purpose: Messrs. Geo. Opdyke, Henry A. Smythe, Elliott C. Cowden, R. H. M'Curdy, A. W. Bradford, Henry W. Blunt, William K. Strong, F. A. Conkling, Wm. M. Vermilye, William Barton, Chas. H. Marshall, Frederick S. Winston, Benjamin R. Winthrop.

The adjourned meeting of the Chamber, which was to be held to-day at 1 o'clock, has been postponed to Thursday, April 27, at the same hour.

TOBACCO EXCHANGE.

At a special meeting of the members of the New-York Tobacco Exchange, held at their rooms, Nos. 50 and 52 Pine-street, on Tuesday, the 18th inst., it was unanimously

Resolved, That we do express the heartfelt sympathy of this body at the great calamity which has befallen the nation in the death of ABRAHAM LINCOLN, President of the United States; and it was further resolved to close the Tobacco Exchange until Monday, the 24th inst.

R. H. ARKENBURGH, President.
GEORGE W. PALMER, Secretary.

The Petroleum Tobacco and Drug 'Change, held at the Merchants' Exchange and News Room, Nos. 50 and 52 Pine-street, have adjourned over from to-day until Friday, the 21st inst.

MEETING OF BRITISH RESIDENTS.

Pursuant to the call issued by Hon. Mr. ARCHIBALD, C. B., British Consul at this port, a meeting of British residents was held at 11 o'clock, yesterday morning, in the principal dining-room of the Astor House, for the purpose of uniting in a public expression of their sentiments on the assassination of the President, and also of their feelings of sympathy with the affliction caused by the national bereavement. About 500 gentlemen were present. The room was appropriately decorated with black rosettes and hangings, a tablet with the arms of the United States being placed at the end of the chamber.

Among the distinguished gentlemen present were Mr. Archibald, the British Counsel; Mr. Charles Kean, the eminent English tragedian; Mr. Jacob Barrow, Mr. Moir, Mr. Young, editor of the *Albion*; Chas. Mackay, the poet; Hercules E. Gillilan, John G. Dale, Robert Bage, Henry Eyre, President of St. George's Society; Mr. Robert Gordon, President of the St. Andrew's Society; John E. Body, Adam Norrie, Mr. Pierrepont Edwards, the Vice Consul; Mr. D. B. Routh, Mr. Ryder, Mr. Ashmore, Mr. Busk, Mr. Sellar, Mr. McArthur, Capt. Anderson, of the *China*; Mr. Charles Taylor, Mr. Callender, Mr. Edmiston, Mr. Dincker, Mr. Archibald Baxter, Mr. Robertson, Mr. Charles Franklin, Mr. George Barclay, Dr. Bealls and Capt. Parker Snow.

On motion of Mr. ROBERT GORDON, President of the St. Andrew's Society, Hon. Mr. ARCHBALD was chosen to preside, and Mr. ARTHUR KENDALL acted as Secretary.

Mr. ARCHBALD returned his thanks for the honor conferred on him. He expressed his earnest sympathy with the nation in its hour of deep affliction. He believed every civilized nation would be stricken with sorrow at the sad event.

The following resolution was then presented by Mr. RICHARD IRVING:

Whereas, A sudden and awful calamity has fallen upon this nation in the death, by the hand of an assassin, of its honored and highly-esteemed Chief Magistrate, President LINCOLN;

Resolved, That we participate in the universal feeling of grief and anguish caused by the atrocious and appalling crime which has deprived the nation of its revered Chief Magistrate at a most important and critical juncture of public affairs; and we desire, at the same time, to record the expression of our profound respect for the eminent private virtues and public character of the late President, as well as for the integrity of purpose and uprightness of intention with which he devoted himself to the promotion of the prosperity and welfare of the whole country, in whose service he has fallen an honored and ever-memorable victim.

Dr. BEALLS, Ex-President of the St. George's Society, seconded the resolution, which was then adopted.

The following was offered by Mr. WM. YOUNG, editor of the *Albion*:

Resolved, That we respectfully tender to the bereaved widow and family of the late Chief Magistrate the assurance of our heartfelt sympathy and condolence under this most afflictive dispensation of Divine Providence.

The resolution was seconded by Mr. HENRY EYRE, President of St. George's Society.

Mr. GILLILAN presented the following, which was seconded by Mr. J. G. DALE:

Resolved, That these resolutions be signed by the chairman and secretary on behalf of the meeting, and be forwarded to Her Majesty's Minister at Washington, with a request that he will communicate them in such a manner as he may think proper to the Government of the United States, and to the family of the deceased President.

The resolutions were unanimously adopted.

The Chairman announced that a telegram had just been received from Washington, conveying the intelligence that Mr. SEWARD and son were improving. [Enthusiastic applause.]

A vote of thanks to Mr. STANTON and to the Chairman of the meeting was then unanimously passed.

A suggestion was made that those present should wear badges of mourning for thirty days, which appeared to meet with approval.

The meeting then adjourned.

MEETING OF CALIFORNIA CITIZENS.

The citizens of the Pacific States and Territories met at the Metropolitan Hotel yesterday morning.

Hon. JOHN WHITE, of California, called the large assemblage to order, and on motion Hon. GEO. BARSTOW was called to the chair, and E. B. DORSEY, J. N. DAWLEY and JOHN WHITE, were chosen Secretaries.

On motion, a committee of twenty-six citizens of the Pacific States and Territories were appointed to repair to the City of Washington and attend the funeral obsequies of the late President.

The following resolutions were adopted:

Resolved, That in the death of ABRAHAM LINCOLN, the great and good Chief Magistrate of the republic, whose profound wisdom and enlighted statesmanship, sustained by an unwavering trust in the God of battles, has carried us through the great struggle for national life to a glorious triumph, we have lost a ruler of the noblest impulses, and a man who will be recognized in history as the representative of all that is best and brightest in our national character.

Resolved, That we will sustain ANDREW JOHNSON with deeper and firmer purpose, and strengthen and uphold him to the extent of our ability, in any policy directed to the extirpation of this wicked rebellion, with slavery and its barbarism, which we recognize as the foul cause of our calamity.

MEETING OF THE FRIENDLY SONS OF ST. PATRICK.

A large gathering of Irish citizens took place yesterday at Delmonico's, to give expression to their sentiments on the recent event, by which the nation has been deprived of its ruler.

On being called to order, RICHARD BELL, President of the Friendly Sons of St. Patrick, opened the proceedings by an allusion to the occasion of their meeting.

MEETING OF ACTORS.

The actors of this city held a meeting yesterday at the Metropolitan Hotel, JOHN G. GILBERT, Esq., of WALLACK'S, acting as chairman, when the following resolutions were adopted:

First—That in the death of ABRAHAM LINCOLN we not only mourn as citizens the loss of our revered Chief Magistrate, but also as professionals a patron and true friend of our calling and its professors.

Second—That to the bereaved family of the lamented dead we respectfully tender our sincere and heartfelt sympathies.

Third—That we recognize with horror and detestation the atrocious crime which has consigned the President of the United States to an untimely grave and clothed the nation in robes of mourning.

That our thanks are due to the managers of this city for having appropriately evinced their respect for the memory of the illustrious dead, by promptly closing their theatres.

That we take this opportunity of renewing our expressions of loyalty and devotion to the government under which we live.

That in view of the nation's bereavement, the members of the profession wear the usual badge of mourning for thirty days, for one who, in the language of the great master of the art,

"Hath borne his faculties so meek, hath been
So clear in his great office, that his virtue
Will plead like angels, trumpet-tongued, against
The deep damnation of his taking off."

JOHN SAVAGE, in rising to propose a preamble and resolutions, said it was unnecessary to enter into any details of the terrible calamity under which the nation suffered. The presence of so many members testified to the depth of feeling which existed on the sad and startling topic. He could not give expression to his own thoughts, and felt that his attempt to express the feeling of the Society was, however devotional, inadequate. Mr. SAVAGE offered a series of resolutions.

RICHARD O'GORMAN said: The sombre aspect of this City of New-York, draped, as it is, in the weeds of mourning, suggest to me how proper and fitting it is that this benevolent society should testify its sympathy with its general grief. The City of New-York, alas, is not unused to sorrow. For four long and bitter years of civil war, she has not ceased to bewail the death of her noble children, untimely slain. For four weary years, the tears of countless widows and orphans have not ceased to flow, as if to prepare us for this horrid catastrophe. We have been schooled how grief must be borne. But amidst all this public display of sorrow, my heart is most moved when I think of those whose woe is most silent, but more lasting. The lives and the deaths of public men are easily forgotten—the great tide of life ebbs and flows over their graves; but the memory of the father will through life be dear to the child, the grief of the widow will outlast all outward pageantry of sorrow, magnificent though it be, and will burst forth again and again, when these public signs of woe are removed and forgotten. Mr. President, I move that this society adopt the resolutions I hold in my hand.

The resolutions, which were appropriate and well conceived, were then adopted.

THE METROPOLITAN POLICE.

President ACTON has ordered that every person, of whatever degree, in the employ of the Board of Metropolitan Police Commissioners, shall wear crape on the arm for thirty days, and that every police station in the department shall be properly draped for a like period. Police headquarters has been ornately trimmed within and without. There are to be no police trials this week.

THE BOARD OF POLICE JUSTICES.

At a special meeting of the Board of Police Magistrates, Justices Connolly, Dowling, Dodge, Hogan, Ledwith, Mansfield and Shandley present, Michael Connolly, on taking the chair, stated the object of the meeting to be to express the sentiments of the board in relation to the great calamity which has befallen our nation in the death of our late President, ABRAHAM LINCOLN, by the hand of an assassin.

A committee was appointed to draft suitable resolutions expressive of the feelings of the board, who subsequently reported, and the resolutions were adopted.

NEW-YORK AMERICAN PROTESTANT ASSOCIATION

At a meeting of the Worthy Grand Lodge of the American Protestant Association resolutions, appropriate to this mournful occasion, were offered by Past Right Worthy Grand Master NATHAN NESBIT, and unanimously adopted.

CITIZENS OF THE ELEVENTH WARD.

The committee of citizens of the Eleventh Ward appointed to encourage enlistments, met on Monday evening and adopted a series of resolutions, expressing the sentiments of the committee on our recent deplorable loss, tending the sympathy to Mr. W. H. SEWARD and family, and according to President JOHNSON their most earnest sympathy and cordial support.

MEETING OF STUDENTS OF THE FREE ACADEMY.

The students of the Free Academy held a meeting yesterday, of which W. H. LANE was chosen President, and adopted resolutions expressing the opinion that, in the death of ABRAHAM LINCOLN, the nation has suffered an irreparable loss, and resolving that, as a mark of sorrow, the Academy building be draped in mourning, and the students wear a badge of mourning for thirty days.

The raising of the new flag on the liberty pole, which was to take place Thursday with appropriate ceremonies, is postponed to some future time.

CENTRAL AMERICAN TRANSIT COMPANY.

The interruption to business attendant on the national calamity will cause a postponement of the departure of the steamer *Golden Rule* for California until Saturday, April 22d, at noon.

FIRING OF HALF HOUR GUNS.

In accordance with the order of Gen. SANFORD, guns were fired every half hour yesterday, from sunrise to sunset, at Union-square, the junction of the Third and Fourth avenues, Washington-square and the City Hall Park. Company B, of the Twenty-second regiment, was detailed to the City Hall Park, and performed their duties in a soldier-like manner.

A REVOLUTIONARY HEARER.

Mr. DOWNING, the soldier of the Revolution, a smart old gentleman of a hundred and four, is, by invitation, to attend this morning the services at Dr. MCCLINTOCK's church, corner of Twenty-second-street and Fourth-avenue.

PRAYERS FOR SECRETARY SEWARD.

Impressive prayers were yesterday offered up at the Synagogue Bikur Cholim n Kadisha for the late President; also, for the health of Secretary SEWARD. The assembly, which was very large, manifested the greatest sorrow at the woe which has befallen the country.

ARRESTS FOR UTTERING DISLOYAL LANGUAGE.

The Metropolitan Police and the Police Justices have determined to close the lips of the loud-mouthed rebels in our midst, who at this hour of national mourning dare scoff at our grief, or express their joy in view of the death of our late President, and in pursuance of this determination they have arrested and committed every person, of whatever standing in society, who has been guilty of a disloyal utterance in public since the day on which the news of the assassination of the late President came over the wires. Generally these persons have been held to bail, and in the default sent to the Penitentiary for either three or six months, according to the enormity of their utterances.

Yesterday the "Count" CHEESBROUGH, an opulent resident of Stuyvesant-square, was taken before Justice DODGE by Officer RINN, and affidavit was made that the "Count" while in Mr. KERR's saloon, at No. 357 Fourth-avenue, made use of most disloyal utterances, expressing his joy in view of the national calamity, and sensibly annoying loyal patrons of the saloon. Justice DODGE required the "Count" to find $1,000 bail.

MARTIN BAKER, a German, having said that President LINCOLN ought to have been killed four years ago, was also required to give $1,000.

THOMAS J. ADAMS and WM. C. CARLEY, having expressed their joy over the death of the late President, were apprehended by Officers KING and LYONS, of the Tenth Ward, and by Justice SHANDLEY committed six months to the penitentiary.

SOLDIERS' AND SAILORS' LIBRARY COMMITTEE.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

Yesterday we forwarded to you a communication as follows:

"Will you permit us to say to the public, through the medium of your journal, that in consequence of the recent calamity which has fallen upon our country, the "Patriotic Entertainment" in aid of this commission, which was to have taken place at the Cooper Institute *on the 26th instant, is indefinitely postponed.* The solemn and extraordinary event of Friday last would seem to, and certainly does call for a suspension of rejoicing and merriment for a time.

Having a fervent respect for the memory of our late President and friend, we cheerfully withdraw our entertainment at this time, throwing ourselves upon the patriotic indulgence of our friends and the public." We very much regret that, by some misapprehension, the announcement appears in your journal this morning that the above entertainment will occur "to-morrow evening, 18th inst.," and we feel deeply grieved at being made to appear thus dead to every sense of what is appropriate and proper upon a day which will be invested with so much of solemnity and awe. We would beg of you to make this correction at once. Very respectfully, on behalf of the committee.

JOHN P. KETCHUM, Secretary, &c.

BROOKLYN.

OBSERVANCE IN BROOKLYN.

Minute guns were fired from Fort Greene yesterday afternoon and from the Navy-yard during the entire day.

All the public buildings, theatres, concert saloons and places of business are draped with the emblems of mourning. The city, in fact, presents a most sombre and mournful aspect.

LONG ISLAND COLLEGE HOSPITAL.

At a meeting of the students of the Long Island College Hospital, a series of resolutions were adopted, extending the sympathy of the meeting to the bereaved family of our deceased President, and resolving to wear appropriate badges of mourning for thirty days.

WILLIAMSBURGH.

THE PRESIDENT'S FUNERAL CEREMONIES.

A committee of two gentlemen from each ward in the district have been selected to represent the people at the President's funeral. The following gentlemen comprise the committee: J. M. Beard, R. Huntley, J. S. Burr, J. S. Tuttle, Wm. Wall, S. M. Meeker, A. Hobley, D. Maujer, J. M. Stearns, F. Fries, Ira Buckman, J. Murphy, John Miller, J. McDiarmid, S. W. Truslow.

The Loyal Leagues of Greenpoint and Williamsburgh have sent delegations to Washington. Last evening a large number of citizens met at Gross' Hall, Grand-street, to make arragements for the solemn occasion.

All the churches will be open to-day for divine service. Early this morning a solemn high mass will be offered at Sts. Peter and Paul's Church, (Father MALONE's,) in behalf of the nation.

The Fire Department have resolved to participate in the funeral ceremonies in a body.

All places of business will be closed at 10 A. M., and at 12 M. there will be a meeting of citizens at the South Ninth-street Church, where addresses will be delivered by Dr. Porter, Rev. Mr. Bacon, Rev. Mr. Pomeroy, and R. H. Huntley, Esq.

NEW-JERSEY.

GERMAN NATIONAL CLUB, OF HOBOKEN.

At a meeting of this club, resolutions were adopted expressing sympathy with the widow and family of our deceased President, and unbounded confidence in the administration of ANDREW JOHNSON.

BROOKLYN NEWS.

ATTEMPTED MURDER.—About 1 o'clock on Sunday morning, JOHN DOWNEY, an Irish laborer, attempted to take the life of Mr. MICHAEL HENRY, a tavern-keeper, by cutting his throat with a razor. HENRY was seated in the oyster saloon of A. & H. JACOBS, No. 1 York-street, when DOWNEY, who had just entered the soloon, rushed upon him and inflicted a gash on the left side of his neck four inches in length, severing one of the arteries. DOWNEY was immediately arrested. The cause of the outrage is supposed to have been HENRY's refusal on several occasions, to furnish DOWNEY with liquor. It is thought that HENRY's injuries will prove fatal.

ST. JOHN'S CHURCH—ELECTION OF WARDENS.—At the Easter Annual election for Church Wardens and Vestrymen of St. John's Church, Brooklyn, the following gentlemen were elected:

For Wardens.—Alfred Emanuel, Jas. B. Beers.

For Vestrymen.—C. L. Dennington, John W. Masury, E. H. Van Kluck, Otto Rotton, John J. Daries, Norman S. Bently, J. W. Dunnell, Wm. Nelson.

Deaths in United States General Hospital, Fort Monroe, Va., during the Week ending April 15.

Anderson Wood, Co. K, 109th U. S. Infantry.
Rudol Heiss, Co. K, 89th New-York.
Thomas D. Cleveland, Co. E, 58th Massachusetts.
Wm. H. Riley, Co. A, 151st New-York.
John Delaney, Co. I, 152d New-York.
John Monery, Co. I, 3d Pennsylvania Cav.
Charles L. Wyer, Co. C, 8th Maine.
Jesse Reed, Co. C, United States Infantry.
Cyrus B. Harrington, Co. C, 8th Connecticut.
Wm. Y. Bull, Co. A, 10th West Virginia.
Wm. Lucas, Co. B, 16th Missouri.
Henry Harrington, Co. G, 29th United States.
Martin Horner, Co. K, 43d United States.
Joseph Brennamer, unassigned, Indiana.
John Barnwell, Co. E, 26th Virginia.
John Gold, Co. G, 9th Maine.
John H. Palmer, Co. K, 10th Connecticut.
Henry Gillum, Co. I, 23d United States.
Anthony Broadway, Co. G, 107th United States.
Peter Snoden, Co. A, 37th United States.
Michael Heffern, Co. I, 1st Rhode Island Cavalry.
Francis N. Lewis, Co. A, 18th North Carolina.
James A. Turner, Co. B, 19th United States.
Geo. W. Keneda, Co. I, 112th New-York.
Andrew Pink, Co. I, 11th North Carolina.
Julius Lamon, Co. C, 118th New-York.
Wm. Perrin, Co. I, 158th New-York.
Samuel Sampson, 22d United States.
John Boydjun, Co. H, 199th Pennsylvania.
Unknown soldier.
Wm. Nichols, Co. K, 14th New-York.
Jordon Washington, Co. C, 45th United States.
John Haskins, Co. G, 36th United States.
Lewis Dudley, colored, unassigned.

Five hundred patients received this week, makes the whole number now in the hospital nearly 4,000.

A. S. B.

From Pensacola.

The United States steamer *Vanderbilt*, Capt. CHAS. W. PICKERING, from Pensacola, arrived yesterday, April 12.

List of Officers.—Lieut. Commander and Executive Officer, James M. Prichett; Acting Masters, Wm. Hedger, Louis L. Timerman; Acting Ensigns, Albert P. Samson, Elisha N. Snow, C. L. Dunderdale; Surgeon, James Wilson; Assistant Surgeons, L. M. Lyons, James E. Tolfree; Captain's Clerk, J. S. Stodder; Paymaster's Clerk, Herman Smith; Midshipman, W. R. Schuyler; Acting Master's Mates, T. B. Atchison, Ezra P. Pope, Jesse B. Strout; First Lieutenant Marines, W. B. Renney; Acting Chief Engineer, W. H. Golden; First Assistant Engineer, John Germaine; Second Assistant Engineer, Wm. Welles; Third Assistant Engineers, A. Williams, Martin Coleman, John Hyslop, J. O'Neil, Wm. Wright, Wm. H. Garrison; Boatswain, Jasper Coghlan; Carpenter, Theo. H. Bishop; Gunner, George H. Sirian.

LAW REPORTS.

Notes of Admiralty Decisions.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT.

Before Judge Betts.

EXCEPTIONS TO COMMISSIONER'S REPORT.

The Hoboken Land and Improvement Company vs. The Lighter Sunswick.—This case came up on exceptions to a commissioner's report. The libel was filed to recover damages for the breach of a contract for the carriage of a quantity of iron. The commissioner reported the damages at $565 64, and $105 58 interest, making in all $671 28, and designated the items of the damage.

The claimants excepted to every particle of allowance made in the report, without any discrimination or designation of special cause as to particular items.

Held by the Court—That the exceptants have departed entirely from the case made by the pleadings, and attempted to displace and reverse the original decree in favor of the libelants. That it is not subject to review by this indirect method, but can only be reached by an appeal or the allowance of a new trial in this court. The proceedings by exception are irregular and void, and the report must be confirmed with costs.

For libelants, Mr. Morton; for claimant, Mr. Sanxay.

COLLISION—INEVITABLE ACCIDENT—ICE.

The Keyport and Middletown Point Steamboat Company vs. The Schooner Mary Capen.—This was a libel for a collision. The libel alleged that the steamboat *Chingarora*, of New-Jersey, arrived in this port from New-Jersey Nov. 29, 1860, and was properly made fast in a proper place along the north side of the wharf at the foot of Vestry-street, in the North River; that the schooner came to the stern of the steamer with a large lighter lying diagonally across her deck, and made her lines fast to the dock at right angles to the steamer's stern, and while lying in this exposed position floating ice came down the river and parted her lines, and the lighter was forced against the side of the steamboat, injuring her to the amount of about $170, and that the collision was caused by carelessness of the schooner. The answer, which was filed two years and nine months after the libel, took issue on the allegations of a wrongful collision, and alleged that the accident was caused by stress of weather and the floating ice.

Held by the Court.—That the mode of stating the case in the pleadings is inartificial and obscure. That the slight evidence given the Court does not mark the case as one of any strong blamable character.

That the case seems to be that the schooner sought shelter within this slip during a period of severe wind from the northwest, and when large bodies of ice were afloat and pressed by the wind and tide into the slips on the easterly side of the river; that the schooner took her berth inside of the same slip where the steamer was moored and was fastened by lines to the wharf outside of the position of the steamer, but within the outside of the pier; that her fastenings were cut by the ice, whose pressure drove her further into the slip and caused her or a lighter, or derrick between her and the steamer, to be pressed against the steamer.

That as to the charge of the schooner's being insufficiently fastened when she resorted to the slip the opinions of the witnesses are in conflict and the Court is not satisfied that the libelant should prevail on this point.

That in all other respects the implication of the schooner in the occurrance was purely a matter of inevitable accident owing to natural causes; the wind, tide and ice.

Libel dismissed with costs.

For libelant, Mr. Haskett; for claimant, Messrs. Beebe, Dean and Donohue.

SALVAGE—VESSEL ADRIFT IN HARBOR.

Adrian Stilwell et al vs. The Canal-boat Major Anderson.—This was an action brought to recover salvage. The canal-boat, in January, 1864, had been made fast to another vessel in the port of New-York, and during the night-time was cut adrift by ice running in force in the bay, and was carried by an ebb tide from her moorings toward the sea, without any person on board. Being discovered in that condition by the libelants, they went out to her in a small boat, took possession of her, and made her secure. Her owners having demanded possession of her, it was given up to them, but the libelants thereafter filed this libel, which the claimants resisted on the merits, and also on the ground that the subject was not within the jurisdiction of the Admiralty.

Held by the Court—That the facts constitute a case legally coming within the cognizance of the Court.

That salvage law as recognized and administered in this court has always been understood to comprehend all cases of property taken possession of on navigable waters at sea, and there rescued from peril or helped by necessary aid and assistance contributed voluntarily by persons not bound to give it.

That the proofs do not constitute a case for excessive compensation, but as the vessel was floating out to sea in the ice without any one on board, and was thus exposed to dangerous hazard of destruction or serious damage, and opportune and valuable assistance was afforded to her by the libelants, they are entitled to salvage compensation.

That the delivery of possession to the claimant does not import a relinquishment of the lien on the boat given by law to the libelants for the salvage services rendered by them.

Decree that the libelants recover a salvage compensation for the services, and that it be referred to the clerk to ascertain and report the value thereof.

For libelant, Mr. Haskett; for claimant, Mr. Sanxay.

BILL OF LADING—GOODS NOT ON BOARD—FRAUD.

Francis T. Monteil et al. vs. *The Schooner William H. Rutan and Charles C. Rose, her Master.*—The libel in this case was filed to recover damages for the non-performance of a bill of lading. The bill of lading was executed by Rose, the Master of the vessel, at Alexandria, Va., on Sept. 30, 1857, by which he acknowledged the shipment on the vessel by Charles Howard, Jr., of 3,000 bushels of wheat and 1,000 bushels of corn, and which was to be delivered at New-York to the shipper or his assigns. The libelants alleged that they advanced on this bill of lading the sum of $4,200, and it was assigned to them, and that on the arrival of the vessel at New-York they demanded the wheat and corn, but the vessel failed to deliver more than one hundred and fifty bushels of wheat and 1,000 bushels of corn, and they demanded judgment for the value of the cargo not delivered, against the vessel and the master, whom they alleged to be one of the owners thereof. Process was issued against the vessel and also against Rose, with a clause of foreign attachment against his property, under which the vessel was seized, and personal service was made upon Rose. Rose never appeared in the action. But William Sprague and others "intervening for their interest in the schooner," appeared and defended the action, denying that the master was part owner, and setting up that the bill of lading was false and fraudulent, that the wheat mentioned in it was never shipped on board her, except 150 bushels which was duly delivered. And they proved on the trial the correctness of their allegation as to the bill of lading.

The libelants claimed on the trial that the master as part owner was in law the copartner of the other owners in this affreightment contract, and that they and the vessel were accordingly liable to them on it.

Held by the Court—That there is no allegation in the pleadings that the claimants' interest was that of a joint ownership in the vessel and her business; nor is the action brought against them individually, nor is any charge made against them of a common liability under the bill of lading.

That the state of the pleadings, accordingly, does not authorize the description of relief sought for.

That the law does not stamp upon a common ownership of vessels the character of a common law partnership. Individual part owners have no power because of such connection with other owners, to bind their fellows, aside of and beyond the necessary and regular uses of the vessels themselves. They do not acquire with their interest in that class of property an agency over it to implicate the responsibility of their coöwners, in relation to matters extra the necessary preservation of the property itself. (Story on Ag., 42; Story on Part., 650; Flanders on Ship., 378; Parsons on Mar. Law, 334; 3 Kent, 151; Abbott on Ship., 137.)

That a cardinal restriction which applies to this case is that a master cannot subject a ship *in rem*, much less his coöwners, to a responsibility for safe carriage or delivery of cargo not actually laden on board of it for transportation in the lawful employment of the vessel. This principle is too firmly rooted in the doctrines of commercial jurisprudence to be now subject to question in this country or in England. (The schooner Freeman, 18 How. R., 182; Vandewater *vs.* Mills, 19 How., 82; Story on Ag., section 456; Grant *vs.* Norway, 2 Eng. L. and Eq. Rep., 333; Coleman *vs.* Riches, 29 Ib., 323.)

That as the libelants prove, by the testimony of the Master himself, that he executed the bill of lading with knowledge that the wheat was not on board at the time, the bill of lading was nugatory and fraudulent, as to the vessel and all her coöwners, except the Master himself.

That on the evidence, the Master was interested in the vessel.

That the interest of the claimants in the vessel is not so disclosed by the pleadings as to be affected by the result of the prosecution.

That the decree can act on the vessel itself, in no way beyond the clear ownership of the Master, and within the allegations of the libel of proofs.

That the libelants are entitled to a decree against the master for their damages by reason of the breach of the bill of lading executed by him.

Ordered, therefore, that they recover that amount against him, and that it be referred to a commissioner to ascertain the amount; that the commissioner report also the value of the vessel and the time she was arrested in this suit, or the amount for which she was bonded and the value of the master's interest in her, and that, on the coming in of the report, the libelants have leave to claim the appropriation toward the damages of the value of such individual interest of the master in the vessel as may be decreed to be vested in him and legally allowable toward the satisfaction of the damages.

For libelants, Messrs. Beebe, Dean and Donohue. For claimants, Messrs Benedict, Burr and Benedict.

EXCEPTIONS TO REPORT—DAMAGES ON COLLISION.

Henry H. Dodge et al. vs. *The Steamer Illinois.*—This case came up on exceptions to a commissioner's report. The action was brought by the owners of the schooner *Statesman* to recover damages occasioned by a collision with the *Illinois*. The Court gave a decree for the libelants, and on the reference to ascertain the damages, the commissioner made his report for $4,067 26, to which the claimants excepted. They claimed that, as the vessel was 18 years of age at the time of the collision, her owners were not, in presumption of law, entitled to recover more than two-thirds of the amount expended for repairs, in conformity with the usages in insurance cases. They also claimed that the damages allowed were excessive.

Held by the Court—That the remedy in insurance cases rests on stipulations between the parties, and does not apply to tortious collisions, where the suffering party is to be restored *in integrum* at the cost of the wrong doer.

That the libelant is entitled to be compensated to the full extent of his actual loss.

That the exceptions do not particularize the items improperly allowed by the commissioner or point out clearly to the Court the items in which they claim to have been prejudiced.

Exceptions overruled.

MOTION TO AWARD LIBEL.

William E. Darrell et al vs. The Brig Alice Gray.—This case came up for a motion to amend the libel, by statements increasing the amounts claimed in the action, which was brought to recover damages for alleged breach of a charter party. The claimants objected to the amendments, urging that their effect might be to expose the sureties for the vessel to a greater responsibility than they originally assumed.

Held by the Court.—That such increase is only conjectural as yet. The general rule is that the precise limitations of the obligations of suretyship are not disturbed by collateral arrangements, voluntary or involuntary, between the principals without the assent of the sureties.

Motion granted.

EXCEPTIONS TO LIBEL—TRIANGULAR SUIT—COLLISION.

John Gordon et al. vs. The Propeller Mary Jane Vaughan and the Steamboat Telegraph.—This case came up on exceptions to the libel. The libel was filed by the owners of the canal-boat *Sherman* to recover damages for her being sunk by a collision in the North River, on the night of Oct. 20, 1864. The libel alleged that the canal-boat, laden with a cargo of barley, was being towed from Albany to New-York by the propeller, and that she was, while being so towed, run into by the *Telegraph* and sunk, and that the accident was occasioned by want of skill, negligence and improper conduct on the part of the two steamboats.

Both steamboats appeared in the action and excepted to the libel for insufficiency, claiming that under the 23d Admiralty Rule of the Supreme Court the libellants were bound to detail minutely the movements of the two vessels and of the canal-boat, and indicate the misconduct or wrongful omission in the navigation of the vessels concerned in the collision which caused the loss complained of.

Held by the Court—That the 23d rule of the Supreme Court does not apply to cases circumstanced as this is. The libelants were not concurrent actors in the subject matter of the navigation in question. They were passive parties, and on the case presented by the libel, were entitled to immunity alike from each propeller, without regard to the relative blamableness, as between themselves, of the two vessels. The pleadings disclose no voluntary act of aggression or movement on the part of the canal-boat, which requires justification or excuse from her.

That the averments of the libel, if proved, constitute a clear case of action on the part of the libelants, and require no further amplification of the pleadings from them. Defensive or explanatory allegations must come from the acting parties, showing wherein the loss incurred through their apparently common tort should be borne in greater or less degree by one or the other of the tort feasors.

Exceptions overruled.

CHARTER PARTY—PAYABLE IN GOLD—WAIVER—POWER OF CONSIGNEE.

Joseph Eneas vs. Samuel Schiffer et al.—The libel in this case was filed to recover the amount due on a charter of the schooner *Wm. Smith.* The vessel was chartered to the respondents on March 12, 1863, for a voyage from New-York to Matamoras and back, for which they agreed to pay $3,000 in specie dollars on discharge of the outward cargo in Matamoras, and $3,000 in current funds on discharge of the homeward cargo in New-York. And the libelants alleged that the vessel had performed the voyage under the charter, and claimed to recover the value of the specie payment at Matamoras and the amount due in New-York, making $9,000 in all.

The answer denied the performance of the voyage by the vessel, and alleged that nothing was therefore due on the charter.

The evidence showed that there was indorsed on the charter an agreement signed by the libelant that if Matamoras should be blockaded, the respondents might "have the privilege of a second safe Mexican port in the Gulf of Mexico or the West India Islands," they paying all additional port charges, and the time used in making the change of port to be counted as lay days. The respondents sent out on board the vessel a supercargo to act in case Matamoras was blockaded. The vessel went out and found the port not blockaded, and G. W. Schiffer, the respondent's agent at Matamoras, certified that the vessel arrived at Matamoras April 28, 1863. But on her arrival there, the market being very unfavorable, the consignee of the cargo, with the supercargo, deemed it advisable not to have the cargo landed at Matamoras, and on their request the master agreed to carry it to New-Orleans. This was done, and the cargo was there landed and sold, and the proceeds transmitted to the respondents. This proceeding was claimed by the respondents to be unauthorized by them, but they gave no proof of any dissent or repudiation of it on their part.

Held by the Court—That as there was no blockade of Matamoras, the agreement indorsed on the charter gave no authority to go to another port.

That no other change of voyage could be enforced without full assent of both parties thereto, as it would be to place the cargo and adventure of the freighter subject to hazards outside of those expressly specified in the contract of affreightment.

That the libelant is not entitled to recover the charter money, because he did not complete the voyage according to the terms of the articles of shipment.

But it appears that the claimants, after they had notice of the alteration of the voyage at Matamoras, and the destination of the vessel to New-York, by way of New-Orleans, and her reception and entry at New-Orleans, through the assent and intermission of persons assuming to act in behalf of the claimants, without any disavowal by the claimants of their acts or authority in countenancing the change of the voyage of the vessel, they must be held in equity to have acquiesced in that change.

It is tantamount to a consent by the shippers that, because of the unfavorable state of the market, the ship may be excused from unlading the outward cargo, and may be permitted to retransport it to its home port or New-Orleans, receiving the stipulated compensation of $6,000 for the round voyage, but losing the premium on the $3,000 specie payable on delivery of the outward cargo, because he failed to discharge it as provided in the charter party.

Decree for the libelant for $6,260 15, with costs.

MONETARY AFFAIRS.

Sales at the Stock Exchange—April 18, 1865.

OPEN BOARD—1½ P. M.

$30,000	O. & M. Cer....	26	400	Clevе. & Pitts...s5	70¾
100	N. Y. Cen..........	94⅞	200	do..........	70⅝
100	do..........	94⅝	1100	do..........	70
100	do..........	94½	600	do..........	69⅞
100	do..........	94	100	do..........	69⅝
200	Erie Railway...s3	72⅞	100	Chic. & N. W....	28
1300	do..........	72¾	500	do..........	27⅞
200	do..........c	72¼	600	do..........	27¼
100	do..........s5	72⅞	100	do..........b3	27⅞
200	do..........c	72⅜	100	do..........s5	27
400	do..........	72⅞	400	do..........	27
100	Hudson R. R.....	107⅝	100	do..........	26⅞
100	do..........c	107⅝	100	do..........	26⅞
600	do..........	107¼	400	do..........	26⅝
200	do..........	107	300	do..........	26
500	Reading R......s3	102	400	Clev. & Tol.......	100
200	do..........	102⅝	200	Chi. & N. W. Pr...	58⅛
1400	do..........	102	100	do..........	58
200	do..........	101⅞	200	do..........	57⅝
700	do..........	101¾	300	do..........	57¼
1400	do..........	101⅜	800	do..........	57
400	do..........	101⅛	100	do..........	56¾
2200	do..........	101	500	do..........	56⅛
100	Mich. Cen. R.....	108	100	P., F. W. & C....x-d	94
300	do..........s3	108	300	do..........s3	93⅝
100	M. S. & N. I.....s3	60¾	100	do..........	93¼
100	do..........	60¾	100	do..........	93⅛
400	do..........s3	61	100	do..........	93¾
100	do..........s3	60⅞	50	Quick. M. Co.....	62
100	do..........	61	200	do..........	61⅝
100	do..........s10	60¾	100	do..........s3	61¼
100	Ill. Cen. R........	109⅜	100	do..........	61¼
400	do..........	109¼	200	Cary Improv't....	12
200	do..........s30	107	200	Mar. Min. Co.....	12⅝
200	Cum. Coal........	43	100	do..........	12¼

TUESDAY, April 18—P. M.

This was another broken day on the Stock Exchange. Only one, and that an informal, meeting was held in the Board Room, and on the adjournment it was determined not to meet again *until Friday morning*. The offices of the Brokers will be closed on Wednesday and Thursday, and no deliveries of Stocks made on contracts which would otherwise have fallen due on either day. The Open Board of Brokers on Broad-street adopted the same course, and so did the Gold Room.

The course of the market this forenoon on the business transacted was downward 2 ℘ cent. on Gold, and from 1 to 2 ℘ cent. on most of the active Railways and Miscellaneous Shares, while Government Stocks were ½@1 ℘ cent. higher on 6s of 1881, and ½@¾ ℘ cent. higher on 10-40 years' 5 ℘ cents. The 5-20s were steady at 106¾@107 ℘ cent., on a considerable business done at the Board and on Wall-street. The inconsiderable parcels of 5-20s received from the other side by the several steamers since Saturday have found a ready market at these figures, if not previously sold "to arrive," which is more than probable. The few foreign and other Brokers, who have been bearing the market for two or three weeks past, on the expected influence of the return of these Bonds from Europe, have, of course, been disappointed, not alone in the comparatively small sums received or advised as on the way, but at the entire indifference of our market to this movement. Their experience in New-York of the last year or two should have taught them better than to suppose that five, ten or twenty millions of United States Stock would very seriously alarm the Street—the highest sum being scarcely equal to a fortnight's demand for 5-20s, or a week's subscriptions to 7-30s.

The price of Gold went down to 146½@¾ ₩ cent. to-day, although there was a fair demand to settle for Customs and to pay for Exchange on Europe for Wednesday's steamer. Bills on London were rather firm, at 109@109½ ₩ cent. for Gold. Money is exceedingly easy on temporary loan, and the price from 5 to 6 ₩ cent. to the leading Brokers.

At 2 o'clock the Railway prices marked on the Street were equal to an additional decline of 1@2 ₩ cent., making the reaction against the market since Monday from 2 to 4 ₩ cent.:

N. Y. Central	93¾	Illinois Central	109¾
Erie	72¾	Pittsburgh	69⅞
Hudson	106⅜	Rock Island	94¾
Reading	101⅜	N. West	26⅜
Mich. Central	108¾	Preferred	57
Mich. Southern	61	Fort Wayne	93⅝
Cumberland	43	Mariposa	12¾

The Government Funds were:

U. S. 6s, 1881	109¾	10-40s	93⅝
5-20s	106⅞	T. Certificates	99¾

The subscriptions to the 7-30s through Mr. COOKE yesterday amounted to $2,652,700.

The week's exports of Domestic Produce and Miscellaneous Goods have been to the value of $2,114,312, against $3,669,907 the corresponding week of last year.

The Subscriptions and Sales of 7-30s at the First National Bank, to-day, reached $300,000, and at the Ninth National Bank, $150,000.

BANKING AND FINANCIAL.

HOWES & MACY,

(Formerly Officers of the Park Bank,)

BANKERS, 30 Wall St. N. Y.

FOUR PER CENT. INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS.

Perſons Opening Accounts may Depoſit and Draw as they pleaſe, the ſame as with the City Banks, and will be allowed Intereſt on their daily balance at four per cent.

Collections made upon any part of the United States or Canada.

Orders for the Purchaſe or Sale of the various iſſues of Government and other Stocks, Bonds, and Gold, promptly executed for the uſual commiſſion.

H. J. MESSENGER,
BANKER,
No. 139 Broadway.
7-30 LOAN AGENCY.

Four Per Cent. Interest allowed on Deposits, subject to check at sight.

HENRY CLEWS & CO.,
Successors to
LIVERMORE, CLEWS & CO.,
BANKERS,
NO. 32 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK,
GOVERNMENT AGENTS
FOR THE SALE OF THE
U. S. "7 3-10 LOAN."

Commission allowed Bankers, Brokers, Insurance Companies and all parties purchasing for resale.

All denominations on hand ready for immediate delivery.

All kinds of United States securities bought and sold.

GENERAL MARKETS.

NEW-YORK, Tuesday, April 18, 1865.

Receipts of Produce since our last, 8 pkgs Ashes, 15,587 bbls. Flour, 163 bbls. and 1,270 bags Corn Meal, 3,062 bushels Corn, 280 bushels Rye, 714 bushels Oats, 1,511 pkgs. Provisions, and 187 bbls. Whisky.

ASHES—Continue quiet at $8 for Pots and $9@$9 25 for Pearls, ₩ 100 lbs.

COFFEE—Continues inactive at our revised quotations. Gold prices for Java, 22c.@23c.; Rio 18c.@21c.; Laguayra and Maracaibo, 18½c.@21c.; and St. Domingo, 18c.@18½c., ₩ lb. Stock of all kinds, to-day, 140,858 bags and mats.

COTTON—Is in limited demand at steady prices. Middlings, 32c.@36c. ₩ lb.

FLOUR AND MEAL—State and Western Flour has been in limited demand at a partial reduction of 10c. ₩ bbl. Sales since our last amount to 5,100 bbls., including very inferior to choice Superfine State and Western, at $7@$7 50; poor to choice Extra State at $7 60@$8 10, chiefly at $7 65@$7 80; round-hoop Extra Ohio, inferior to good shipping brands, at $8 20@$8 40 ₩ bbl.

Superfine State and Western	$7 00	@$7 50
Extra State	7 60	@ 8 10
Extra Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, &c.	7 75	@ 9 75
Extra Ohio, round-hoop, shp'g brands	8 20	@ 8 40
Extra Ohio, trade and family brands	8 45	@10 00
Extra Genesee	8 15	@10 00
Poor to choice Extra Missouri	8 00	@11 50

Southern Flour is dull and heavy. Sales, since our last, 700 bbls., at $9 10@$10 for poor to good, and $10@$11 75 for good to choice extra brands, ₩ bbl. Canadian Flour is quiet and heavy. Sales 450 bbls. Extra, at $8 @$10 50 ₩ bbl. Rye Flour is inactive, including fine and superfine at $5 50@$6 50 ₩ bbl. Corn Meal is more active at $5 65@$5 75 for Jersey, and $6 50 for Brandywine, ₩ bbl. Sales 1,200 bbls. Also, 50 puncheons Brandywine at $33.

GRAIN—Wheat, Rye, Barley and Barley Malt have been inactive and depressed in price. Corn has been in less demand and quite irregular. Sales since our last have been made of 9,800 bushels at $1 15 for very inferior New Mixed Western, $1 35@$1 37 for New Yellow, and $1 27@$1 36 for New White, ₩ bushel. Oats continue in moderate demand at buoyant prices, including Western at 90c.@91c., Jersey and Pennsylvania at 89c.@90c., Canada at 85c.87c. ₩ bushel. The movements in Breadstuffs during the past fortnight, Mr. EDWARD BILL reviews thus: "The excitement attendant upon a great national affliction has caused quite a suspension of business, and for several days the market has been unsettled. The city trade, for retail use, have been the principal buyers of flour, and, with more free receipts, prices are again lower. The medium and better grades of Western have been irregular in value and the whole market quiet. For Wheat the demand is light, but, with a decreasing stock, holders are not forcing sales, and there is no great change since my last report. The millers of this and the adjacent cities are the only buyers, and with a limited demand for Flour, they do not purchase freely. The Erie Canal will be opened for business about the 15th of May. Rye is inactive and lower. Oats are in fair request, with a moderate stock. Indian Corn is more plenty and closes at lower rates. The Export Clearances from this port for the fortnight foot up: To Great Britain and Ireland, 102 bbls. Flour; to Continental ports, 11,742 bush. Wheat, 1,000 bush. Corn; to Mexico, 2,090 bbls. Flour, 9,381 bush. Corn, 5,291 bush. Oats; to all other ports, 19,869 bbls. Flour, 175 bbls. Rye Flour, 3,385 bbls. Corn Meal, 2,469 bush. Wheat, 7,587 bush. Corn, 2,780 bush. Oats, 425 bush. Peas—making a total to all ports of 22,061 bbls. Flour, 175 bbls. Rye Flour, 3,385 bbls. Corn Meal, 14,211 bush. Wheat, 17,968 bush. Corn, 8,071 bush. Oats and 425 bush. Peas.

Export of Breadstuffs to Great Britain and Ireland, from September 1, 1864.

From.	Flour, bbls.	Wheat, bush.	Corn bush.
New York, April 14, 1865	44,273	1,425,051	47,126
New Orleans, April 1	——	——	——
Philadelphia, April 11, 1865	14,234	58,390	26,233
Baltimore, April 11, 1865	14	——	——
Boston, April 11, 1865	3,534	——	——
California and other ports April 11, 1865	32,628	21,630	——
Total	94,683	1,505,071	73,359
To about same period, 1864	777,652	9,544,832	240,220
To about same period, 1863	938,247	16,458,374	5,497,643
To about same period, 1862	1,661,187	13,853,572	9,530,677

To the Continent.

	Flour, bbls.	Wheat, bush.	Corn, bush.
From New-York to April 14, 1865	11,978	83,463	10,985
From other ports to latest dates	1,823	——	——
Total	13,801	83,463	10,985
To about same period, 1864	33,147	215,236	9,032
To about same period, 1863	102,837	1,284,563	58,177
To about same period, 1862	571,481	6,980,115	271,887

HAY—Has been in less demand and heavy at from $1 40@$1 55 for shipping and trade lots ₩ 100 lbs.

HOPS—Continue inactive at from 10c.@35c. for poor to prime, and 38c.@40c. for very choice ₩ lb.

LUMBER—Has been in very moderate demand at former quotations.

MOLASSES—Has been in request and quoted firm in price.

NAVAL STORES—Have been quiet, yet steady, including Spirits Turpentine, at $2 15@$2 20 ₩ gallon.

OILS—Have been quiet and depressed, including Linseed at $1 25@$1 28 ₩ gallon.

NEW-BEDFORD MARKET—WEEK ENDING APRIL 17.—The market remains without change, and the only transaction for the week is a sale of 450 bbls. Northern Whale, for manufacturing, at a price not transpired.

Imports of Sperm and Whale Oil and Whalebone into the United States:

	Bbls. Sp.	Bbls. Wh.	Lbs. Bone.
From Jan. 1 to April 17, '65	5,946	31,052	407,000
Same time last year	11,333	19,456	241,550

[*Whalemen's Shipping List.*

PETROLEUM—Has been in very moderate demand at 34½c.@35½c., for Crude, 52c. for refined, in bond, and 72 for do. free ₩ gallon.

PRINTING CLOTHS.—Sales in Providence, last week, 137,000 pieces, including, according to the *Journal*, 3,000 pieces 56x60, 9½c.; 5,000 do. 56x60, 10c.; 5,000 do. 56x60, 10¼c.; 16,000 do. 60x64, 10¼c.; 90,000 do. 64x64, 10½c., early in the week; 5,000 do. 64x64, 10¾c.; 8,000 do. 64x64, 11c.; 5,000 do. 64x64, 11¼c. Market stronger, with large sales. Most of the mills are sold ten or twelve weeks ahead. 64x64's are held firm at 12c.

PROVISIONS—Pork has been in moderate demand, opening heavily, but closing more firmly. Sales have been made since our last of 4,400 bbls., in lots, at $27@$27 50, closing at $27 37½ for New Mess; $24 50@$25 for 1863-4 Mess; $26@$26 50 for Prime Mess; $26 50 for Thin Mess, and $24 50@$25 for Prime, ₩ bbl. Cut Meats are in fair demand, at 14¼c.@15c. for Shoulders, and 16c.@18c. for Hams; sales equal 550 pkgs. Bacon is in less request; sales 600 boxes, including Cumberland Cut, at 15¼c.@15½c.; Long Rib at 15½c.@16c.; Short Rib at 16½c. ₩ lb. Lard is in limited request, yet steady. Sales 1,150 tcs. and bbls., at 15½c.@18c. ₩ lb. Beef is quiet to-day, at $16@$20 for Extra Mess; $12@$16 50 for Plain Mess; sales 400 bbls. Tierce Beef rules dull and nominal. Beef Hams are in moderate demand; 250 bbls., sold at $21@$24. Butter is in less demand at 22c.@37c. for poor to choice old State, and 15c.@23c. for Western; also, 32c.@50c. for inferior to choice new State. Cheese continues in moderate demand at 14c.@22c. for poor to choice, ₩ lb.

RICE—Has been dull and heavy at previous quotations.

SEEDS—Have been less active, having been held above the views of buyers, including Clover, at 29c.@30c. ₩ lb.; rough Flax, at $2 25@$2 50, and Timothy at $5@$6 ₩ bushel.

SPICES—Have been quiet, and irregular in price.

SUGARS—Have been in moderate request at about former rates. Sales have been reported of 430 hhds., including Cuba, &c., at 11¼c.@14¾c. ₩ lb. Refined Sugars are less active at from 14½c.@19c. ₩ lb. The Messrs. STUART quote: Loaf, 19c.; Crushed, 18¾c.; Granulated, 18¾c.; Ground, 18¾c.; White, A, 17¾c.; Yellow, C, 16¾c., cash, ₩ lb.

TALLOW—Is quiet to-day. Sales, 80,000 lbs., at 11¼c.@11¾c. ₩ lb.

TEAS—Have been inactive; and rather depressed in price.

TOBACCO—Sales, since our last, 121 hhds. Kentucky at 7½c.@22c.; 130 cases Seed Leaf at 8c.@12½c ₩ lb.

WHISKY—Sales have been reported of 400 bbls. in lots, opening at $2 13, and closing at $2 15 ₩ gallon.

FREIGHTS—No important engagements transpired to-day, and rates were, in the main, nominal.

Movements of European Steamers.

FROM AMERICA.

China	April 19	New-York	Liverpool.
Edinburgh	April 22	New-York	Liverpool.
Helvetia	April 22	New-York	Liverpool.
Europa	April 26	Boston	Liverpool.
Lafayette	April 26	New-York	Havre.
Germania	April 29	New-York	S'ampton.
Pennsylvania	April 29	New-York	Liverpool.
City of Baltimore	April 29	New-York	Liverpool.
Persia	May 3	New-York	Liverpool.
Erin	May 6	New-York	Liverpool.
Africa	May 10	Boston	Liverpool.
Teutonia	May 13	New-York	S'ampton.
Scotia	May 17	New-York	Liverpool.
Washington	May 24	New-York	Havre.
Saxonia	May 27	New-York	S'ampton.

FROM EUROPE.

Palestine	March 25	Liverpool	Halifax.
City of Limerick	April 1	Liverpool	New-York.
Germania	April 5	S'ampton	New-York.
City of Baltimore	April 5	Liverpool	New-York.
Persia	April 8	Liverpool	New-York.
Africa	April 15	Liverpool	Boston.
Teutonia	April 19	S'ampton	New-York.
Scotia	April 22	Liverpool	New-York.
Asia	April 29	Liverpool	Boston.
Saxonia	May 3	S'ampton	New-York.

For Havana, New-Orleans, &c.

Morning Star	April 22	New-York	N. Orleans.
Corsica	April 22	New-York	Havana.*
Evening Star	April 29	New-York	N. Orleans.

*Via Nassau.

European Mail.

The mail for Europe by the *China* will close this morning at 9:30 A. M.

For Havana.

The mail for Havana, by the *Morro Castle*, will close to-day at 2 P. M.

Departure of Domestic Mails.

East Mails close at	5 A. M., 1:30 and 6:15 P. M.
Western and Southwestern Mails	5 A. M. and 4:15 P. M.
Long Island	5 A. M. and 2:30 P. M.
Newport and Fall River	3:00 P. M.
New-York Central Railroad	3 P. M.
North Mails	5 A. M. and 3:45 P. M.
North Mail, Way	5:00 A. M. and 2 P. M.
South Mail at	5 A. M., 4:30, 5:30 and 10:30 P. M.

RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

FIRST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH—FIFTH-av., corner 11th-st.—Services will be held in this Church at 12 o'clock TO-DAY, instead of Thursday, as before appointed.

FUNERAL OF THE PRESIDENT.—Divine services in the Madison-square Church. Rev. Dr. ADAMS, this day, WEDNESDAY, at 12 o'clock, instead of Thursday, as previously appointed.

MERCER-ST. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH—Rev. Dr. BOOTH, Pastor.—Services appropriate to the national bereavement will be held in this church on WEDNESDAY, the 19th inst., at 12 M.

REFORMED DUTCH CHURCH, WEST 21st-st., Rev. Mr. THOMPSON.—Funeral services in memory of the President, please God, TO-DAY, at 12 o'clock M.

THE CHURCH OF THE TRANSFIGURATION. East 29th-st., between Madison and 5th avs., will be open for Divine service on WEDNESDAY, April 19, at 12 o'clock—the hour of the President's funeral.

HARLEM M. E. CHURCH, 125TH-ST., between 3d and 4th avs., Rev. JOHN E. COOKMAN, Pastor. Religious services commemorative of the death of President Lincoln at 12 o'clock on THIS DAY.

WASHINGTON-ST. M. E. CHURCH, 4TH-st., near 6th-av., Rev. H. B. RIDGAWAY, Pastor.—Religious services will be held in this church, commencing at 12 o'clock M.

DIVINE SERVICE WILL BE HELD IN the Collegiate Reformed Protestant Dutch Churches, on 5th-av., corner 29th-st., and on 4th-st., corner Lafayette-place, THIS DAY (Wednesday,) at 12 M.

THE 14TH-ST. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, corner of 2d-av., will be opened TO-DAY, at 12 o'clock noon, for services appropriate to the occasion. Rev. Dr. R. D. HITCHCOCK will conduct the exercises.

PILGRIM BAPTIST CHURCH, 33D-ST., west of 8th-av.—Services at 12 M. to-day. The sermon announced for Thursday will be postponed until the following SUNDAY MORNING.

REV. J. SELLA MARTIN WILL CONDUCT the funeral services to be held in commemoration of the Martyr President, TO-DAY, at 12 o'clock, in Shiloh Church, corner of Prince and Marion sts.

CHURCH OF THE REDEMPTION—EAST 14th-st., near 4th-av. There will be Divine service in this church to-day, commencing at noon, in commemoration of the national loss.

U. L. A.—RELIGIOUS SERVICES WILL be held in the church of the Good Shepherd, 54th-st., near 2d-av., on THIS DAY, April 19, at 12 o'clock.

A SERVICE APPROPRIATE TO THE funeral of the late President, will be held in the chapel of the Church of the Covenant, to-morrow, WEDNESDAY, at 12 o'clock noon.

THE SOUTH DUTCH CHURCH, CORNER 5th-av. and 21st-st., will be open for services appropriate to the funeral of President LINCOLN, TO-DAY at 12 o'clock.

TAKE NO MORE UNPLEASANT AND UNSAFE REMEDIES for unpleasant and dangerous diseases. Use HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU and IMPROVED ROSE WASH.

NOW IS THE TIME TO USE DR. LEATHE'S YELLOW DOCK SYRUP FOR WASTING OF THE BODY.

IN COMPLIANCE WITH THE REQUEST of the Secretary of State, there will be service in the Baptist Tabernacle, 2d-av., on WEDNESDAY, at 12 o'clock.

A FUNERAL ORATION FOR PRESIDENT LINCOLN will be given to-day, at 2 o'clock P. M., at the Synagogue, No. 40 Henry-st.

ST. GEORGE'S CHAPEL, BEEKMAN-ST., will be open for the funeral services TO-DAY, at 12 o'clock.

SERVICES WILL BE HELD AT THE Broadway Synagogue, corner 36th-st. and Broadway, TO-DAY, at 12 o'clock. Doors open at 11:30.

SERVICES WILL BE HELD AT ST. Matthew's German Lutheran Church, 4th-st., Jersey City, April 19, at 12 o'clock.

THE RELIGIOUS SERVICES APPOINTED in the Brick Church for Thursday, will be held on WEDNESDAY at 12 o'clock.

ROSE HILL METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH, 27th-st., between 2d and 3d avs. Services TO-DAY at 12 o'clock.

SPRING-ST. CHURCH.—RELIGIOUS SERVICES will be held in this church on WEDNESDAY, April 19, at 12 o'clock.

RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

CHURCH OF THE INCARNATION, MADISON-av. and 35th-st.—Funeral services of the late President will take place at this church, at 12 o'clock precisely, on WEDNESDAY, the 19th inst. The consecration services of this church will be performed by Right Rev. Bishop POTTER, on THURSDAY, the 20th inst., at 10½ A. M. The sermon will be preached by Bishop BEDELL, of Ohio. A collection at the consecration will be made for the Christian Commission. The reverend clergy are requested to assemble, with their surplices, at the chapel in the rear of the church, at 9¾ A. M.

REV. SAMUEL H. COX, D. D., WILL preach in the North Presbyterian Church, corner 9th-av. and 31st., on WEDNESDAY, 19th instant, at 12 o'clock M. His theme will be: *The Wonders and the Glories of Eternal Providence.* This service is held that, before God, His people may humbly bow with stricken hearts and seek His blessing in this national bereavement.

SERVICE AT CHRIST CHURCH.—IN COMpliance with the public request of the State Department, that the various religious denominations should meet for the purpose of solemnizing with appropriate ceremonies the occasion of the obsequies of the late President, there will be a requiem service at Christ Church, WEDNESDAY, 19th inst., at 12 o'clock M.
F. C. EWER, Rector.

CHURCH OF THE PURITANS.—RELIGIOUS service on occasion of the funeral of President LINCOLN will be held in the Church of the Puritans, WEDNESDAY MORNING at 12 o'clock. Public services will also, on observance of the appointed fast, THURSDAY MORNING, at 11 o'clock. The subject on Thursday, will be "*The Providential Appeal of God for Justice.*"

UNION FUNERAL SERVICES.—THE CONgregation of Rev. Dr. BALL, 50th-st. Presbyterian; Rev. S. A. BAKER, 48th-st. Methodist; the 53d-st. Baptist, Prof. MATTISON'S church, and Rev. CHAS. S. PERKINS, 28th-st. Baptist Church, will unite in services appropriate to the occasion, in Prof. MATTISON'S church, 41st-st., near 6th-av., TO-DAY, at 12 o'clock M.

ELM-PLACE CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH OF BROOKLYN.—Inasmuch as the funeral of our late beloved President takes place to-day, it has been decided that the Prayer Meeting (in sympathy with this occasion,) which was to have been held in the Elm place Congregational Church, Thursday, the 20th, will be held TO-DAY, the 19th inst. at 11 o'clock.

DESTINY IN THE LIGHT OF TRAGEDY.—Westminster Church, South Brooklyn.—Divine service will be held in this church on WEDNESDAY, at 12 o'clock M. A sermon will be preached by the Pastor, Rev. HUGH SMITH CARPENTER, on the above subject. A prayer-meeting will be held in the same place at 7½ o'clock in the evening.

THE CITIZENS OF WILLIAMSBURGH will meet in the Congregational Church in South 9th-st, this day, April 19, at 12 o'clock noon, to engage in exercises suitable for the occasion of the funeral of President LINCOLN. Addresses will be delivered by Rev. Dr. PORTER, Rev. Messrs. BACON and POMEROY, and by RICHARD H. HUNTLEY, Esq.

BROADWAY TABERNACLE.—THIS church will be opened for religious service on WEDNESDAY, at 12 o'clock. Dr. THOMPSON'S sermon commemorative of Abraham Lincoln, announced for Thursday evening, will be postponed until the day for public commemoration, to be appointed by the President.

CHURCH OF THE RESTORATION, CORner of Monroe-place and Clark-st., Brooklyn. Services appropriate to the death of our beloved and honored President will be held in this church on WEDNESDAY, at 12 o'clock, and will be conducted by the pastor, Rev. HENRY BLANCHARD.

INTERESTING UNION SERVICES IN Broome-st. Presbyterian Church.—The Grand-st. Church, Rev. Dr. THOMSON'S, and the Broome-st. Church, Rev. J. G. DUNN'S, will assemble in the church in Broome-st., two blocks east of Broadway, at noon, for exercises appropriate to the sad occasion.

HEDDING M. E. CHURCH—EAST 17TH-ST., between 1st and 2d avs.—Appropriate services in memory of our late President, ABRAHAM LINCOLN, will be held in this church on WEDNESDAY, 19th inst., at 12 o'clock M. Addresses by Rev. GEO. R. CROOKS, Pastor, and other distinguished clerical and lay brethren.

ST. PAUL'S METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH, corner of 4th-av. and 22d st.—There will be services appropriate to our national bereavement in this church on WEDNESDAY, the 19th inst., at 12 o'clock, instead of Thursday, as announced. The discourse by Rev. Dr. McCLINTOCK.

GREENE-ST. M. E. CHURCH—BETWEEN Broome and Spring sts.—Religious services, in commemoration of our national bereavement, will be held in this church THIS DAY (Wednesday), at 12 o'clock M. Members of the church and friends of our country are affectionately invited to attend.

LEE-AV. R. D. CHURCH, BROOKLYN.—The Rev. Dr. SMYTHE, of London, will preach THIS DAY (Wednesday,) at 12 o'clock. The Rev. J. H. SUYDAM, of Philadelphia, will preach TO-MORROW (Thursday,) at 11 o'clock.

CHURCH OF THE PILGRIMS—BROOKlyn.—A prayer-meeting will be held at the Church of the Pilgrims, corner of Henry and Remsen sts, Brooklyn, at 1 o'clock this P. M., having special reference to the funeral obsequies of President LINCOLN.

ELEVENTH PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH 55th-st., near Lexington-av. Funeral services will be held in this church on WEDNESDAY, 19th inst., at 12 o'clock M. Sermon by the Pastor, Rev. ABBOTT E. KITTREDGE.

ANTHON MEMORIAL CHURCH, WEST 48th-st., between 6th and 7th avs., will be open for special services WEDNESDAY, the 19th, at 12 o'clock. Addresses will be delivered by Rev. Messrs. S. H. TYNG, Jr., THOMAS HASTINGS, and others. Their respective congregations are cordially invited to attend.

ST. THOMAS' CHURCH, BROADWAY AND HOUSTON-ST.—In accordance with the recommendation of the Bishop of the Diocese, this church will be opened for the prescribed funeral services, made fitting by the death of President LINCOLN, on WEDNESDAY, at 12 o'clock.

CHURCH OF THE HOLY TRINITY.—This congregation will hold a service of prayer on THIS DAY, (Wednesday,) in the chapel of Rutgers Institute, 5th-av., between 41st and 42d sts., at 12 o'clock, the time of the President's funeral.

ALL SAINTS PROTESTANT EPISCOPAL CHURCH, corner Henry and Scammel sts. Services appropriate to this day, (WEDNESDAY, April 19,) at 12 o'clock. Rev. ALVAH WISWALL, of St. John's Parish, will officiate.

FORSYTH-ST. M. E. CHURCH, NEAR Division.—This church will be open THIS DAY, from 12 to 1 o'clock, for divine service to solemnize the funeral of our deeply lamented late Chief Magistrate. Public prayer services to-morrow at 7½ P. M.

IN THE CHURCH OF MESSIAH, TWENTY-eighth-st. and Madison-av., funeral services will be held at noon on WEDNESDAY, according to the direction of the National Government. Dr. OSGOOD will give an address upon the Life of ABRAHAM LINCOLN.

CALVARY BAPTIST CHURCH.—RELIGious services will be held in the Calvary Baptist Church, West 23d-st., between 5th and 6th avs., WEDNESDAY, April 19, at 12 o'clock. Sermon by the Pastor, Rev. R. J. W. BUCKLAND.

PUBLIC SERVICES WILL BE HELD in the Central M. E. Church, 7th-av., near 11th-st., on WEDNESDAY, 19th inst., at 12 o'clock M., on the occasion of the death of the late President of the United States.

BY INVITATION OF GOV. FENTON, THE Rev. WM. GEO. HAWKINS, will preach to the soldiers at the New-York State Soldiers' Depot, Nos. 50 and 52 Howard-st., near Broadway, this (WEDNESDAY,) afternoon, at 3½ o'clock.

SEVENTH PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, corner of Broome and Ridge sts.—Religious services in reference to our national bereavement, will be held in this church at 12 o'clock, M., TO-DAY. The Allen-st. Presbyterian Congregation will unite in the service.

A MEETING FOR PRAYER AND ADdresses will be held in the Middle Dutch Church, corner of 4th-st. and Lafayette-place, on WEDNESDAY, 19th inst., the day appointed for the funeral of the President, at 12 M.

THE WEST 23D-ST. PRESBYTERIAN Church, (Rev. Dr. CLARK'S,) will be open for services appropriate to the occasion, on WEDNESDAY, the 19th inst., at 12 o'clock, instead of Thursday, the 20th inst., as previously announced.

FORTY-SECOND-ST. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH—Between 7th and 8th avs., Rev. W. A. SCOTT, D. D., Pastor. Services appropriate to our national bereavement will be held in this church at 12 o'clock M. on WEDNESDAY, April 19, instead of Thursday.

ALLEN-ST. M. E. CHURCH.—REV. J. A. ROCHE, Pastor. Services appropriate to our national bereavement will be held in this church THIS DAY, at 12 o'clock M.

DRY GOODS.

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GREAT REDUCTION FROM RECENT PRICES.
IMPORTATIONS OF
NEW AND CHOICE PATTERNS FOR SPRING SALES.
SMITH & LOUNSBERY,
NO. 456 BROADWAY, NEAR GRAND-ST.,
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We have now in stock
THE LARGEST VARIETY OF
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Hair-cloth, muslins, skeleton and all kinds of Skirts. Corsets and Skirts made to order.
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All kinds of Children's Cloaks and Suits, Dresses, Sacks, Blankets, Corsets, Chemises, Infant's Waists, Aprons, Bibs, Babies' Caps, Spencers, &c.
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Initials and Coats of Arms Embroidered on Handkerchiefs, Table Linen and Bed Clothes.
Braidings, Cotton and Silk Embroideries made to order. Stamping for Embroideries and Braiding executed perfectly.

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You will find it to your advantage, as we cut lengths cheaper than down-town jobbers sell whole pieces. We sell cartoons of ribbons and auction lots undivided at cost price, showing the bill, and add five per cent. commission.
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The subscribers represent
ONE AND A HALF MILLIONS OF DOLLARS
ENGLISH CAPITAL,
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DELAWARE, VIRGINIA,
OHIO AND MISSOURI.
Parties desirous of selling will please send full description, price, &c., to
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FARM FOR SALE—THE MANSION AND FARM of fifty acres situated at Glenville, Connecticut. Glenville is about two and three-quarter miles from Port Chester; Port Chester is one hour and a quarter ride on the New Haven R. R., from this city. The situation is unsurpassed for health and beautiful drives and scenery, and free from mosquitoes and fever and ague. The mansion was built about ten years since, contains all the modern conveniences, water, hot and cold, throughout the house. Two-thirds of the purchase money can remain on bond and mortgage, at six per cent., for a term of years. If required, the furniture will be sold also, and all ready for an immediate occupant. Apply to PENTZ BROS., No. 155 South-st.

FOR SALE—OR WILL BE RENTED FURNISHed, an elegant residence on Staten Island; house Gothic, two-story and attic, containing about fifteen rooms; gas and water throughout the house, porter's lodge, ice-house filled, barn, &c.; about six acres of land beautifully laid out in garden and lawn, plenty of fruit, &c.
For particulars, &c., apply to
ALLEN & BROWN,
No. 96 Broadway.

FOR SALE—ONE OF THE MOST BEAUTIFUL places in the country, consisting of large house nearly new, built by days' work in the best manner, with all the modern improvements; hot and cold water, water closet; six acres of land, well stocked with fruit and ornamental trees, all outbuildings complete; hot and cold grapery, greenhouse and camelia room. This place has hourly connection with the city, and must be seen to be appreciated. Inquire of
HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

CORNWALL PROPERTY FOR SALE AT AUCTION—Consisting of one acre of choice land, well stocked with fruit of almost all varieties, a nice dwelling-house, barn and other out-buildings. Sale will be at the hotel of B. L. Moor, in the Village of Canterbury, on THURSDAY, the 27th of April, at 3 o'clock. Location fine. Terms easy. Title good. For particulars address JAMES ENSLIE, Cornwall.

FOR SALE—A SUPERIOR FARM OF 150 ACRES buildings complete; Craneville depot, Central Railroad of New-Jersey, near Elizabeth, one hour from New-York; part of money can remain on mortgage, or improved city property will be taken in exchange; if not sold before April 25th, will be offered at auction on the premises that day at 12 o'clock. Inquire of J. W. HALSEY, on premises, or J. WALES, No. 34 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—THE COTTAGE OCCUPIED BY Dr. F. P. Mann, between 5th and 6th sts., Morrisania, within five minutes' walk of the Harlem Railroad depot; it contains seven rooms, beside the kitchen in the basement; a good stable in the rear, a fine cistern, and some fruit. Any one wishing further particulars may inquire on the premises, or of E. J. MANN, No. 7 State-st., New-York.

FOR SALE—A COUNTRY RESIDENCE, PLEASantly situated, in New-Jersey, about one hour's ride from the city; fourteen acres cultivated land, a commodious and well-built house, farmer's cottage, carriage-house, stable, barns, etc., all in good order; an abundance of elegant shade and fruit-trees; terms reasonable. Apply to JOHN P. ELWELL, No. 57 South-st.

FOR SALE—A NEW MEDIUM-SIZED HOUSE, with from one to ten acres; also an old-fashioned house with from twenty to seventy-five acres, on the old Boston road three miles from Harlem Bridge. Address Box No. 39 West Farm Post-office.

HOUSE IN 30TH-ST. TO BE SOLD; POSsession immediately; small three-story, near Lexington-av.; perfect order; modern improvements; gas fixtures, carpets, &c., can be had. Apply at the office of the American Needle Company, No. 442 Broadway.

FOR SALE AT YONKERS, AT A GREAT bargain, a first-class house with all the modern improvements; 12 rooms, 3½ lots of ground, filled with fruit and shrubbery; near depot. Apply to owner, E. B. TAYLOR, Main-st., Yonkers.

FOUR-STORY HOUSE NO. 133 40TH-ST., 100 feet west of Broadway, with private stairway, heater, speaking-tubes, &c.; price $12,000; $6,000 can remain on mortgage, the balance in easy payments. THOS. L. BRAYNARD, No. 16 Nassau-st.

FOR SALE—A FOUR-STORY, HIGH-STOOP, brown-stone front house and lot on 39th-st., between 5th and 6th avs. Apply to ALLEN & BROWN, No. 96 Broadway.

FOR SALE—FOUR-STORY, HIGH-STOOP, brown-stone front house and lot on East 30th-st., near 4th-av. Apply to ALLEN & BROWN, 96 Broadway.

FOR SALE.

DESIRABLE PROPERTY, ORANGE, N. J.
EXECUTORS' SALE
of eligible and desirable real estate, comprising valuable building lots and farm lands in Orange, New-Jersey, at auction.

1. The farm recently occupied by Samuel Condit, deceased, containing one hundred and fifteen (115) acres, situated on Washington-st., within five minutes' walk of the Brick Church Station on the Morris and Essex Railroad, and about the same distance from the Park House, will be sold at public auction upon the premises, in lots to suit purchasers, on THURSDAY, the 4th day of May next, at 1 o'clock P. M. Upon this farm are some of the most commanding sites for fine country residences to be found in the vicinity of Orange, which is so justly celebrated in this particular. There are also several springs and streams of pure and wholesome water on different parts of the said farm.

2. A farm on the Orange Mountain, within half a mile of Eagle Rock and Llewellyn Park, containing two hundred acres, about one-fourth of which is under cultivation, and the balance is good timber and pasture land. Upon this farm are a dwelling-house and barn, and a good well of water, with numerous springs and a never-failing stream of water. It will be sold together or in parcels, to suit purchasers, at public auction, on the premises, on THURSDAY, April 20, inst., at 2 P. M.

3. Thirty acres of salt meadow, at Plumb's Point, foot of Richard's-lane, in Newark, will be sold together, or, if desired, in lots, at public auction, on the premises, on SATURDAY, April 22, inst., at 2 P. M.

All the above described property is a portion of the estate of Samuel Condit, deceased; and the sale will be peremptory. For further information and to see maps of the same, apply to Rowland Johnson, No. 54 Beaver-st., New-York; S. D. Condit, No. 306 Broadway, from 9 to 11 A. M.; Wm. P. Condit, Washington-st., Orange, or to L. D. Tompkins, auctioneer, Centre-st., Orange, N. J.

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SAMUEL D. CONDIT, } Executors.
WM. P. CONDIT,

The subscriber offers at private sale his former residence in William-st., Orange, N. J., comprising a handsome Gothic dwelling-house and lot; price $7,500. Full description and particulars may be obtained on application to Rowland Johnson, No. 54 Beaver-st., New-York.
SAMUEL D. CONDIT.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—A FINE COUNTRY seat, 2½ miles from Fulton and Peck slip ferries, in Brooklyn, the residence of the late Joseph Noble, corner of Broadway and Gates-av.; wooden house, 40 ft. by 50 ft., filled in with brick, with two wings, each 12 feet square; has large parlor, extension and conservatory connected; sitting and dining-room and kitchen adjoining, all on the first floor; five large rooms, with spacious bath room, on second floor; attic and servants' room on third floor; pantries throughout; cellar under all; with excellent furnace, gas, and Ridgewood water throughout; range, stationary tubs, and double windows; grounds, nearly 1¾ acres, fronting on the avenues, highly cultivated, well stocked with choicest fruit trees, grapes, small fruits, shrubbery, flowers, &c.; a hot and cold grapery in bearing condition, and small forcing house; a stable, carriage-house, and hennery, fences, &c., all in perfect order. Apply on the premises, or at the Executor's, Room No. 35, No. 111 Broadway, New-York.

FOR SALE—A FIRST-CLASS HUDSON RIVER residence, in the suburbs of Poughkeepsie, at auction; house, stable and one acre of land, fronting on Mansion-square; neighborhood unexceptionable; but ten minutes' walk from depot; house is of brick and built in the most substantial manner; contains 11 rooms, with all the modern improvements; has recently been put in perfect order; the entire ground is surrounded by a full grown flowering hedge and stocked with every variety of standard fruit in full bearing; will be sold at auction, at Poughkeepsie Court-house, on Wednesday, April 26, at 12 M. For particulars apply to H. W. SHAW, Auctioneer, Poughkeepsie, or E. P. DICKIE, No. 154 Chambers-st., New-York.

FOR SALE—CLINTON COTTAGE PROPERTY, at Irvington, two and a half miles from Newark, N. J. One cottage contains seven rooms; the other has six on the first and nine rooms on the second floor; bath-room, hot and cold water; a substantial stone and wood tower, about fifty feet high, with a large water tank on it; fine garden, choice fruit, ornamental trees, shrubbery, &c., &c., with from one to twenty acres of highly cultivated land. Horse cars pass the property to meet the trains at the Market-st. depot every half hour. Apply on the premises, or to A. H. BROWN, No. 317 Broad-st., Newark, N. J.

COUNTRY SEAT FOR SALE OR TO LET—Beautifully situated on commanding ground on the Passaic River, at North Belleville, N. J., and ten miles from the city. Large and new house in the Italian villa style, with a tower; ten acres of land, with a beautifully sloping lawn; every variety of fruit and forest trees and shrubbery; good boating, bathing and fishing; 30 acres more can be had; communication with Wall-st. within an hour by railroad. Price $17,000; rent $1,000. Inquire of LIVINGSTON, VAN ZANDT & CO., No. 71 Pine-st.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—A BEAUTIFUL country seat, with fine grounds, fruit-trees, shrubbery, &c., in Montgomery, Orange County, N. Y., twelve miles back of Newburgh, and only four to five hours from the city. To any one wishing to remove to the country, the above is a splendid opportunity, as the locality is perfectly healthy, and the property will be sold cheap, or let on reasonable terms to a good tenant. For further particulars, address
WM. H. WARNER, No. 37 Warren-st.

FOR SALE—A SPLENDID RESIDENCE LOCAted in Plainfield, New-Jersey, within half mile of the Central Railroad depot. The grounds are 12½ acres, and beautifully laid out in lawn and garden; there are a large and choice variety of fruit and ornamental trees; also, a very fine brook. The place is one of the most desirable, so convenient to this city, it being only one hour and fifteen minutes' ride distant from foot of Liberty-st., and eight trains a day. For further particulars apply to
HOMER MORGAN, Esq., No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—AT YONKERS, ON PALISADE-av., a handsome country seat; house double walls, heated by steam, hot and cold water, bath-rooms and water closets, gas, burglar alarm; 1½ acres of ground, fruit and shade trees, grapery with choice and rare vines, ice-house, stable, all in perfect order; views unsurpassed, commanding the village palisades, Hudson River, New-York, Jersey City and Staten Island. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—IN MARYLAND, A SPLENDID tract of land containing 230 acres; has a good dwelling-house and all necessary outbuildings, and plenty of choice fruit. The quality of the land, which is in high state of cultivation, is unsurpassed by any in the State. It is located seven miles from the City of Baltimore, 1½ miles from Cantonville, and the same distance from the Relay House, on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad. For particulars, apply to HYMAN & SHEPHERD, No. 80 Cedar-st.

COUNTRY RESIDENCE FOR SALE IN Westchester county, 12 miles from Madison-square, 1½ miles South of Yonkers, on the post-road; large house, four to five acres, carriage-house, plenty of shade trees; suitable for a gentleman's residence. Apply to the owner, J. ODELL, No. 4 Jauncey-court.

DESIRABLE PROPERTY FOR MANUFACTURING ESTABLISHMENTS AND OTHER BUSINESS PURPOSES.—The property on Plymouth, Washington, Adams, and Water sts., Brooklyn, for sale, together or in parcels, to close an estate. It is near the Catharine Ferry, and very convenient to the river. Apply to BENJ. G. HITCHINGS, No. 38 Pine-st., N. Y.

FOR SALE—A COUNTRY SEAT, CONSISTING of a large and well built house, with barns, stables, outbuildings, ice-house, fine trout ponds, &c., &c., on Long Island, near North Islip depot; there are 300 acres of land, part wood, part meadow. COUDERT BROTHERS, No. 49 Wall-st., New-York.

ORANGE, N. J.—VILLAS, VILLA SITES AND farms, a great variety, beautifully situated, one hour from New-York, for sale low. Also, country seats and houses to let for the season or year, by HENRY B. BLACKWELL, No. 59 William-st., New-York, 9 to 11 A. M.; No. 49 Main-st., Orange, 1 to 5 P. M.

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COUNTRY RESIDENCE FOR SALE AT Fordham, Westchester County, ten minutes walk from depot, large house, three acres of ground, plenty of fruit, and every way desirable for a gentleman's residence. Apply to the owner, J. ODELL, No. 4 Jauncey-court.

FOR SALE—AT BRIDGEPORT, CONN., A HANDsome residence, with eight acres of ground, buildings nearly new, and in good order; fine garden, fruit and shade trees, shrubbery, &c. Apply to
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THE NATION IN TEARS.
A dirge to the memory of the Nation's Chief,
ABRAHAM LINCOLN.

Toll! toll! toll! on every hand,
Ye bells, throughout the land.
Our noble leader in his glory lies.
The damp of death upon his sealed eyes;
A martyr, true to liberty, he dies.
Toll! toll! toll!

May be sung as a solo, duet or in full chorus. Arranged for the piano and organ.
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TO CAPITALISTS AND MANUFACTURERS.
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Paper mills, new and old.
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FIRST-CLASS OFFICES IN THE GLOBE BUILDINGS,
NOS. 64 AND 66 BROADWAY, FRONTING ON BROADWAY AND NEW-ST.,
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Plans and tariff at the office of
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PART OF BASEMENT OFFICE NO. 14 Pine-st. to let; also, a furnished brown stone house in 45th-st., near 6th av. Apply to D. M. SEAMAN, No. 14 Pine-st.

TO LET—FURNISHED COUNTRY RESIDENCE, to a small responsible private family only, at Great Neck, L. I., ten rooms, carriage-house and stabling, ice-house filled, garden planted, 6 acres of land, fine bathing, unsurpassed view, good roads, full furnished, except linen and silver; one hour from the city; steamer *Arrowsmith*, from Peck-slip; rent $700 for six months. Apply to the owner on the premises, Mr. TREDWELL, or to No. 66 Wall-st., of SAMUEL T. SKIDMORE.

TO LET—WITH STEAM POWER—
5 large light and airy floors.
3 100x25.
2 50x25.
Inquire at SPRINGMEYER BROS., 76th-st. and 3d-av., or No. 723 Broadway, New-York.

TO LET—THE PREMISES, CORNER JAY AND Plymouth sts., Brooklyn, formerly occupied by HOWARD & FULLER as a brewery; possession immediately; also for sale a boiler, steam engine, copper coil (nine feet diameter,) 23 stillions, or brewer's troughs, and other fixtures. Apply at the New Brewery of HOWARD & FULLER, corner Bridge and Plymouth sts., Brooklyn.

TO LET—AN ELEGANT COUNTRY RESIDENCE with furniture, for the Summer; forty minutes by railroad from the city; mansion contains 18 rooms, gas, bath-rooms and all modern conveniences, carriage-house, stable, &c. To a responsible party liberal arrangements will be made. For full particulars, &c., address RIVERSIDE.

TO LET OR FOR SALE—THE THREE-STORY brown-stone front house, No. 73 2d-place, Brooklyn, with court-yard in front, seventeen minutes by Court-st. Railroad from Fulton ferry; modern improvements; lot 21½ by 133 feet; terms easy. Apply to WM. H. KINSLEY, No. 107 Fulton-st., New-York.

TO LET AT ASTORIA—A GOOD HOUSE, OF genteel appearance, 1½ miles from steamboat landing; it has 9 rooms, abundance of fruit trees; rent of house, barn and garden, $300, or, with 14 acres land, $400. Apply to JOSIAH BLACKWELL, in the village, from 1 to 3 P. M.

TO LET—AT NO. 288 WEST 19TH-ST., TWO eligible lofts, being the second and third floors, each 25x50 feet, with good light front and rear; well adapted for the manufacturing of straw goods or other light, mechanical purposes. Inquire on the premises from 3 to 8 P. M., or at No. 281 West 19th-st.

YONKERS, TO LET.—HOUSE CONTAINING 12 rooms, nearly one acre of ground, grapes, currants, fruit, &c., 1½ miles south of the depot. Horse-cars pass the house. Rent $300. Apply to JAMES YOUMANS, Yonkers.

YONKERS.—TEN FURNISHED HOUSES TO let, in good localities; gas and water in; also, a fine country residence, unfurnished, all modern improvements; only $1300 per year. Apply to JAMES YOUMANS, Yonkers.

YONKERS.—IF YOU WANT TO RENT OR PURchase a house at Yonkers, furnished or unfurnished, in locations and prices to suit, call on or address JAMES YOUMANS, the real estate agent at Yonkers.

TO LET—THE FIRST-CLASS STORE AND basement No. 17½ 9th-av.; store 25x80, with iron revolving shutters and plate glass front; large vaults under sidewalk.
JAS. B. EDWARDS, No. 277 West 23d-st.

TO RENT—THE FIRST FLOOR AND BASEMENT of the brick house No. 30 Clinton-place, corner Winthrop-place, near Broadway, suitable for millinery or dressmaking business, or physician's office. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

TO RENT—FIRST-CLASS OFFICES IN THE new white marble building, Nos 155 and 157 Broadway, now ready for occupancy, on the fourth floor; rent $150 to $350 per annum. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

TO LET—FOR SIX MONTHS, FROM THE 1ST of May next, a furnished residence on Brooklyn Heights, overlooking the Bay of New-York. Rent $206 a month. S HONDLOW, corner of Court and Montague sts., Brooklyn.

OFFICES AND BASEMENT STORES TO LET.—New, light, and well ventilated, worth $75 to $2,500 per annum, in No. 29 Broadway; also, basement and several offices in No. 17 Broadway.
P. N. SPOFFORD, No. 29 Broadway.

TO RENT FURNISHED—A HANDSOME four story basement and sub-cellar brown stone front house, on Madison-av., near 34th-st.
For permits and particulars, apply to
ALLEN & BROWN,
No. 96 Broadway.

TWO NICE COTTAGES WITH STABLES gardens, &c., to rent, at Spuyten Duyvil; one furnished for the summer, one unfurnished for the year. Call on or address A. H. BARTLETT, Spuyten Duyvil, New-York.

TO RENT—A FURNISHED THREE-STORY high-stoop brick house on 27th-st., near Lexington-av., elegantly furnished. For permit and particulars apply to ALLEN & BROWN, No. 96 Broadway.

TO LET—A COUNTRY HOUSE, STABLE AND grounds, one hour from Brooklyn Ferry by horse-cars; would take part rent in Summer board, if desired.
E. H. BABCOCK, corner Court and Montague sts.

TO LET—UPPER PART OF HOUSE NO. 512 West 35th-st; will be let low to a good tenant. Inquire on the premises.

A HANDSOMELY FURNISHED HOUSE to let for six months, rent moderate, to a small private family. Apply at No. 217 10th-st., near 2d-av.

TO RENT—A BANKING OFFICE ON WALL-st., adjoining Broadway, about 25x55, on a lease. Apply to BENEDICT & COIT, No. 4 Pine-st.

TO LET—ROOMS WITH WATER-POWER, AT Paterson, N. J. Inquire of WM. INGLIS, No. 7 Mulberry-st., Paterson, N. J.

TO LET—A REAR OFFICE, TO AN ARCHITECT or surveyor, spacious and well lighted, at the real estate office, No. 586 6th-av., junction of Broadway.

TO LET—THREE-STORY SHOP IN REAR OF Nos. 510 and 512 West 35th-st., 50x25 feet; machinery for sale. Inquire on the premises.

HOUSES & ROOMS WANTED

WANTED—A FURNISHED COUNTRY RESIdence for the Summer season from 20th June to 20th September; house must contain 10 to 12 rooms, with good garden, and five to eight acres of land, and stable for three horses; location must be healthy, on the water preferred, within 30 miles of New-York. Any gentleman desirous of renting a handsome place for the Summer can learn of a desirable tenant, in a small careful family, by addressing Box 1,357 Post-office, stating location and terms.

WANTED TO RENT—IN THE VICINITY OF East Broadway, between Grand and Catharine sts., a portion of a house for a small family; rent not to exceed $15 per month; possession wanted immediately. Address C., Box No. 115 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A WHOLE HOUSE OR A SUITE OF dental offices, near 5th-av., above 17th-st.
J. SMITH DODGE, No. 10 East 17th-st.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

TO LET—A LARGE, PLEASANT, FURNISHED or unfurnished third-story back room, with two pantries attached, opposite Abingdon-square, suitable for a gentleman and wife or two single gentlemen. Dinner at 6½ P. M. References exchanged. Address A. W., Box No. 181 *Times* Office.

A SUITE OF ELEGANT ROOMS ON THE first floor of a first-class house up town, can be had the 1st of May, by a party of high standing, wishing to furnish and willing to pay liberally for a private table and an exclusive home. Address, with real name, KING, through Boyd's City Post.

BOARD AT NEW-ROCHELLE—LOCATION delightful, and of easy access, with an abundance of shade, fruit, and vegetables. Persons desiring first-class accommodations with a private family can address T. E. T., Box No. 3,136 Post-office.

WANTED—BY A LADY, ONE OR TWO UNfurnished rooms in a private family, with or without board, location central. Address ROOMS, for two days, at Station G, Broadway, between 31st and 32d sts., New-York.

WANTED—COUNTRY BOARD FROM 1ST OF May, within an hour's ride from the city, for a gentleman, wife and infant; none need apply unless they have good accommodations. Address Box No. 2,096 Post-office.

FURNISHED ROOMS CAN BE OBTAINED with board, in suites or separately, from 1st of May, to single gentlemen or gentleman and wife; house first-class; family private. No. 33 West 33d-st., near 5th-av.; unexceptionable reference.

TO LET—FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED, A front room and bedroom, with pantry, to one or two persons of respectability; references exchanged. Apply at No. 539 3d-av., between 10 and 3 o'clock.

COUNTRY BOARD WANTED—FOR A GENtleman, wife, nurse and two children; a farm house, not over 50 miles north or west of New-York, and easy of access by boat or rail preferred. Address J. G. H., No. 15 Beach-st., New-York.

ROOMS TO LET WITH BOARD—A REception room and several upper rooms. Inquire at No. 85 East 28th-st.

MISCELLANEOUS.

MARBLE MANTELS.
A large stock always on hand at
LOWER PRICES
than any other establishment in the city.
A. KLABER'S MANTEL WORKS,
No. 169 East 18th-st., near 3d-av. Cut this out.

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The New-York Times.

NEW-YORK, WEDNESDAY, APRIL 19, 1865

THE NEW-YORK TIMES.

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☞ Advertisements for the WEEKLY TIMES must be handed in before 10 o'clock this evening.

☞ This being the day of the funeral of President LINCOLN, no evening edition of the TIMES will be issued.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

THE REBELLION.

Again we devote nearly the whole of our space to details of the action of the people in regard to our national calamity. The public mind does not yet recover from the dreadful shock; ordinary affairs excite no interest, and even such events as the settlement of the pirate *Stonewall* matter, the capture of Mobile, or the movements of GRANT and LEE are read or heard with the most passive indifference. To-day occurs the funeral at Washington, of our beloved leader, and solemn recognition of the fact will be made in every section of the loyal land. To-morrow his body will lie in state in Washington; on Friday will begin the sad journey to his old home in Illinois, resting awhile at Baltimore, at Philadelphia and at New-York—at the latter place, we believe, over Sunday. This will close a week of such widely-felt sorrow as New-York has not known since the death of WASHINGTON.

We get at last the real date of the capture of Mobile. It was on the 12th inst., at 10½ A. M., that the stars and stripes were hoisted on a church steeple in the city, Gen. GRANGER'S forces occupying the place. The rebels all got away on the night of the 11th.

Gen. STONEMAN captured Salisbury, N. C., on the 12th inst, securing 1,165 prisoners, 19 pieces of artillery, 1,000 small arms and eight stands of colors. The plunder found there was enormous, embracing 1,000,000 rounds of ammunition, 1,000 shells, 60,000 pounds of powder, 75,900 suits of clothing, 35,000 army blankets, with large quantities of bacon, salt, sugar, rice, wheat, and 7,000 bales of cotton. All that was not immediately available was destroyed. STONEMAN'S raid in East Tennessee and North Carolina has been one of the most important and destructive of the war. He has burned half a hundred important bridges, destroyed about 100 miles of track, captured trains, burned depots and played the mischief generally with Secesh property.

Later news from North Carolina is that JOHNSTON is at his favorite work of retreating, while SHERMAN is trying to coax or force him into a fight. Raleigh was captured on the 13th, after a mere shadow of resistance, by the cavalry. Gov. VANCE was taken by our cavalry on the same day. It is said that he was deputed by JOHNSTON to surrender the State, but the power was afterward withdrawn. Another story is that JEFF. DAVIS had joined JOHNSTON at Hillsborough, and was still with him.

Gen. WASHBURN has issued an order at Memphis, officially recognizing the fact that the rebellion is ended, and revoking several of the most stringent orders previously in force for the government of affairs in West Tennessee.

Among the guerrillas recently captured or sursurrendered in Kentucky are Maj. Walker, Capt. Taylor, Capt. Rawley, and Marcen and Webster. Guerrilla warfare is pretty much done for in that State.

A story is current at Havana that JEFF DAVIS has on deposit in one of the banks in that city $100,000 in gold.

GENERAL NEWS.

The Postmaster of New-Orleans, J. P. ROGERS, states that he has been for some weeks sending New-Orleans mails overland, via Cairo, every day in each week up to Thursday, and the remainder of the week's mail by steamer of Saturday. In case of no steamer offering on Saturday, the mails are sent via Cairo every day in the week.

Mr. LATHAM, of the Grand Trunk Railroad, who was rather roughly handled by a mob in Portland the other day, for removing a flag from a train, says he did it in compliance with the rules of the road, which permit no flags on a train except signal flags.

A letter from Guaymas, Mexico, says that Gov. PESQUIERA has made ample preparations to defeat any force the Imperialists can send against Sonora. He had ordered the illumination of Guaymas whenever Richmond was taken by the United States troops.

President JOHNSON yesterday morning received a large delegation of citizens of Illinois, and afterward about fifty clergymen and others connected with the Christian Commission. He expressed his high appreciation of their confidence in him, and made to each party a brief speech.

One of President LINCOLN'S last official acts was to appoint a Postmaster and a number of Custom-house officers for Baltimore. Ex-Congressman E. H. WEBSTER is Collector, and Gen. ANDREW E. DENNISON is Postmaster.

Libby Prison contained, on the 13th, upward of 3,000 Confederate prisoners, military, political and civil; but they were being released as fast as the papers necessary to their conditions of release can be made out.

Three men and a woman have been arrested for willful defacement of the tombstones and gravestones in Woburn (Conn.) Cemetery. The pecuniary damage they have done is said to amount to $15,000.

The *Ploughman* says that CHARLES L. FLINT, Esq., has resigned his position as Secretary of the New England Agricultural Society. The labors of the office are heavy, and it is an unsalaried one.

Anniversary week in Boston is determined by the last Wednesday in May. This year, as the month goes out on Wednesday, the anniversary services will commence on Sunday evening, May 28.

Maj.-Gen. BANKS and Mrs. BANKS were among the guests at the Lindell Hotel, in St. Louis last Thursday, and were to leave next day upon a downward bound boat for New-Orleans.

The vote of the New-Hampshire soldiers adds 706 to the plurality of Gen. MARSTON, 548 to that of Mr. ROLLINS, and 592 to that of Mr. PATTERSON, for Congress.

A movement has been started in California for a subscription to purchase a homestead for the family of JOHN BROWN, who are residing at Red Bluff.

JACOB STRAWN, the great Illinois farmer, has made the Christian Commission a donation of $10,000.

Gen. SHERMAN now has his supplies sent through the Dismal Swamp Canal to Roanoke Island.

LOCAL NEWS.

Gross injustice has been done to one of the most reliable and deserving officers of the regular service, by the statement, (which has been widely circulated,) that Brig.-Gen. WM. HAYS, (known and esteemed in this city as the late Acting Provost-Marshal of the Southern District of New-York,) had been relieved of the command of the Second Division, Second Army Corps, Army of the Potomac, for inefficiency and tardiness in obeying orders. Gen. HAYS was honorably relieved by his senior officer, Brevet Maj.-Gen. BARLOW, on his return to the field and his resumption of the command of the division. On being thus relieved, Gen. HAYS was restored to his original command in the Reserve Artillery of the Army of the Potomac.

At the Live Stock Markets this week, the supplies of most kinds of animals are hardly equal to the average receipts for the year thus far. The numbers of all animals, however, are ample for the demand, except of live hogs, which are in light supply. The general condition of all the markets is very dull, sales slow, and prices of most kinds of animals considerably lower and on the decline. The news of the great national calamity, which has produced a universal gloom and a more or less general suspension of all kinds of business, has had a decided effect upon the live stock markets. Beef cattle sold at the opening sales on Monday about 1c. ℔ lb., dressed weight, below the rates last week, and have gradually declined 1c. to 2c. ℔ lb. more, selling at 19c.@24c. ℔ lb. for good to extra cattle, and from this down to 15c. ℔ lb. for poor grades of animals. Cows, also, are much cheaper. Veal calves sell from 1c.@1½c ℔ lb., live weight, below last week's quotations. Sheep are in fair supply and sell at a decline of 1c.@1½c. ℔ lb., live weight, according to quality. Live hogs have gradually increased in price since our last report, owing to the exceedingly light arrivals, and are now selling at 13½c. ℔ lb., live weight.

An unusually active demand prevailed last week, especially on the closing days of the week, for the 7-30 loan, as indicated by the corrected returns from the General Subscription Agent at Philadelphia, which made the week's sales of the loan add up $21,931,250, or a daily average of $3,655,208, as against the daily average of only $2,512,433 the preceding week, and $2,381,360 the week ending April 1. The current week opened less briskly, business being partially suspended throughout the country, in honor of the memory of our late President. The aggregate subscriptions to the loan on Monday, were $2,652,700, as against $2,873,650 on Monday of last week, and only $2,108,300 on Monday of the week preceding. A significant fact, in connection with the distribution of the loan, is, that on Saturday following the announcement of the assassination of President LINCOLN, instead of a falling off, there was an absolute increase in the subscriptions to the loan. That day's subscriptions exceeded four million dollars, being by far the heaviest amount subscribed in any single day since the panic in March.

Government gold-bearing bonds were in good request yesterday. The 6s of 1881 and 10-40s were ½@1 per cent. higher, and the 5-20s quite firm. Advices by the *Europa*, to April 3, from London, report a renewal of the demand which set in the early part of the week for the 5-20 bonds of the United States, and the market closed at the highest figures of the week on that day—being 58—or equal to an improvement over the previous Friday of nearly 5 ℔ cent. The purchases being made were mostly on German account, with speculative ventures also in the French and London markets.

Business will be generally suspended in this city, to-day and to-morrow. All the commercial centres—the Stock Exchanges, Gold Room, Produce, Tobacco and Petroleum Exchanges, Custom-house, and wholesale stores—will remain closed through both days. The banks and private banking houses will be open for a short time, to-day, to attend to notes and drafts only; but will not transact any business whatever to-morrow, (Thursday,) the day designated by Gov. FENTON, of this State as a day of humiliation and prayer, and thus made a legal holiday.

The Board of Managers of the Produce Exchange have resolved to close that institution on Wednesday and Thursday, 19th and 20th inst., through respect for the memory of the late President of the United States, ABRAHAM LINCOLN, and in obedience to the proclamation of Gov. FENTON, of this State. The Exchange was heavily and most appropriately draped in mourning immediately on the reception of the news of the death of our late President.

The result of the Coroner's inquest in the case of Mr. MAURICE BEANSKEOIN, a wealthy stockbroker, who was found dead in the street on Sunday last, shows that Mr. B. was killed by leaping from the window of a room in which he had been confined by his friends, on account of intemperance.

Several persons were arrested yesterday for uttering disloyal language in connection with the death of President LINCOLN. Among those arrested were "Count" CHEESBROUGH, a wealthy resident of Stuyvesant-square, MARTIN BAKER, a German, THOS. J. ADAMS and WM. C. CARNLEY.

JOHN PAGE, a man aged about thirty-five years, died at the New-York Hospital yesterday from the effects of a blow with a cart rung received at the hands of an unknown man, while walking through Liberty-street, on the 28th of March last.

A light business was transacted yesterday in the principal kinds of produce and merchandise, at less buoyant prices. Flour declined 10c. per barrel, wheat 2c.@3c. per bushel. The freight market was quite dull and nominal.

The price of gold was 2 per cent. lower yesterday. Government Stocks firm. The railways were depressed at the Stock Exchange. Money easy. Exchange on London firm, at 109½ for gold.

All the employes of the Police Department have been ordered to wear crape on the arm for thirty days, and all the station-houses are to be draped with mourning for a like period.

The Day of Mourning.

The last sad rites are to begin to-day. Not they alone in the nation's capital will celebrate them, but the loyal millions from the Atlantic to the Pacific. Every city and town and village will be shrouded in mourning; the fervent stir of business will cease; the tolling of the bell will be heard; and from the thronged churches a nation's cry of sorrow and supplication will ascend to heaven.

Death, it has been said, canonizes a great character. It has preëminently had that effect in the case of ABRAHAM LINCOLN. He has been but four days dead, and yet has already had more tributes of homage than any American since the days of WASHINGTON. All parties, and all conditions of society, have vied with each other in doing honor to his memory. His services as a public servant are appreciated at something like their real worth; a cloud of political prejudice has rolled away; and all magnify and glorify the dead President, as if that were the best of all possible ways to approve one's self a true patriot and an honest man.

How is it that there should be such unity and such sincerity of sorrow? Does it arise from a selfish concern for the loss of valuable public service? Is it because we are moved by an apprehension that without ABRAHAM LINCOLN we are exposed to new dangers and new trials? This cannot be. Everywhere there is evidence that the loyal people of the country never had greater confidence in its security and future glory than now. The rebellion lies prostrate. The people of the South are turning to salute the old flag, and, as "wiser and sadder" men, again to take on their allegiance. Weighty questions touching justice for the past and policy for the future have yet to be determined upon; but nobody imagines that there is not wisdom enough left in the new President, the Cabinet and Congress to deal with them correctly. Would indeed that we had back the steady judgment, the manly soul, the warm heart, the tender voice, and the strong hand that led and guided and cheered when thick darkness was around us; and yet under those auspicious skies we can hardly fail to go safely. No! it is not the future service lost that we lament. The people's mourning for the dead President takes no such calculating shape as that. It is simpler, deeper, purer. It comes,—like the grief of the household for the parent, from what he was, and what he had done, and not for what he would do. Grateful affection alone prompts it. These tears flow not because of the use the nation still had for ABRAHAM LINCOLN, but simply because it loved him.

And what was it that inspired this peculiar love? Certainly not any remarkable intellectual power. There is nothing in intellectual power of itself to inspire love, and, even if there were, President LINCOLN had no uncommon measure of it. We must look elsewhere. The explanation of this affection is to be found in the fact, the simple fact, that he was a good man and a true man, and faithfully did the work the nation called him to do. It was his unpretentious, self-forgetful, absolute devotion to duty, in the most trying circumstances, that first of all made the people grapple him to their souls with hooks of steel. Even in his life-time his political opponents could not escape the influence of this. It softened their malice in spite of them; it blunted the edge of all their weapons. And now that he is dead, they find themselves compelled, they hardly know how, by every manly instinct, to praise and to grieve.

We hail this new evidence of the soundness of the American heart. In spite of the bitterness engendered by the fierceness of our political strifes, and all the hardness induced by our sharp competitions for gain, and all the "contagious blastments" of corrupt officials, and in spite of all the perverting influences of the conventional standards and artificial ways of our social life, there is yet that native fibre in the American bosom which will vibrate in homage to sterling public worth. And upon all the youth of America the spectacle of this day ought to impress an indelible lesson. It is a lesson that there is no such road to honor as to live a life of duty in all simplicity and straightforwardness. Everything which made ABRAHAM LINCOLN the loved and honored man he was, it is in the power of the humblest American boy to imitate.

A nation's jewels are the virtues of its illustrious dead. Its cities may crumble, its masterpieces of industry and art may moulder into nothingness; but these are heirlooms that defy time. They have a perpetual power to radiate and to enkindle—to communicate a kindred glow, to wake to life a congenial spirit. We have reason to thank God to-day for vouchsafing to our country, at this memorable period, a ruler so completely exemplifying the finest qualities of republican virtue. It may be that one purpose of that strange manner of summoning him to the skies was to signalize his character all the more, and to engrave his traits all the deeper into the memories of coming generations. Certain at least it is, that it is his model of public duty that ought most to be copied from, if Americans would make their republic immortal.

The Mourning of the Slaves.

One of the Commissioners for Emancipation was at Hilton Head in the earlier part of the war, and overheard a gang of negroes, working for the government, talk about their final chances for liberty. The question was raised among them whether the President knew their condition and would liberate them. An aged slave among them, who seemed a "class-leader," stopped his work, and, in the most impressive manner, said to them, with a certain awe which they all evidently responded to: "De President! Why, ob course he knows! He is ebrywhere! He is like de bressed Lord; he walks de waters and de land!" This gentleman afterward related this incident to Mr. LINCOLN, and the kind-hearted man had to turn away to the window to hide his tears at this instance of touching confidence and superstitious reverence in this simple-minded race toward himself.

On this day of national mourning, when the badges of sorrow cover the dwellings of the rich, when funereal drapery festoons the public halls and the churches, when organs peal the notes of grief to weeping audiences, when the voices of the clergy repeat in moving tones the virtues of the deceased, and call up again the nation's loss, and a whole people is bowed in affliction, there will be no deeper mourning for the beloved and honored head of the Republic than in the cabins of the slaves. In lonely huts, where the news of the great crime has penetrated, in the villages of the emancipated from Virginia and the Carolinas, in the crowded haunts of the poor negroes within the great cities, there will be grief to-day, such as needs no funeral orations, or badges of gloom and mourning. The tears of the forgotten and outcast and oppressed slave, now redeemed to his manhood, will be the sincerest tears that fall on the grave of the President. From the cottages of the poor and the downtrodden will come his truest requiem. And hundreds of thousands of honest hearts, whom the world knows not of, will mourn this day the loss of their best friend and their emancipator. It has long been known to those dealing with the freedmen of the South, that in the eyes of that simple people, Mr. LINCOLN was a kind of a prophet and divine leader. His Proclamation of Emancipation has echoed in every slave settlement of the rebel States. He was known to be their great friend, and was looked forward to as their deliverer. All the armies and navies of the Union were supposed by many of them to be merely the instruments of this powerful and good redeemer. Whatever disasters occurred, these persons never doubted of final success to the arms of Master LINCOLN.

There is a historical appropriateness in the fact that President LINCOLN should be mourned most of all by the slaves. History judges men especially by their relation to great ideas and great movements. The removal of slavery from this continent will by and by be thought the grand act of this century; an era like the Reformation in Europe, or the establishment of a republic on this side of the Atlantic. Public men will be measured by their opposition to or approval of it. Mr. LINCOLN will be especially remembered as the great emancipator, and the leader of the American Republic when she first shook off the fearful burden of slavery. The "friend of the slave" will be his lasting title with posterity. Men will not cease to remember and relate his gradual, reasonable, patient efforts to rid the nation of this curse: his sympathy with those in bonds, the tenacity with which he adhered to his policy of emancipation, his increasing sense of the guilt of slavery, and his final tragic death, suffered in part from his devotion to an oppressed race.

It is most fitting that for such a statesman the poor and the bondmen should most of all mourn, and that with the tears of the nation he led to a higher justice and unity, should fall also the tears of the subject race for whom he effected so much while living, and for whom, in part, he died.

Something to be Looked After.

GEORGE N. SANDERS sends us a note from Montreal, which we publish in another column. It implicates Hon. R. J. WALKER, so far as SANDERS' assertions can implicate anybody, in a disgraceful and criminal attempt to secure a surrender of the powers and rights of the government, as the price of peace with the rebellion. It is a little more contemptible, and a good deal more absurd, than the previous peace palavers which had disgusted the loyal sentiment of the country.

It is about time, in our judgment, when SANDERS and his associate conspirators in Canada should be treated as they deserve. They are simply making Canada a nest, where they may safely hatch their schemes of robbery, arson and assassination. They were the authors of the murderous St. Albans raid. The seizure of the steamers on Lake Erie was their work. They contrived the hellish plot for burning this city. BEALL and KENNEDY were hung for crimes which these cowardly scoundrels plotted and devised. They organize the raids upon border cities, which are from time to time detected and defeated. And there is very little room to doubt that the assassination of President LINCOLN was but one incident of a conspiracy which they devised and set in motion.

We feel at liberty to state some facts which have an important bearing on this point, and which come to us on good authority. Only the day before he was thrown from his carriage and disabled, Mr. SEWARD received letters from Canada, warning him of a plot, then nearly ripe for execution, *to assassinate all the leading members of the government*, and stating that it was got up by the rebel emissaries in Canada and was to be carried out under their direction. He consulted another member of the Cabinet on the subject, and although previous warnings of a similar tenor had proved groundless, it was decided that certain measures of precaution should be adopted. Mr. SEWARD'S accident alone prevented the fulfillment of theis intention. But the accuracy of the information from Canada is proved by subsequent events. BOOTH'S call upon Vice-President JOHNSON on Friday afternoon has been already mentioned:—its purpose probably was to obtain information concerning the room for the use of his accomplice. A man the day before had taken the room directly over JOHNSON'S, which he quit, however, on Friday—probably becoming alarmed as the moment drew near,—leaving a pair of pistols behind him. That BOOTH included GRANT in his intended massacre is known,—and it is also certain that some one was awaiting STANTON'S return to his house at the same hour.

The whole thing was a gigantic conspiracy—traceable, we do not doubt, to the rebel agents in Canada, of whom SANDERS is one of the most reckless and unscrupulous leaders, and who cloak their hellish designs under pretended negotiations for peace.

It is time this gang of murderous scoundrels was broken up. And it is time especially that Americans who claim to be loyal should cease to make themselves their toadies and tools. What business has ROBERT J. WALKER to be dancing attendance on that prince of insolent rebel adventurers, GEORGE N. SANDERS, concocting with him and his confederates a "basis of settlement," agreeing to the surrender of principles vital to our government, and seeking to seduce loyal citizens into complicity with their plots? We do not credit the assertions of SANDERS concerning Mr. WALKER'S agency in this matter; but it is time for the government to give Mr. WALKER and everybody else to understand that this treacherous communication with rebel agents will no longer be tolerated. And if these murderous conspiracies can be traced to SANDERS and his associates, their surrender as assassins should be demanded of the Canadian authorities. The government has trifled with this sort of thing long enough.

THE BRITISH RESIDENTS AND THE PUBLIC CALAMITY.—We are bound to recognize the feelings and the taste which dictated the resolutions passed at a meeting of British residents, which was convened yesterday at the Astor House, under the presidency of Mr. Consul ARCHIBALD. The assembly was respectable in numbers, and equally so in character. The speaking and the formal record of the sympathies of those who attended were entirely commendable. And we trust the meeting may be taken as an earnest of the revival, once more, of the common friendship between the two nations which once existed, but which the jealousy and avarice fostered by this rebellion had all but uprooted. In the light of these closing scenes of the conspiracy, which threatened the national life, we doubt not many who at first saw in that conspiracy only a legitimate check to the progress of a great rival, will now discover the full hideousness of the thing they were tempted to nourish. Its expiring throes will startle the "sympathizing" world from its complaisant mood, and show it what the system of the conspirators in its incarnate form has actually been from the beginning.

THE FEELING IN THE BRITISH PROVINCES.—There is barely an exception to the universal feeling of friendly sympathy and deep sorrow which find expression throughout the neighboring provinces. The admirable article from the Toronto *Globe*, which we copy, undoubtedly reflects the all-prevailing sentiment in regard to the late President—a sentiment not merely of profound respect, but something almost akin to personal affection. That there is an exception to this feeling is shown by the view of an assassination which is taken by the provincial organ of the rebels. That print, we believe, will be found to be the only so-called British newspaper in either hemisphere that will be able to find so self-satisfying a plea to justify the murder. It fitly represents the rebel refugees who celebrated the assassination at Toronto in a general debauch, over which "a Southern clergyman" very properly presided.

TRADING IN THE NATIONAL CALAMITY.—The police can hardly need to be advised of the fact that the dead walls and fences throughout the city are placarded with bills, wherein the solemn subject on which the public mind is fixed is made to cover advertisements of fancy weapons, and other articles of commerce, suggested by the assassination. These and the equally objectionable bills, which take the form of inflammatory appeals, clearly ought to be prohibited. At least the advertisers should be compelled to show some regard to decency, while the city is enwrapped in the emblems of mourning.

A SPEECH BY PRESIDENT JOHNSON.

Citizens of Illinois Visit the New President—Remarks of Gov. Oglesby—Reply of Mr. Johnson.

WASHINGTON, Tuesday, April 18.

In accordance with resolutions passed at a meeting of the citizens of Illinois, held at the National Hotel yesterday afternoon, the citizens of that State assembled at Willard's Hotel preparatory to paying their respects to His Excellency ANDREW JOHNSON, President of the United States, Gov. Oglesby, accompanied by Senator Richard Yates, Gen. Isham N. Haynie, Ex-Senator H. H. Browning, Hon. D. S. Phillips, J. T. Farnsworth, Hon. Isaac N. Arnold, Hon. John Wilson, Gen. Gamble, Col. John S. Loomis, Col. James H. Bowen, Gov. Pickering of Oregon, Gen. Julius White, Hon. J. M. Hanna, Maj. S. Wait, Major W. C. Carroll, Major P. Flynn, and a large concourse of citizens repaired to the room of President JOHNSON, in the Treasury building.

Gov. OGLESBY presented the delegation and addressed the President as follows:

Mr. President: I take much pleasure in presenting to you this delegation of the citizens of Illinois, representing almost every portion of the State. We are drawn together by the mournful events of the past few days, to give some feeble expression to the feelings we, in common with the whole nation, realize as pressing us to the earth, by appropriate and respectful ceremonies. We thought it not inappropriate, before we should separate even in this sad hour, to seek this interview with Your Excellency, that while the bleeding heart is pouring out its mournful anguish over the death of our beloved late President, the idol of our State and the pride of the whole country, we may earnestly express to you, the living head of this nation, our deliberate, full and abiding confidence in you as the one who in these dark hours must bear upon yourself the mighty responsibility of maintaining, defending and directing its affairs. In the midst of this sadness, through the oppressive gloom that surrounds us, we look to you, and to a bright future for our country. The assassination of the President of the United States deeply depresses and severely aggravates the entire nation. But under our blessed constitution it does not delay, nor for any great great length of time retard, its progress, does not for an instant disorganize or threaten its destruction. The record of your whole past life, familiar to all, the splendor of your recent gigantic efforts to stay the hand of treason and assassination, and restore the flag to the uttermost bounds of the republic, assure that noble State which we represent, and we believe the people of the United States, that we may safely trust our destinies in your hands; and to this end we come in the name of the State of Illinois, and, we confidently believe, fully and faithfully expressing the wishes of our people to present and pledge to you the cordial, earnest and unremitting purpose of our State to give your Administration the strong support we have heretofore given to the Administration of our lamented late President, the policy of which we have heretofore, do now and shall continue to indorse.

President JOHNSON replied:

GENTLEMEN: I have listened with profound emotion to the kind words you have addressed to me. The visit of this large delegation to speak to me, through you, Sir, these words of encouragement, I had not anticipated, in the midst of the saddening circumstances which surround us; and the immense responsibility thrown upon me, an expression of the confidence of individuals, and still more of an influential body like that before me, representing a great Commonwealth, cheers and strengthens my heavily burdened mind. I am at a loss for words to respond. In an hour like this of deepest sorrow, were it possible to embody in words the feeling of my bosom, I could not command my lips to utter them. Perhaps the best reply I could make, and the one most readily appropriate to your kind assurances of confidence, would be to receive them in silence. [Sensation.] The throbbings of my heart since the sad catastrophe which has appalled us, cannot be reduced to words; and oppressed as I am with the new and great responsibility which has devolved upon and saddened me with grief, I can with difficulty respond to you at all. But I cannot permit such expressions of the confidence reposed in me by the people to pass without acknowledgment. To an individual like myself, who has never claimed much, but who has, it is true, received from a generous people many marks of trust and honor, for a long time, an occasion like this, and a manifestation of public feeling so well-timed, are peculiarly acceptable. Sprung from the people myself, every pulsation of the popular heart finds an immediate answer in my own. By many men in public life such occasions are often considered merely formal. To me they are real. Your words of countenance and encouragement sink deep in my heart; and were I even a coward I could not but gather from them strength to carry out my convictions of the right. Thus feeling, I shall enter upon the discharge of my great duty firmly, steadfastly [applause,] if not with the signal ability exhibited by my predecessor, which is still fresh in our sorrowing minds. Need I repeat that no heart feels more sensibly than mine this great affliction. In what I say on this occasion, I shall indulge in no petty spirit of anger, no feeling of revenge. But we have beheld a notable event in the history of mankind. In the midst of the American people, where every citizen is taught to obey law and observe the rules of Christian conduct, our Chief Magistrate, the beloved of all hearts, has been assassinated; and when we trace this crime to its cause, when we remember the source whence the assassin drew his inspiration, and then look at the result, we stand yet more astounded at this most barbarous, most diabolical assassination. Such a crime as the murder of a great and good man, honored and revered, the beloved and the hope of the people, springs not alone from a solitary individual of ever so desperate wickedness. We can trace its cause through successive steps, without my enumerating them here, back to that source which is the spring of all our woes. No one can say that if the perpetrator of this fiendish deed be arrested, he should not undergo the extremest penalty the law knows for crime; none will say that mercy should interpose. But is he alone guilty? Here, gentlemen, you perhaps expect me to present some indication of my future policy. One thing I will say. Every era teaches its lesson. The times we live in are not without instruction. The American people must be taught—if they do not already feel—that treason is a crime and must be punished; [applause;] that the government will not always bear with its enemies; that it is strong not only to protect, but to punish. [Applause.] When we turn to the criminal code and examine the catalogue of crimes, we there find arson laid down as a crime with its appropriate penalty; we find there theft, and robbery, and murder, given as crimes; and there, too, we find the last and highest of crimes—treason. [Applause.] With other and inferior offences our people are familiar; but in our peaceful history treason has been almost unknown. The people must understand that it is the blackest of crimes, and will be surely punished. [Applause.] I make this allusion, not to excite the already exasperated feelings of the public, but to point out the principles of public justice which should guide our action at this particular juncture and which accord with sound public morals. Let it be engraven on every heart that treason is a crime, and traitors shall suffer its penalty. [Applause.] While we are appalled, overwhelmed at the fall of one man in our midst by the hand of a traitor, shall we allow men—I care not by what weapons—to attempt the life of the State with impunity? While we strain our minds to comprehend the enormity of this assassination, shall we allow the nation to be assassinated? [Applause.] I speak in no spirit of unkindness. I leave the events of the future to be disposed of as they arise, regarding myself as the humble instrument of the American people. In this, as in all things, justice and judgment shall be determined by them. I do not harbor bitter or revengeful feelings toward any. In general terms, I would say that public morals and public opinion should be established upon the sure and inflexible principles of justice. [Applause.] When the question of exercising mercy comes before me, it will be considered calmly, judicially, remembering that I am the Executive of the nation. I know that men love to have their names spoken of in connection with acts of mercy, and how easy it is to yield to this impulse. But we must not forget that what may be mercy to the individual, is cruelty to the State. [Applause.] In the exercise of mercy, there should be no doubt left that the high prerogative is not used to relieve a few at the expense of the many. Be assured I shall never forget that I am not to consult my own feelings alone, but to give an account to the whole people. [Applause.] In regard to my future course I will now make no professions, no pledges. I have been connected somewhat actively with public affairs, and to the history of my past public acts, which is familiar to you, I refer for those principles which have governed me heretofore, and will guide me hereafter. In general I will say I have long labored for the amelioration and elevation of the great mass of mankind. My opinion as to the nature of popular government have long been cherished, and, constituted as I am, it is now too late in life for me to change them. I believe that government was made for man, not man for government. [Applause.] This struggle of the people against the most gigantic rebellion the world ever saw, has demonstrated that the attachment of the people to their government is the strongest national defence human wisdom can devise. [Applause.] So long as man feels that the interests of the government are his interests, so long as the public heart turns in the right direction, and the people understand and appreciate the theory of our government, and love liberty. Our Constitution will be transmitted unimpaired. If the time ever comes when the people shall fail, the government will fail, and we shall cease to be one of the nations of the earth. After having preserved our form of free Government, and shown its power to maintain its existence through the vicissitudes of nearly a century, it may be that it was necessary for us to pass through this last ordeal of intestine strife to prove that this government will not perish from internal weakness, but will stand to defend itself against all foes, and punish treason. [Applause.] In the dealings of an Inscrutable Providence, and by the operation of the constitution, I have been thrown unexpectedly into this position. My past life, especially my course during the present unholy rebellion, is before you. I have no principles to retract. I defy any one to point to any of my public acts at variance with the fixed principles which have guided me through life. I have no professions to offer. Professions and promises would be worth nothing at this time. No one can foresee the circumstances that will hereafter arise. Had any man gifted with prescience, four years ago, uttered and written down in advance the events of this period, the story would have seemed more marvelous than anything in the *Arabian Nights*. I shall not attempt to anticipate the future. As events occur and it becomes necessary for me to act, I shall dispose of each as it arises, deferring any declaration or message until it can be written paragraph by paragraph in the light of events as they transpire.

Meeting of the St. Andrews Society.

The St. Andrew's Society held a meeting, last evening, at the Maison Dorée, for the purpose of paying a tribute of respect to the memory of the late President. A large number of the most influential members of the society were present.

ROBERT GORDON, President of the Society, presided, and JAMES CALLAHAN acted as Secretary.

The President called the meeting to order, and spoke substantially as follows: The attendance here this evening of so large a number of the members, on so short a notice, is sufficient evidence that I was not mistaken in supposing you would be glad to have an opportunity of mutually expressing your abhorrence of the deed which has so suddenly plunged this great nation into such a profound grief; and also of giving utterance to your sympathy, not only with the individuals to whom the calamity comes as a personal bereavement, but with the nation at large, at being deprived of its trusted leader in a most critical momoment of its history. Not until he was taken away did men realize how much the late President had endeared himself to the nation at large, not only by his devotion to the interests of his country, but by the geniality of his disposition, and that innate honesty of purpose which were so eminently characteristic of the man. The sudden and awful manner in which he met his death has undoubtedly contributed largely toward intensifying the feeling of regret which has been manifested; but even had it been his fate to have fallen a victim to disease, instead of by the hand of an assassin, I cannot doubt but that the death of ABRAHAM LINCOLN, would, under any circumstances, coming at this time, have created an intense feeling of regret. The bitterness of the late political struggle seemed all to have passed, and men of all parties seemed to be ready to give him their support in the measures which he was supposed to be about inaugurating,—the restoration of a lasting peace to the land. Let us hope that the peace he seemed so near realizing may ere long be vouchsafed to us. To this end, it is right that we should give utterance, not only to our regrets, but also to our determination to support those who by this sad event have been called upon to assume the heavy responsibilities from which he is now freed, and in the resolutions which I have no doubt you will pass on this solemn occasion, I trust such an expression may find a place.

Eloquent addresses were also made by Hon. Hugh Maxwell, Mr. John Taylor Johnston, Rev. J. K. Campbell, Mr. James Moir, Adam Norrie and Wm. Wood, who eulogized the character of the late President, and expressed their sympathy with the family of the deceased and the nation in their great affliction.

The following resolutions were adopted, when the meeting adjourned:

Whereas, The honored and beloved President of the United States, ABRAHAM LINCOLN, has fallen by the hand of an assassin, whereby the country has been turned into a land of mourning;

Resolved, That we desire to express our heartfelt participation in the universal grief and horror caused by this hideous crime and appaling calamity, whereby the nation has been suddenly bereaved of a Chief Magistrate, whose integrity of character, eminent personal virtues and patriotic public services had secured him an exalted place in the confidence and affection of his countrymen.

Resolved, That we respectfully tender to the bereaved family of the deceased, the expression of our sincere sympathy under this most afflictive dispensation of Divine Providence.

The News in California.

SAN FRANCISCO, Tuesday, April 18.

A large meeting of citizens was held at Platt's Hall on Sunday, the Mayor presiding. A series of resolutions were passed, among which was the following, which expresses the general feeling on this coast:

"The great, capacious, manly heart of ABRAHAM LINCOLN was generous enough to have embraced all within the forgiveness of his loving nature; and in their madness they have killed him. Before his death peace was possible. All the atmosphere was filled with generous emotions, and kind sympathy. Now peace means subjugation or annihilation. God have mercy on the souls of the rebel chiefs!"

When this was read there was great excitement, and the people cheered over and over again. A committee of fifty citizens was appointed to make preparations for the obsequies of the President. All loyal citizens are reqested to wear crape for thirty days.

No disturbance of the public peace has occurred since the last dispatch. The military are still under arms, and patrol the streets at intervals. But there is no probability of further disturbance.

Dispatches from Nevada and Oregon show that these States are moved equally with California.

The Feeling in West Virginia.

WHEELING, W. V., Tuesday, April 18.

Wednesday the 19th inst., having been fixed for the funeral services of the late President LINCOLN, Gov. BOREMAN has issued his proclamation to the people of West Virginia, recommending that it be observed as a day of fasting and prayer, as a slight expression of the profound respect for the deceased, and their appreciation of his many private virtues and public acts, and for the purpose of solemnizing the occasion with appropriate ceremonies.

The Seven-Thirty Loan.

PHILADELPHIA, Tuesday, April 18.

JAY COOK reports the subscriptions to the Seven-Thirties to-day at $2,701,300. Among the single subscriptions were one from Cleveland of $150,000, one from Baltimore of $280,000, one from New-York of $400,000, one from Boston of $215,000. There were also 1,890 individual subscriptions of $50 and $00.

Surrender of Gen. Lee.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

There seems to be a general misunderstanding, both among our people and some of our editors, with reference to the terms of surrender granted by Gen. Grant to the "Army of Northern Virginia."

In his letter of the 8th inst. to Gen. Lee, Gen. Grant says: "Each officer and man will be allowed to return to their homes, not to be disturbed by the United States authority, so long as they observe their parole and the laws in force where they reside."

It is assumed that these terms grant an unconditional pardon for all past offences against the "civil law" to the officers and men belonging to the surrendered army. A little consideration will show this cannot be so. Gen. Grant, seeing through the endeavors of Gen. Lee to entangle him in the meshes of diplomatic interviews in relation to a general peace, refused to treat with him in a "*civil*" capacity, and only offered the terms of a victorious and magnanimous soldier to a brave enemy. By surrendering to the military power, Gen. Lee and his army became simply "prisoners of war;" as much so in their homes in the South as if they were shut up in some huge Fort Lafayette. Gen. Grant evidently remembered that the army of Pemberton, paroled by him at Vicksburgh, was kept in a state of perfect organization by being formed into "a paroled camp." On this occasion he provided that the officers and men should "be allowed to return to their homes"—thus totally breaking up the rebel army. This "allowing," in military language, is equivalent to a command; so that these prisoners can go to "their homes," there to remain, unless allowed by express permission of the military authorities to go elsewhere.

The military law in relation to "prisoners of war" is the same, whether the prisoners are under parole or under actual duress; and in either case they are entitled to personal protection, as much against the "civil law" as against an armed mob. This protection, it is to be presumed, is what Gen. Grant means when he says they shall "not be disturbed by the United States authority so long as they observe their parole," &c.

Military law is supreme only when the civil law is inoperative; and where success follows military operations, can only, in a country like ours, be temporary. Nevertheless, all pledges made or privileges granted by virtue of military law, while it is the controlling power, must be respected by the civil law when it reassumes its supremacy. It follows from this principle, that although the whole South may return to its allegiance, and the States and United States authorities may be in full exercise of their civil functions, the "Army of Virginia" is not amenable to them, but still remains under the protection of military law. It may be the policy of our government to continue to hold the officers and men of this army as "prisoners of war" forever; or at least till the last one of them has passed from this earth. No punishment could be more severe than this, and no guaranty so efficacious to prevent their fomenting future discord. The military punishment for breaking a parole, is death, and no member of the "Army of Northern Virginia" can ever free *himself* from the parole which he has given.

Should, however, the government prefer to subject them to the action of the civil law, it has only to declare "the officers and men of the Army of Northern Virginia exchanged, and released from their paroles." From the moment it does this, all promises made by Gen. Grant at the time of surrender will have been fulfilled; and the members of that army, ceasing to be "prisoners of war" become once again ordinary citizens, and, as such, are fully amenable to the civil authorities. The idea seems to prevail that, because the South has no prisoners to exchange, this army can never be released. Any government has the right to free its prisoners at any time; and it has often been done as an act of policy, or for the very purpose of restoring the supremacy of the civil power.

It is evident, therefore, that the terms granted to Gen. Lee and his army do not in the slightest degree affect their future responsibility to the civil authorities. Time only and the calm judgment of the American people will show what punishment will be meted out to them.

While it is becoming in a great nation to temper justice with mercy, it behooves the controlling powers for the time being to remember the duty they owe to posterity, and to fulfill that duty by placing the stamp of eternal infamy upon those parricidal brows who, while the sworn supporters of their country, used their best endeavors to destroy it. Very respectfully, "THEN AND NOW."

New-York, Thursday, April 13, 1865.

How Vacancies in the Presidency are to be Filled.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

I have frequently been inquired of concerning the provisions which have been made by and under the constitution, relating to the Presidential succession, in case of the death or disability of both the President and Vice-President, and I find that many mistaken and some very strange opinions exist in reference thereto. The law is as follows:

First—The constitution of the United States provides that,

> In case of the removal of the President from office, or of his death, resignation or inability to discharge the powers and duties of said office, the same shall devolve on the Vice-President; and the Congress may, by law, provide for the case of removal, death, resignation or inability both of the President and Vice-President, declaring what officer shall then act as President, and such officer shall act accordingly, until the disability be removed or a President be elected.—*Const., Art. II, Sec.* 6.

Congress, therefore, has not, as some suppose, the power of *appointing* or *electing* a President, or one to act as President, in case of the removal of both President and Vice-President, but its authority can only be exercised in its *legislative* capacity and by general enactment. It devolves upon Congress to declare by law, which means by statute, not what *person*, but what *officer* shall *act as*, not *be*, President during a vacancy in that office; and

Second—In pursuance of this constitutional requirement, it has been enacted by Congress that, in case of the death, removal, resignation, or inability to act, of both the President and Vice-President, the President of the Senate *pro tempore*, or, in case there should be no President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives for the time being, shall act as President, until the disability be removed or a President be elected. And also, that in case of any such vacancy in the office of both President and Vice-President, the Secretary of State shall give notice, requiring a special election of electors, to be held at least thirty-four days previous to the first Wednesday of December following; *provided* such notice may be first given, at least two months before such first Wednesday in December; and if the time be insufficient to give such two months' notice, then the election is deferred until the following year. The manner of casting, receiving, and announcing the votes of the electors thus chosen is the same as of an ordinary Presidential election.

Such are the general provisions of the law upon this matter. Thus far in our national history they have proved amply sufficient, and yet it will be noticed that not many contingencies are provided for. The President and Vice-President both being removed, there are but two officers who can act as President, and during the long Congressional vacation, from March to December, these two offices may both be left vacant. Indeed, at the present time, there is no Speaker of the House of Representatives, and thus the President *pro tempore* of the Senate, is the only officer who could act as President in case of President Johnson's death. For this reason, if for no other, is it not highly important that Congress should be assembled without a moment's delay, not merely to elect a Speaker, but to provide a further line of temporary succession, and thus guard against any probable contingency wherein our government might be deprived of its executive head. G. S. T.

A Rebel Emissary at Work.

AN IMPUDENT LETTER FROM GEORGE N. SANDERS.

In common with our cotemporaries, we have received the following letter:

[STRICTLY PRIVATE AND CONFIDENTIAL.]

Montreal, Monday, Feb. 27, 1865.

Dear Sir: Upon my urgent request Hon. R. J. Walker came to Montreal. After nearly a month's conference with myself and the leading Confederates in Canada, and overcoming what appeared to be almost insurmountable obstacles on both sides, Mr. Walker has created a basis of settlement to be presented to the public over his own signature, that if acted upon in the true spirit of conciliation and compromise in which the Federal Constitution was framed, will, in my opinion, lead to an adjustment of all difficulties, satisfactory alike to the North and South. The leading feature of this compromise is to prevent the ascendancy of geographical parties, and make the election of a sectional President and Vice-President impossible; also, further guarantees for the protection of the rights of the minority under the constitution, by requiring at least partial concurrent legislative action of the different sections on important subjects; also, a diminution of executive power.

Mr. Walker thinks these would be important provisions for preventing sectional difficulties; and that secession as a constitutional right should be surrendered, leaving that question to stand upon the right of revolution, as in other countries.

Mr. Walker proposes that the constitution shall be so amended as that after the lapse of a reasonable period, to prohibit the levying of all duties upon imports except for revenue.

Mr. Walker's address will be based upon the principle of perfect constitutional equality of all the States, and the reserved rights of every one of them to be regarded by the general government, to assure Mexico and all other portions of North America of non-intervention in their local affairs should they choose to become members.

It is an essential part of this compromise, with a view to prevent *Negro States* in the South, that the constitution should be so amended as to forever forbid the interference by Congress with the regulation of the right of suffrage in any State.

The constitutional amendment abolishing slavery having passed Congress, Mr. Walker says that no agitation in Congress can take place hereafter, all responsibility of the Federal Government having thus ceased on this question.

The North and South agreeing upon the basis of settlement, the war to cease, and a convention of all the States to be held as soon as practicable.

This plan is the result of patient comparison of ideas, and is founded upon that principle of mutual concession, by which both sections, though yielding nothing injurious to their honor or interest, will put an end to the otherwise disastrous warfare.

Let me ask you to consider whether such a settlement is not better than an indefinite prolongation of the present struggle, with all the dangers that are to follow.

If you desire, Mr. Walker will confer with you on the subject. He leaves here for New-York and Washington in a few days. I would also be pleased to hear from you myself. Direct under cover to Mr. Henry Hogan, proprietor St. Lawrence Hall, Montreal. Respectfully, GEO. N. SANDERS.

Editor N. Y. Times, N. Y.

Letter to Edwin Booth and His Reply.

Our respected citizen, Judge Edmonds, with a heart ever alive to the requirements of mercy and kindly fellowship, has sent us the following correspondence:

MR. EDMONDS TO MR. BOOTH.

New-York, April 18, 1865.

To Edwin Booth, Esq.:

My Dear Friend: Amid the gloom and sorrow which recent events have cast over the whole of our beloved country, and indeed over the lovers of freedom everywhere, I experience a lively sympathy with the anguish peculiar to yourself, which you must now be suffering.

From the intimacy which has prevailed between you and my family, I have been long aware of the unconditional loyalty which has been uppermost with you—of the ardent patriotism which has prevailed with you—of your keen sympathy with the cause of emancipation—and your high regard for the lamented Lincoln, as at once the leader and the instrument of its predominance in our land.

These feelings, ardent as I know them to have been with you, would cause you to share deeply with every loyal heart in the intense sorrow which his sudden death has so universally created.

But I realize how much to that sorrow is added the suffering arising from your connection with the imputed author of the terrible calamity.

I know it must be with you the cause of anguish which can know of no alleviation. I cannot bid you be comforted. That belongs to Him alone in whose loving kindness I know you have such an abiding trust. I would that it were otherwise, and that I could speak comfort to you in your deep affliction, for the many estimable qualities I have recognized in you, and the earnest religious feelings which have distinguished you during the whole of our acquaintance, have awakened in me a warm personal regard which impels to the wish that I could afford you some consolation.

This much at least I can say—and I know your sensitive nature so well as to appreciate its value to you—that I do not believe that the consequences of the crime which causes our mourning will be at all visited upon you. Our people are eminently just, and their sober second thought can be relied upon. All who know you as well as I do, while they will bear testimony to your unwavering loyalty, will accord you their heartfelt sympathy in suffering so peculiar to yourself and flowing so fatally from causes which you could not control, and in which you had no participation.

So far as your inner anguish is concerned, I can but recommend you to that God whose overruling providence you so fully realize, and so far as the world around can affect you, I bid you be of good cheer, for all will be well, and you may be assured of the earnest sympathy of the good and the true everywhere. Truly and most ardently your friend,

J. W. EDMONDS.

MR. BOOTH'S REPLY.

April 18, 1865.

To Judge Edmonds:

My Dear Judge—Your kind letter of this morning overwhelms me. It so fully expresses the inmost sentiments of my heart, that I can only say, God bless you. Come and see me. Most truly, your friend,

EDWIN BOOTH.

ANOTHER LETTER FROM EDWIN BOOTH.

The following letter from Edwin Booth is published in the Boston papers:

Franklin-square, Boston, April 15, 1865.

Henry C. Jarrett, Esq.:

My Dear Sir: With deepest sorrow and great agitation I thank you for relieving me from my engagement with yourself and the public. The news of the morning has made me wretched, indeed, not only because I have received the unhappy tidings of the suspicions of a brother's crime, but because a good man and a most justly honored and patriotic ruler has fallen in an hour of national joy by the hand of an assassin. The memory of the thousands who have fallen on the field in our common country's defence during this struggle, cannot be forgotten by me even in this the most distressing day of my life. And I most sincerely pray that the victories we have already won may stay the brand of war and the tide of loyal blood.

While mourning in common with all other loyal hearts, the death of the President, I am oppressed by a private woe not to be expressed in words. But whatever calamity may befall me or mine, my country, one and indivisible, has been my warmest devotion.

EDWIN BOOTH.

OUR LONDON CORRESPONDENCE.

The Rebel Ram Stonewall—Her Escape—Who is Responsible?—Paris and the Americans There—A Sample of French Liberty—Dramatic Successes.

London, Saturday, April 1, 1865.

"*Poissons d'Avril*"—April fool! So I would like to say in French and English to the gentlemen who went to the port of Ferrol, in Spain, and waited there a fortnight, living on rancid oil and garlic, waiting to see a grand sea-fight between the rebel iron-clad ram *Stonewall*, and the United States frigate *Niagara*. I might have gone off to Spain also, to see the sight, only that I was confident that there would be no fight. And I was right. The *Stonewall*, after all its preparations and boastings of what it was going to do, started off one morning, and when last heard from had arrived at Lisbon.

It is said that the escape of the *Stonewall* was favored by the Spanish Admiral of the port, and that the officers of the Federal vessels were not too politely treated. But this is a trifle. There is a more important question to be asked and answered. How does it happen that there is in these waters a Confederate iron-clad ram of the most approved construction, with two screws, by means of which she can turn on her centre, thoroughly armed with the most formidable artillery? It is not Mr. Laird this time, nor the English Government that is answerable. The English Government is too anxious for peace, too anxious to avoid the necessity of defending Canada, to allow so much as a Thames coal-barge to escape for the use of the rebels.

I said I was going to Paris. Paris is very splendid, but very cold. There has not been so backward a season in the memory of this generation. Industry prospers, and there is much less appearance of suffering than in London. The Court is in deep mourning, but Paris is always gay. The rage, just now, is Mlle. Theresa, a young lady who sings improper songs at the music halls, the theatres, and in the salons of the nobility. Her biography, written by herself, of course, is in all the bookstores, and the songs she sings are in the shop windows—songs which shock every idea of English or American propriety. French ideas are different. The books, the pictures, the manners one sees everywhere in Paris, would throw our smoky virtuous old London into hysterics; but, on the other hand, there is one entire street in London devoted to the sale of books which the police would not tolerate in Paris, and there are scenes in the Strand and Haymarket every night which could not be found on the banks of the Seine.

I have to report that most of the loyal Americans in Paris are packing their trunks and engaging passages to New-York. They will start the moment they have heard of the final defeat of Johnston and the capitulation of Lee. They hope to get back in time to join in celebrating the victory. As to the Confederates, they look gloomy; they swear a little, chew a good deal of tobacco, and spit. It is permitted to spit in Paris. You can also blow your nose at table without offence, and take snuff between the courses at dinner. There is an abundance of all sorts of liberty in France, except, perhaps, the liberty of the press, and one or two other little liberties, for which the Emperor does not see the necessity. The French are polite to the beaten and dispairing Confederates. They are *désolés* at their despair. They look solemn, shrug their shoulders, and raise their hats as at a funeral when they see the coffin pass.

Speaking of the liberty of the press, it really seems very hard that a writer cannot romance a little without being pulled up for it. Here is a case now, just to show you how they do it. The *Phare de la Loire* has just received what they call an *avertissement*, or what I should consider a caution, in the following terms:

"Whereas the *Phare de la Loire*, of March 23, in an article signed Hughes Dufoys, has stated that M. Sartiges, the French Ambassador at Rome, had obtained an audience of the Pope to demand an explanation of a discourse given by the Pope at the Gesu, and that he had sent to Paris the result of this conversation, in consequence of which the French Government had officially notified to the Pope the speedy departure of a part of the army of occupation; and whereas no such audience was asked for, no such conversation held, and no such instructions asked for or given; and whereas the news contained in the article aforesaid was completely false, and could have no object but to make mischief; therefore, a first caution is given to the conductor of the paper and the writer of the article."

This is what we in England consider a very hard case. If we are to be held to the exact truth in this fashion, what is to become of the interest and variety of our newspapers, which could no longer contradict each other and themselves with impunity. And if we can no longer lie about the Pope what will become of our holy religion? And if we authors and correspondents are to be deprived of the right of inventing our facts, what is to become of literature? The Emperor is drawing the lines too straight. As to sticking to facts in this way, the English press, I am proud to say, will never submit to it. True, there is a law of libel, but the Pope cannot bring a suit for libel. I should like to see an English jury that would give him a verdict, or the Emperor either, unless there was an actual threat of invasion.

We have a new sensation in the dramatic world—a new Irish drama by Mr. Boucicault, in which Mr. and Mrs. Boucicault play delightfully, and in which John Brougham renders an Irish part, it is agreed, better than has ever been done on the English stage. The piece and the acting are a success, brilliant and tremendous. Mr. Sothern has also produced a sensation in three spasms, which is immensely funny, and while burlesquing sensational dramas is one itself, of the most striking character. Adah, let me not forget to say, is doing Mazeppa at Glasgow with entire success, and in the land of kilts there is no fuss about costumes. MONADNOCK.

Secretary Seward Much Better.

The following dispatch has been received by Col. E. S. Sanford, President of the American Telegraph Company:

Washington, April 18.

E. S. Sanford:

Uncle is much better. He sat up for a quarter of an hour this morning, and was bright and cheerful. To-day is a marked improvement upon yesterday. Frederick is slowly but surely regaining his consciousness. He has spoken twice this morning. He sleeps much of the time, and breathes regularly and easily. His pulse and appetite are good. I think every one feels encouraged with regard to both. The messenger and nurse are both doing well.

C. A. SEWARD.

THE STATE LEGISLATURE.

SENATE.

Albany, Tuesday, April 18.

The Senate met and adjourned until noon tomorrow, after adopting a resolution that each Senator and officer of the Senate wear mourning on the left arm for thirty days.

ASSEMBLY.

Albany, Tuesday, April 18—11 A. M.

VETOES BY THE GOVERNOR.

The Governor's Private Secretary presented the veto of the bill for the erection of a dam across the Susquehanna River. Also the bill to incorporate the Father Mathew Total Abstinence Society of New-York. Also the bill to incorporate the Young Men's Father Mathew Total Abstinence Mutual Benefit Society No. 1. Also the bill to increase fares on street railroads in Erie, Albany and Rensselaer Counties. The following is the veto on the last-named bill:

State of New-York,
Executive Department, April 18.

To the Assembly:

I respectfully return a bill entitled an act for the increase of fares on the street railroads in the counties of Erie, Albany and Rensselaer, without my approval. The right and the duty to furnish relief in certain cases no one can doubt, and I deem it wise and proper that each case of varying circumstances and condition should rest wholly upon its own merits unaffected as it is unconnected with any other. Upon examination it seems to me that the roads mentioned in the bill differ in the measure of relief required and it may be questioned whether some of them are properly objects of relief at all. Care should be exercised in establishing precedents in this extraordinary period which may embarrass future legislation, and the application of which upon a return to a normal condition of expense and values may prove an unjust burden upon the people. One of the plausible reasons urged upon the Legislature for the passage of an act granting railroad franchises was that the consequent of the roads would benefit the laboring class of people; that those of moderate means would have facilities which hitherto had been practically denied them and the property-owners along the routes were more easily reconciled, on the ground that the interests of the laboring classes were to be subserved thereby.

I am unwilling to consent to any very general disturbance or change from the rates there fixed after mature deliberation, except in special and extraordinary cases until the return of business and values to the settled and ordinary channels, which I confidently hope is not far distant.

(Signed.) R. E. FENTON.

The German Opera at the Academy of Music.—Mr. Grover, the manager, has very properly postponed the commencement of his season of German Opera until next Monday evening, in view of this week being one of general mourning. Full advertisements will appear on Thursday of the programme of the season.

Colgate's Honey Soap.

This celebrated **Toilet Soap**, in such universal demand, is made from the **choicest materials**, is **mild** and **emollient** in its nature, **fragrantly scented**, and extremely beneficial in its action upon the skin. For sale by all Druggists and fancy-goods dealers.

If this should meet the eye of any one suffering from bronchitis, consumption, asthma, or any pulmonary affection, we refer them to Dr. JAYNE'S EXPECTORANT, which will, in all cases, afford relief, and in most effect a speedy cure.

Do not Waste your Money Buying any of the numerous worthless articles called GOLD PENS, which have flooded the market for the last few years, when at lower prices you can get pens which are acknowledged to be the BEST IN THE WORLD.

Avoid the shameless Upstarts, whose lack of brains compels them to attempt imitation, *even to the advertisement.* If you want the full value of your money call on A. MORTON, No. 25 Maiden-lane, or inclose stamp for circular.

A Silent Sewing Machine.
WILLCOX & GIBBS, No. 508 Broadway.

Wheeler & Wilson's Highest Premium LOCK-STITCH SEWING MACHINE and BUTTON-HOLE MACHINE. No. 625 Broadway, New-York.

Batchelor's Hair Dye.

The best in the world, the only reliable and perfect dye known. Instantaneous and harmless. The genuine is signed WILLIAM A. BATCHELOR. Sold by all druggists and perfumers. Factory No. 81 Barclay-st.

Second-Hand Safes.

In large numbers, of our own and others make, taken in exchange for our new patent Alum and Dry Plaster Safes. For sale low. MARVIN & CO., 265 Broadway.

Howard Hotel, Broadway, New-York.—On and after April 6, 1865, the price of board will be THREE DOLLARS AND A HALF PER DAY. The proprietors convinced that high prices cannot rule, have put the price of board at this very low figure. The house has been refurnished and thoroughly repaired throughout, and is in better condition than ever before.

Corns, Bunions, Enlarged Joints, and all diseases of the feet, cured by Dr. ZACHARIE, No. 760 Broadway.

Grover & Baker's Highest Premium Elastic stitch and lock-stitch sewing-machines, No. 495 Broadway, New-York, and No. 235 Fulton-st., Brooklyn.

We would call attention to the advertisement of WRIGHT, GILLIES & BROTHER, who are closing out their stock of teas and coffees at auction prices.

Abraham Lincoln.

MOURNING EQUIPMENTS,
DRAPERY, DRAPED FLAGS,
SHIELDS, BADGES, ROSETTES,
AND VARIOUS
MEMENTOES AND MEMORIALS
OF THE
LAMENTED PRESIDENT.
FUNSTON & SCOFIELD,
No. 9 Dey-st.

The Trade supplied on liberal terms.

An Old and Well-tried Remedy.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP for children teething has stood the test of thirty years. Millions of mothers can testify that it is reliable and perfectly safe in all cases. Relieves the child from pain, softens the gums, regulates the bowels, gives an infant troubled with colic pains quiet sleep, and its parents unbroken rest. Price 35 cents a bottle.

All Ladies and Gentlemen can have
BEAUTIFUL HAIR.
CHEVALIER'S LIFE FOR THE HAIR

restores GRAY HAIR to its original color, stops its FALLING OUT, keeps the HEAD CLEAN. Stands above comparison with any other hair dressing. Sold at the drug-stores and at my office, No. 1,123 Broadway.

SARAH A. CHEVALIER, M. D.

Quantity vs. Quality.—HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA—THE DOSE IS SMALL. Those who desire a large quantity—and large doses of medicine—ERR.

I CAN SUIT ALL.

A New Perfume for the Handkerchief.

Phalon's "Night Blooming Cereus,"
Phalon's "Night Blooming Cereus,"
Phalon's "Night Blooming Cereus,"
Phalon's "Night Blooming Cereus,"
Phalon's "Night Blooming Cereus,"
Phalon's "Night Blooming Cereus,"
Phalon's "Night Blooming Cereus."

A Most Exquisite, Delicate and Fragrant Perfume, Distilled from the Rare and Beautiful Flower from Which it takes its name. Manufactured only by PHALON & SON.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS.
ASK FOR PHALON'S—TAKE NO OTHER.
Sold by druggists generally.

Fine Carriages.

WOOD BROTHERS, Carriage Manufacturers, No. 596 Broadway, N. Y., having, since the late fire, made a clearing out sale at auction, of all their old goods, and resumed business at their old stand, No. 596 Broadway, with an entire fresh stock, made especially for the Spring trade, from new models of the most fashionable pleasure carriages now in use, are prepared to sell at greatly reduced prices. Style, fashion, beauty of model, excellence in workmanship, and durability are the characteristics of their work, and they believe in these particulars it stands unrivaled by any made upon the continent.

WOOD BROTHERS, No. 596 Broadway, N. Y.

Helmbold's Concentrated Extract Buchu
Is the great Diuretic.
HELMBOLD'S CONCENTRATED EXTRACT
SARSAPARILLA
Is the Great Blood Purifier.

Both are prepared according to rules of Pharmacy and Chemistry, and are the most active that can be made.

U. S. Postal Currency—In denominations to suit may be obtained in packages of $5 and $10 each, by applying at the Cashier's window, *Times* Office.

A Thing of Beauty is a Joy Forever.

Those who desire brilliancy of complexion, must purify and enrich the blood, which HELMBOLD'S CONCENTRATED EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA invariably does. Recollect it is no patent medicine. Ask for Helmbold's. Take no other.

Low Pressure Steam Heating Apparatus,
BAKER, SMITH & CO., No. 182 Centre-st.

The Better Part of Fashion, as well as of wisdom, is discretion. Ladies who think so should visit GENIN'S. His peerless stock of ladies', misses' and children's fancy hats has been filled up with the freshest Paris styles, and marked down below the usual Broadway prices. GENIN, No. 513 Broadway.

Defiance Fire and Burglar-proof Safes.—Also, SIDEBOARD and PARLOR SAFES, for silver plate, &c., at No. 63 Murray-st., corner of College-place.

ROBERT M. PATRICK.

Dr. Von Eisenberg,
INVENTOR OF THE FAMOUS
ÆSTHETICO NEURALGICON,
FOR THE CURE OF ALL DISEASES
OF THE
EYE, EAR, CHRONIC CATARRH,
LUNGS, THROAT, HEART, AND
CONSUMPTION.

may be consulted at his consulting-rooms, No. 816 Broadway.

Children's Carriages, Spring Rockinghorses, CANTERING HORSES, BROWN'S BABY TENDERS, SELF-OPERATING SWINGS and TOYS, TIBBALS, 510 Broadway, opposite St. Nicholas Hotel.

Electricity applied in all its various forms for the removal of acute and chronic disease, by Dr. CHAMBERLIN, No. 50 Bond-st.

Trusses, &c.—MARSH & CO.'S Radical Cure Truss Office, only at No. 2 Vesey-st. Also, supporters, bandages, silks, elastic stockings, &c. A lady attendant.

MARRIED.

Baker—Russel.—On Tuesday, April 18, by Rev. Alexander Thompson, George W. Baker, M. D., of Brooklyn, and R. Annie, youngest daughter of the late Samuel Russel, of this city.

Bixby—Putnam.—At the Church of the Holy Trinity, Brooklyn, on Tuesday, April 18, by Rev. A. N. Littlejohn, D. D., Miles F. Bixby, Esq., and Mrs. Sara H. Putnam, both of Leroy, N. Y.

Duryea—Perrin.—In the City of Brooklyn, on Tuesday, April 18, at the Church of the Messiah, by Rev. Geo. E. Thrall, Wm. H. Duryea and Bertha Perrin, only daughter of R. P. Perrin, all of said city.

Franklin—Chamberlin.—On Tuesday evening, April 18, at the 7th-st. M. E. Church, by Rev. F. Bottome, Morris Franklin, Jr., and Isabel H., daughter of the late B. C. Chamberlin, all of this city. No cards.

McIlvaine—Tompkins.—At St. Mark's Church, on Tuesday, April 18, by Rev. Dr. A. H. Vinton, Edward Reed McIlvaine and Jane Wright, daughter of Daniel H. Tompkins, all of this city.

DIED.

Burr.—In Brooklyn, on Monday, April 17, Edwin L. Burr, youngest child of the late Cornelius A. Burr, of inflammation of the bowels, aged 1 year, 8 months and 17 days.

Friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, this day, (Wednesday,) the 19th inst., at 2½ P. M., Hall-st., fourth door south of Fulton-av.

Beyea.—At Harlem, suddenly, on Monday morning, April 17, Harry Jones, youngest son of Benjamin and Phebe Beyea, aged 7 years, 6 months and 29 days.

The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, on Thursday, at 12 o'clock, from St. Andrew's Church, 127th-st., between 3d and 4th avs. His remains will be interred in Greenwood Cemetery.

Beekman.—On Tuesday morning, April 18, James W., infant son of Benjamin F. and Carrie A. Beekman, aged 3 days.

Brown.—At New-Haven, Conn., on Monday, April 17, Herbert F. Brown, in the 28th year of his age, lately of this city.

Cropper.—At Waverly, Hudson City, on Sunday, April 16, Mary, relict of Vincent Cropper, aged 78 years.

The friends of the family are invited to attend her funeral, on Wednesday afternoon, 19th inst., at 1 o'clock, from her late residence, Palisade-ay., Waverly, Hudson City.

Condit.—At Newark, N. J., on Monday, April 17, at 1½ o'clock P. M., Mrs. Margaret Condit, widow of the late Joel W. Condit, Esq.

The funeral services will be at Grace Church, on Thursday afternoon, at 2 o'clock. No further invitations.

Curley.—On Tuesday, April 18, John Curley, in the 59th year of his age.

Notice of the funeral in to-morrow's paper.

De Baun.—On Monday, April 17, Jane De Baun, aged 79 years, 4 months and 11 days.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend her funeral, from the residence of her son-in-law, Jacob B. Crane, No. 53 Charlton-st., this day, (Wednesday,) the 19th inst., at 2 o'clock P. M.

Gilson.—On Monday, April 17, William H. Gilson, Esq., in the 39th year of his age.

The funeral services will be held at his late residence, No. 34 West 32d-st., this (Wednesday) morning, the 19th inst., at 10 o'clock. The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend, without further invitation. His remains will be removed to Greenwood for interment.

Hedden.—On Monday, April 17, John Hedden, in the 31st year of his age.

I. O. of O. F.—The members of Empire Lodge No. 64, I. O. of O. F., are respectfully requested to meet at their Lodge-room, Odd Fellows' Hall, at 12 o'clock this day, for the purpose of attending the funeral of our late brother, John Hedden. E. S. RALPHS, N. G.

A. Halsey Plummer, Secretary.

Hobbs.—On Monday, April 17, Annie Maude, aged 2 years and 5 months, daughter of John and Mary Hobbs, No. 78 West 47th-st.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, at the residence of her parents, on Thursday, April 20, at 3 o'clock P. M.

Henderson.—At Bergen Point, on Monday, April 17, aged 11 months, after a short affliction of diphtheria, Francis Wm. B. Henderson, son of William and Anne Henderson, of the above place.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the Jersey Ferry, foot of Cortlandt-st., this (Wednesday) forenoon, at 12 o'clock, April 19.

Lott.—At Flatbush, on Monday evening, April 17, Lydia, widow of Jeremiah Lott, in the 88th year of her age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend her funeral, this (Wednesday) afternoon, the 19th inst., at 3 o'clock, at the Dutch Church in Flatbush.

Ludlam.—At his residence at Oyster Bay, L. I., on Saturday, April 15, Joseph Ludlam, in the 90th year of his age.

Lord.—At Brownhill, Saddleworth, Yorkshire, England, on Thursday, Feb. 2, Marshall, infant son of Samuel and Sarah Anne Lord, of New-York City, aged 8 months.

Munroe.—On Sunday morning, April 16, Edmund Munroe, Esq., of Boston, in the 85th year of his age.

Polhemus.—In Brooklyn, suddenly, on Sunday evening, April 16, Theodore Polhemus, Jr., in the 50th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend his funeral, on Wednesday afternoon, at 3 o'clock, from his late residence, 5th-av., corner Carroll-st.

Mee.—Suddenly, in Brooklyn, on Sunday, April 16, Mary Eliza Mee, in her 49th year.

McAlpine.—On Saturday, April 15, John H. McAlpine, aged 82 years.

Funeral services at St. Mark's Church, corner of 10th-st. and 2d-av., this day, (Wednesday,) the 19th inst., at 3 o'clock P. M. The relatives and friends of the deceased, and of his sons, William J. and Charles L. McAlpine, are invited to attend.

Muchmore.—At Astoria, on Tuesday, April 18, of inflammation of the lungs, Emma A., wife of W. Fletcher Muchmore, and daughter of Isaac Bird, of Morristown, N. J.

Friends and relatives are invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of W. F. Muchmore, Astoria, on Thursday, the 20th inst., at 10:30 A. M. Boats leave Peck-slip at 9:15 A. M. Also, at the M. E. Church, Morristown, Saturday, April 22, at 12 M. Trains leave foot of Barclay-st. at 8:30, and return at 3 o'clock.

☞ Morristown papers please copy.

Plummer.—At Bethpage, L. I., on Second Day, the 17th inst., John Plummer, in the 82d year of his age.

His relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral, from Friends' Meeting-house at that place, on Sixth Day, the 21st inst., at 11 o'clock. Carriages will be in waiting at Farmingdale on the arrival of the 9 o'clock train from James-slip, New-York.

Reed.—At Matanzas, Cuba, on Friday, March 31, John M. Reed, of the Architectural Iron Works, this city, and formerly of Bridgewater, Mass., aged 51 years.

The funeral service will take place at his late residence, No. 60 Irving-place, this (Wednesday) afternoon, at 1 o'clock. The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend, without further notice.

Sherman.—The remains of Watts Sherman having arrived from Madeira, the funeral services will take place at Grace Church, in this city, on Wednesday, at 2 o'clock.

Tyler.—At Barrytown, N. Y., on Monday, April 17, Capt. George Calvert Tyler, aged 51 years.

☞ Philadelphia and St. Louis papers please copy.

Truesdell.—Near Sing Sing, on Monday, April 17, Henrietta, wife of Edward D. Truesdell, in her 51st year.

Relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, without further invitation, on Thursday, the 20th inst., at 1½ o'clock. Carriages will be in attendance at Sing Sing on the arrival of the train that leaves 30th-st., at 11:30 A. M.

Vail.—On Monday, April 17, David Olyphant Vail, lately of China, in the 32d year of his age.

His relatives and friends, and those of his father-in-law, J. Cullen Van Rensselaer, are invited to attend his funeral, without further notice, on Wednesday, the 19th inst., at 10 o'clock A. M., from his late residence, No. 60 East 36th-st.

Watkis.—On Tuesday, April 18, Lewis Watkis, in the 67th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend his funeral, from his late residence, No. 47 East 3th-st., on Friday afternoon, at 2 o'clock.

Walker.—On Tuesday, April 18, Elizabeth Ann, wife of Robert Walker, and eldest daughter of William Martin.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from her late residence, No. 18 Jefferson-st., on Thursday, April 20, at 1 o'clock P. M.

FANCY CASSIMERES.

SPECIAL NOTICE TO CLOSE BUYERS
who want
CHOICE GOODS AT LOW FIGURES.
Our large and varied stock of
CLOTHS, CASSIMERES and VESTINGS,
Has been marked to meet the market, and we are constantly adding
FRESH GOODS.
Laid in at greatly reduced rates, all of which are offered very low
FOR CASH.
HALSTED & STILES, Importers and Jobbers,
Nos. 52 and 54 Murray-st.

WISTAR'S BALSAM
OF
WILD CHERRY
CURES
COUGHS, COLDS,
AND ALL LUNG
COMPLAINTS.

PRICES GREATLY REDUCED.
SPRING CLOTHING,
In every variety, at
F. B. BALDWIN'S, NOS. 70 AND 72 BOWERY.
The largest assortment and store in the city. Better styles and prices less.

LIFE INSURANCE.

Persons of impaired constitution, and those who have been refused insurance by other companies, can obtain Policies from the UNIVERSAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY at moderate rates. Life Insurance Agents are requested to present their rejected cases. Term Policies issued at from one to seven years. Prospectuses and blank forms promptly supplied on application.

Office No. 69 Liberty-st.
JOHN WADSWORTH, President.
John H. Bewley, Secretary.

SPRING DEBILITY,
THE PERUVIAN SYRUP.
SUPPLIES THE BLOOD WITH ITS VITAL PRINCIPLE, OR LIFE-ELEMENT IRON.
THOUSANDS HAVE BEEN CHANGED BY THE USE OF THIS REMEDY FROM WEAK, SICKLY, SUFFERING CREATURES, TO STRONG, HEALTHY AND HAPPY MEN AND WOMEN.

For DYSPEPSIA, DEBILITY and FEMALE WEAKNESS, it is a specific. Pamphlets free.
Depot No. 491 Broadway. J. P. DINSMORE.
For sale by all druggists.

IF YOU WANT TO BE CURED OF L. Y. D. S. Emaciation.

SPRING IS THE TIME TO USE DR. LEATHE'S
YELLOW DOCK SYRUP.

Which *Purifies the Blood. Invigorates the Body*, gives *Tone* to the *Nerves*, *Strength* to the *Muscles*, and *Health* to every *Channel, Joint* and *Limb*.

$1 50 per bottle, [which often cures.]
Depot, No. 146 Chatham-st., New-York. Sold No. 502 Grand-st.
Ask for LEATHE'S YELLOW DOCK SYRUP. Take no other. Established 1848. Sold by Druggists everywhere.

U. S. SANITARY COMMISSION.

The U. S. SANITARY COMMISSION will open in this city on the 1st day of May, a "Home" for helpless and disabled United States soldiers and sailors, at No. 45 Grove-st., near Bleecker.

Communications to be addressed to U. S. Sanitary Commission, No. 823 Broadway, N. Y.

By order of the Standing Committee.

FRANCIS FOWLER, Assistant Secretary.

FINE GOLD WATCH CHAINS, new styles, from twenty-five and thirty to three hundred dollars each. For sale by GEO. C. ALLEN, No. 415 Broadway, one door below Canal-st.

U. S. Sanitary Commission,
No. 823 Broadway, New-York, April 17, 1865.

NOTICE—MR. MERRILL LADD, ONE OF THE most respected citizens of Chicago, Illinois, is now in town, to solicit donations from the Grocers of New-York, to the Northwestern Fair. He has appointed Mr. B. L. SHERMAN, of Morris, Sherman & Chace, No. 111 Water st., receiving Agent for New-York. Mr. Ladd can also be communicated with there. The public attention is earnestly solicited to the appeal of Mr. Ladd. Interest as well as pride and charity, should induce our Grocers to represent themselves handsomely at the splendid Fair now preparing at Chicago, for our sick and wounded soldiers, soon to return home in want of everything but honor and loyalty.

HENRY W. BELLOWS,
President United States Sanitary Commission.

FUNERAL SERVICES IN ST. MATTHEW'S Church, Walker-st., THIS DAY (Wednesday,) the 19th inst., at 12 M.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

THE ASSASSINS' CARNIVAL
CAUSES THE
NATION TO MOURN.
OUR PRESIDENT STRUCK DOWN BY ASSASSIN HANDS.
ATTEMPT TO MURDER SECRETARY SEWARD.
THE NATIONAL POLICE GAZETTE
CONTAINS
a full, accurate and corrected record of the
BLOODY SCENES
enacted in Washington,
WITH SPLENDID
ILLUSTRATIONS,
showing the
ASSASSINATION OF THE PRESIDENT,
HIS DEATH-BED SCENE.

Frederick Seward's encounter with the assassin, the fight with the attendants in the bed-chamber, the attempt to assassinate Secretary Seward, a portrait of the chief assassin, Booth, together with a correct

BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCH OF HIS LIFE.
Read the
NATIONAL POLICE GAZETTE.
READY THIS MORNING.

ST. PHILIPS—ST. PHILIPS.

THE NEW NOVEL, BY THE AUTHOR OF "RUTLEDGE," is going to have an immense sale, for it is her best book, and orders are pouring in from every quarter.

READY IN A FEW DAYS.
CARLETON, Publisher, New-York.

RICHMOND WHIG.
WM. IRA SMITH, Proprietor.
OUR TERMS
TO REGULAR SUBSCRIBERS.

Persons desiring to become regular subscribers to the Richmond Whig can now do so, by mail or otherwise.

OUR TERMS

for the present, until we can more definitely ascertain the regulations of the United States governing such matters, will be as follows:

For One Year..........$10
For Six Months..........6
For Three Months..........3

to which will be added $6 per year or its proportion for a shorter period, for the prepayment of postage, which is now required.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

The undersigned, proprietor of the Richmond Whig, will be in New-York on the 17th, 18th, 19th and 20th of this month. Persons desiring to subscribe to or advertise in the Whig can leave their names and post-office, together with their advertisements, with JAS. WILDE, Jr., & CO., Nos. 55 and 57 White-st., and they will be received.

Persons wishing to become Agents can have the opportunity by calling upon me there.

WM. IRA SMITH.

New-York Herald, Times, Tribune, News and Commercial Advertiser insert the above, and send bill to JAMES WILDE, Jr., & CO., for payment.

WM. IRA SMITH.

GODEY'S LADY'S BOOK
FOR MAY, 1865.

GODEY'S celebrated colored fashions in this number contain Spring costumes.

Three beautiful gravures from the celebrated house of Messrs. A. T. Stewart & Co., of New-York—three Robe Dresses.

The Castiglione, from Brodie's Emporium.
Eighteen different Fashionable Bonnets.
Home Dress for a Young Lady—front and back views.
Initial letters for Pillow-Cases; Corsages, Sleeves, Aprons, Cravat Ends; Name for Marking; and—its first appearance in this country—Patti Sack or Jacket, front and back views.
Braid and Point Russe Trimming, Dress Trimming.
New Stitches in Crochet.
A Traveling Hand-Bag.
Embroidery patterns, etc., etc. In all, about sixty engravings for ladies' use.

Marion Harland, Mary W. Janvrin, and other celebrated writers have articles in this number.

For sale by all the dealers.

THE LETTERS
OF
ABRAHAM LINCOLN,
on questions of
NATIONAL POLICY.
Two copies, 15 cents.
H. H. LLOYD & CO.,
No. 21 John-st., New-York.

AN ENTIRELY NEW INVENTION IN DENTISTRY.

The Public and Profession are invited to examine Dr. LEVETT'S "PATENT" in COMBINATION with a gold web and rubber base for artificial teeth. It forms the LIGHTEST, most DURABLE and ELASTIC Denture yet produced, occupying but half the space in the mouth heretofore deemed indispensable, while its adhesion is perfect. No. 832 Broadway. Hours 9 till 5.

Can refer to patients of the highest respectability.

ESTABLISHED 1809.
ENOCH MORGAN'S SONS,
Manufacturers of
SOAP AND CANDLES.

Pearl Mottled Best Family, Genuine Castile, Toilet and other soaps, constantly on hand.

Store No. 211 Washington-st.; Factory No. 410 West-st.

ECONOMY, NEATNESS AND UTILITY.
HEGEMAN & CO.'S CONCENTRATED BENZINE removes paint spots, grease, &c., instantly, and cleans gloves, silks, ribbons, &c., equal to new, and without injury to the color or fabric. Only 25 cents per bottle. HEGEMAN & CO., Chemists and Druggists, Nos. 203, 399, 511, 756 Broadway, and corner 17th-st. and 4th-av. Sold by druggists.

BACK NUMBERS OF THE NEW-YORK TIMES WANTED.—Twenty-five cents per copy will be paid for the following dates: Jan. 14, April 13, 21, 30, Sept. 29, Oct. 1, Dec. 21, 1860; Jan. 1, 10, 11, Feb. 1, 2, 11, 5, 1861; Jan. 12, March 9, 30, Dec. 30, 1862. Address J., M., Box No. 102 *Times* Office. Back numbers for sale.

From the largest Manufacturing Chemist in the World.

I AM ACQUAINTED WITH MR. H. T. HELMBOLD: he occupied the drug-store opposite my residence, and was successful in conducting the business where others had not been equally so before him. I have been favorably impressed with his character and enterprise.

WILLIAM WEIGHTMAN,
Firm of Powers & Weightman,
Manufacturing Chemists,
9th and Brown sts., Philadelphia.

NEW YORK CONSOLIDATED STAGE COMPANY.
RECEIVER'S SALE.

The undersigned has been authorized by the Supreme Court and Court of Common Pleas to sell all the property of the New-York Consolidated Stage Company, and offers the following routes:

BROADWAY AND WALL-ST. LINE.
BROADWAY AND SOUTH FERRY LINE,

With a valuable Leasehold Property, consisting of an unexpired term of eight years, from May next, of thirteen lots, fronting on Broadway, 39th-st., and 7th-av.; substantial brick buildings, covering entire premises. Also,

4TH-AV., BROADWAY AND SOUTH FERRY LINE;
GREENPOINT FERRY, 8TH-ST., BROADWAY, AND SOUTH FERRY LINE;
SOUTH FERRY, BROADWAY, 14TH-ST. AND 9TH-AV. LINE;

With all the necessary appurtenances, fixtures and tools, complete in each shop. Apply to JOHN MURPHY, Receiver, Broadway, corner 39th-st.

NOT A FEW OF THE WORST DISORDERS that afflict mankind arise from corruption of the blood. HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA is a remedy of the utmost value.

ARNOUXS,
MERCHANT TAILORS,
No. 699 BROADWAY, corner 4th-st.,

have just received a choice assortment of elegant cloths, cassimeres and cashmere vestings for the present season, all of which are marked down to peace prices.

CABINET FURNITURE
AT THE LOWEST
MANUFACTURERS' PRICES.

We have constantly on hand, and make to order in the latest styles, rosewood, black walnut, and black and gilt parlor suites, oak and walnut library and dining suites, rosewood, walnut and chestnut bedroom and chamber suites, and a general assortment of all articles in our line, to which we draw the attention of the public to see and examine our goods before purchasing elsewhere.

All goods warranted.

WEIL & BRAUNSDORF,
Nos. 125 and 127 Rivington-st., between Norfolk and Essex sts. The Belt Railroad passes within two blocks of the store.

A CLEAR, SMOOTH SKIN AND BEAUTIFUL COMPLEXION follows the use of HELMBOLD'S CONCENTRATED FLUID EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA. It removes black spots, pimples and all eruptions of the skin.

USE THE BEST!
IT WILL DESTROY MOTHS! NOW IS THE TIME!
GET BOWDEN'S MOTH-DESTROYING PACKET,
for preserving cloths, furs, carpets, robes, blankets, and all woolen goods, from MOTHS and all destructive insects. For sale by all druggists.

ELEVENTH WARD UNION LEAGUE CONTINENTAL COUNCIL, NO. 13.—Members are specially requested to assemble at No. 127 Columbia-st., THIS MORNING, at 11 o'clock precisely.

JOHN MUDIE, Secretary.

FINANCIAL.

FISK & HATCH,
BANKERS,
AND
U. S. 7-30 LOAN AGENTS
No. 38 Wall-st.,
have all denominations of
THE 7-30 NOTES
constantly on hand for
IMMEDIATE DELIVERY,
All Classes of
GOVERNMENT SECURITIES
bought and sold at market rates.

STATE OF MASSACHUSETTS 5 PER CENT. COUPON BONDS, DUE IN 1894.
INTEREST AND PRINCIPAL PAYABLE IN GOLD.
APPLY TO BLAKE BROS. & CO.,
NO. 17 WALL-STREET.

AUG. BELMONT & CO.,
BANKERS,
No. 50 WALL-ST.,
Issue Circular Letters of Credit for travelers on all parts of Europe, &c.

WINSLOW, LANIER & CO.,
BANKERS,
No. 52 Wall-street,
Agents for the sale of the
U. S. 7-30 LOAN.
All denominations on hand for immediate delivery. Subscriptions received, and the usual discount allowed to banks and bankers.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, OFFICE OF THE COMPTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY, WASHINGTON, March 14, 1865.

WHEREAS, BY SATISFACTORY EVIDENCE presented to the undersigned, it has been made to appear that

THE NATIONAL PARK BANK OF NEW-YORK,

in the City of New-York, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, has been duly organized under and according to the requirements of the act of Congress entitled "An Act to provide a National Currency, secured by a pledge of United States bonds, and to provide for the circulation and redemption thereof," approved June 3, 1864, and has complied with all the provisions of said act required to be complied with before commencing the business of banking under said act.

The office of the Comptroller of the Currency being vacant, now therefore I, Samuel T. Howard, Deputy Comptroller of the Currency, do hereby certify that

THE NATIONAL PARK BANK OF NEW-YORK,

in the City of New York, in the County of New-York, and State of New-York, is authorized commence the business of Banking under the act aforesaid.

In testimony whereof, witness my hand and seal of office this fourteenth day of March, 1865.

[SEAL] SAMUEL T. HOWARD,
Deputy Comptroller of the Currency.

McILVAINE & WALDEN,
NO. 13 BROAD-ST.,
DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES
AND PETROLEUM STOCKS.

BROWN BROTHERS & CO.,
NO. 56 WALL-ST.,
ISSUE COMMERCIAL AND TRAVELERS' CREDITS FOR USE IN THE COUNTRY AND ABROAD.

SHOE AND LEATHER BANK
OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK.
MARCH 2, 1865.

This Bank having procured in writing the authority of the owners of more than two-thirds of its capital stock to make the certificate required therefor to become a banking association, under the laws of the United States, and having by vote of its directors decided to become such banking association; therefore notice is hereby given, pursuant to the provisions of the act of the Legislature of the State of New-York, entitled "An Act enabling the banks of this State to become associations for the purpose of banking under the laws of the United States," passed at the present session of said Legislature, that said Shoe and Leather Bank of the City of New York has decided to become a banking association under the laws of the United States, by the name of the National Shoe and Leather Bank of the City of New-York.

W. A. KISSAM,
Cashier.

[COPY.]
TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF COMPTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY,
WASHINGTON, March 21, 1865.

WHEREAS, BY SATISFACTORY EVIDENCE presented to the undersigned, it has been made to appear that the National Shoe and Leather Bank of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, has been duly organized under and according to the requirements of the act of Congress, entitled, "An act to provide a National Currency, secured by a pledge of United States Bonds, and to provide for the circulation and redemption thereof, approved June 3, 1864," and has complied with all the provisions of said act required to be complied with before commencing the business of banking under said act.

Now, therefore I, Freeman Clarke, Comptroller of the Currency, do hereby certify that "The National Shoe and Leather Bank of the City of New-York," in the City of New-York, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, is authorized to commence the business of banking under the act aforesaid.

In testimony whereof witness my hand and seal of office this twenty-first day of March, 1865.

F. CLARKE,
Comptroller of the Currency.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF COMPTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY,
WASHINGTON, April 1, 1865.

WHEREAS, BY SATISFACTORY EVIDENCE presented to the undersigned, it has been made to appear that "THE SAINT NICHOLAS NATIONAL BANK OF NEW-YORK," in the City of New-York, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, has been duly organized under and according to the requirements of the act of Congress, entitled "An Act to provide a National Currency, secured by a pledge of United States bonds, and to provide for the circulation and redemption thereof," approved June 3, 1864, and has complied with all the provisions of said act required to be complied with before commencing the business of banking under said act.

Now, therefore, I, Freeman Clarke, Comptroller of the Currency, do hereby certify that "THE SAINT NICHOLAS NATIONAL BANK OF NEW-YORK," in the City of New-York, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, is authorized to commence the business of banking under the act aforesaid.

In testimony whereof, witness my hand and seal [L. S.] of office this first day of April, 1865.

(Signed) F. CLARKE, Comptroller of Currency.

TO THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE CORN EXCHANGE INSURANCE COMPANY OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK:

Whereas, William Barnes, Esq., Superintendent of the Insurance Department of the State of New-York, having personally examined into the condition and affairs of this company, has determined that its capital of four hundred thousand dollars is impaired to the extent of fifty (50) per cent. thereof, and has directed the officers of said company to require its stockholders to pay in the amount of such deficiency within sixty (60) days from the second day of April, 1865.

Now, therefore, in pursuance of such requisition, and by virtue of the statute in such case made and provided, the stockholders of this company are called upon for the amount requisite to make its capital equal to the amount fixed by the charter of said company, and are required to pay in at the office of the said company, No. 157 Broadway, in the City of New-York, on or before the first day of June, 1865, the sum of twenty-five dollars on each and every share of the stock of said company, amounting in the aggregate to the sum of two hundred thousand dollars, the amount of the deficiency above stated on the capital stock of said company.

Dated NEW-YORK, April 7, 1865.

JAMES D. SPARKMAN, President.
W. H. WINDSOR, Secretary.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, OFFICE OF COMPTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY, WASHINGTON, April 14, 1865.

WHEREAS, BY SATISFACTORY EVIDENCE presented to the undersigned, it has been made to appear that "The Seventh Ward National Bank of New-York," in the City of New-York, in the County of New-York, and State of New-York, has been duly organized under and according to the requirements of the act of Congress, entitled "An act to provide a national currency," secured by a pledge of United States Bonds, and to provide for the circulation and redemption thereof, approved June 3, 1864, and has complied with all the provisions of said act required to be complied with before commencing the business of banking under said act.

Now, therefore, I, FREEMAN CLARKE, Comptroller of the Currency, do hereby certify that "The Seventh Ward National Bank of New-York," in the City of New-York, in the County of New-York, and State of New-York, is authorized to commence the business of banking under the act aforesaid.

In testimony whereof, witness my hand and seal of office, this 14th day of April, 1865.

[Seal.] FREEMAN CLARKE,
Comptroller of the Currency.

UNITED STATES TREASURY, NEW-YORK, April 15, 1865.

PARTIES HOLDING THIRTY (30) OR more coupons of the "Loan of 1862," 5-20s, maturing on the 1st of May, are requested to hand them in, with schedules, at any time previous to the 27th inst.

Holders complying with the above request will have their coupons examined and checks given for them, on the 29th inst. after 3 o'clock P. M.

Blank schedules will be furnished upon application at the Interest Department of this office.

(Signed) JOHN A. STEWART,
Assistant Treasurer U. S.

OFFICE OF THE DELAWARE AND HUDSON CANAL CO., NEW-YORK, April 8, 1865.

THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR MANAGERS of this company will be held at its office, No. 7 Nassau-st., on TUESDAY, the 9th day of May next. The poll will be open from 12 o'clock noon until 2 o'clock P. M. The transfer books will be closed from the 28th day of April to the 9th day of May next, both days inclusive. By order of the board,

ISAAC N. SEYMOUR, Treasurer.

ISLE ROYALE MINING COMPANY,
No. 44 Exchange place,
NEW-YORK, April 8, 1865.

A SPECIAL MEETING OF THE SHAREHOLDERS of the ISLE ROYALE MINING COMPANY will be held on WEDNESDAY, April 26, at 1 P. M., to consider matters of importance to the company. By order of the directors.

F. W. CAPEN, Secretary.

COMMISSIONER FOR NEW-JERSEY and other States—No. 5 Beekman-st., Room No. 5, first floor over Park Bank.

FINANCIAL

HENRY A. HEISER'S SONS
DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,
NO. 44 PINE-ST., NEW YORK.

7-30
LOAN.

1/4 OF ONE PER CENT. COMMISSION ALLOWED TO ALL INVESTORS.

MAY, JULY AND SEPTEMBER
COUPONS
Cashed in Gold,
ON LIBERAL TERMS.

VERMILYE & CO.
BANKERS,
NO. 44 WALL-STREET, N. Y.,
GOVERNMENT AGENTS
FOR THE SALE OF THE
NATIONAL 7-30 LOAN.

Commissions allowed Banks, Brokers, Insurance Companies and all parties purchasing for re-sale.

These bonds are issued in denominations of $50, $100, $500, $1,000 and $5,000, dated Aug. 15, 1864, and convertible in three (3) years from that time into the Popular 5-20 Loan Gold-bearing interest.

Also, buy and sell at market rates all classes of Government securities. Maturing certificates of indebtedness collected or purchased.

Gold, Railway Stocks and Bonds bought and sold on commission.

WAINWRIGHT & McLEOD,

BANKERS, NO. 74 WALL-ST.,

Dealers in government securities of all kinds. American and foreign gold and silver coin, uncurrent banknotes, bought and sold at best rates. Government securities, stocks, bonds and gold bought and sold on commission.

COAL AT COST.

CONSUMERS' BENEFIT COAL COMPANY.
SHARES, $10.

Each share entitles the holder to one ton of coal per year, at the cost of mining, transportation and delivery, which is now about $8 per ton; also to a share of the profits on the sale of coal produced beyond the quantity supplied to shareholders.

Those who buy for investment can have the coal they will be entitled to sold for their benefit, and receive the proceeds over the cost in cash.

Investment in this stock is not a risk, for anthracite coal lands are rapidly rising in value.

The shares to be sold are limited, and are nearly all subscribed for. Immediate application is necessary to secure any. Office, No. 71 Broadway, Room No. 50.

TRUSTEES:

JOHN ANDERSON, No. 413 5th-av.
Hon. C. GODFREY GUNTHER, Mayor of New-York.
Hon. ORESTES CLEVELAND, Mayor of Jersey City.
Hon. ALFRED M. WOOD, Mayor of Brooklyn.
CHARLES JENKINS, President of East River Bank.
JOHN L. DOUGLASS, Secretary Merchants' Ins. Co.
JOHN C. ANDERSON, No. 106 Broadway.
WM. P. STANDISH, Coal Dealer, No. 71 Broadway.
CHAS. H. APPLEGATE, C. H. Applegate & Bro.

MOORE & BROWN,
BANKERS AND BROKERS,
No. 31 Nassau-st., New-York,
DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF
GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

SIX PER CENT. CERTIFICATES OF INDEBTEDNESS, GOVERNMENT VOUCHERS, 5-20, 10-40 1881 BONDS bought and sold on the most favorable terms.

AGENTS FOR
THE HIGHLY POPULAR
U. S. 7-30 LOAN.

Subscriptions received, deliverable to any part of the country free of expense, and on hand
FOR IMMEDIATE DELIVERY.

Stocks negotiated at private sale or the Board of Brokers.

INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS.
HENRY T. MOORE. E. JAMES BROWN

FRANCIS T. WALKER & BRO.
HAVE REMOVED TO
NO. 18 WALL-ST.

BANK OF AMERICA.

The Stockholders of the Bank of America are hereby notified that the annual election of Directors will be held at the Banking house on MONDAY, the 1st day of May ensuing. The poll will open at 12 o'clock and close at 2 o'clock P. M. The Transfer Books will remain closed from the morning of April 22 until the morning of May 2.

W. L. JENKINS, Cashier.

OFFICE WELLS, FARGO & CO., No. 84 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK, Oct. 26, 1864.

TELEGRAPH TRANSFERS OF MONEY TO CALIFORNIA AND OREGON made, and Exchange on
SAN FRANCISCO,
LONDON,
DUBLIN and
PARIS.

For sale by WELLS, FARGO & CO.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, PURSUANT to the statute in such case made and provided, that a meeting of the stockholders of the BLACK HAWK GOLD MINING COMPANY will be held at the office of the said company, No. 81 John-st., in the City of New-York, on Wednesday, the third day of May, 1865, at 12 o'clock, noon; that the object of said meeting is to take such proceedings as are required by law to diminish the capital stock of said company; and that the amount to which it is proposed to reduce the said capital stock is the sum of two million five hundred thousand dollars.

Dated at the City of New-York, April 6, 1865, and signed by a majority of the trustees of said company.

(Signed,)
F. H. JUDD,
WM. G. ANGELL,
WM. L. LEE,
J. J. EAGLETON,
HIRAM B. CROSBY,
EDWIN G. ANGELL,
JOHN WINSLOW,
Trustees.

OFFICE OF THE CHICAGO AND ALTON RAILROAD CO., No. 50 EXCHANGE-PLACE, COR. BROAD-ST., NEW-YORK, March 9, 1865.

CHICAGO AND ALTON RAILROAD FIRST MORTGAGE SINKING FUND BONDS.—Notice is hereby given that we have this day designated, by lot, seventeen bonds, numbered as follows: 8, 557, 229, 539, 413, 15, 227, 168, 401, 379, 545, 445, 151, 254, 221, 412, 499, for redemption.

According to the terms of the mortgage, interest thereon will cease May 1, 1865. The undersigned are ready to pay them, with interest, so far as accrued, on presentation and surrender.

S. J. TILDEN, No. 12 Wall-st.,
L. H. MEYER, No. 48 Exchange-place,
Trustees.

PUBLIC PETROLEUM STOCK EXCHANGE,
No. 73 Broadway,
NEW-YORK, April 17, 1865.

THE LARGE AND HANDSOME OFFICE, No. 19 New-st., 50x16 feet, Globe Hotel Buildings, is to let. The office is well lighted, and specially adapted to the banking and brokerage business, being in the immediate vicinity of all the Stock Boards and the Gold Room. For further particulars apply to

W. L. JACKSON, Secretary.

OFFICE OF CAMDEN AND AMBOY RAILROAD AND TRANSPORTATION COMPANY, BORDENTOWN, March 28, 1865.—The annual meeting of the Stockholders of the Camden and Amboy Railroad and Transportation Company will be held at the Company's office, in Bordentown, on FRIDAY, 28th of April, 1865, for the election of seven directors to serve for the ensuing year

SAMUEL J. BAYARD,
Sec'y of Camden & Amboy R. R. and Trans. Co.

CITY OF NEW-YORK, DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE, COMPTROLLER'S OFFICE, April 12, 1865.

REVENUE BONDS OF THE STATE OF New-York, issued in pursuance of chap. 56 of the Laws of 1865, bearing interest at 7 per cent. per annum, payable quarterly, reimbursable July 1, 1866, or convertible, pursuant to said chapter, may be obtained at this office. Persons having funds to invest will find this a safe and profitable investment.

MATTHEW T. BRENNAN, Comptroller.

RIDDLESBURG COAL AND IRON COMPANY,
NEW-YORK, April 17, 1865.

A MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDERS of the Riddlesburg Coal and Iron Company will be held at the office of the company, No. 538 Walnut-st., in the City of Philadelphia, on FRIDAY, the 28th April, at 12 M., to authorize an issue of bonds by said company. By order of the Trustees.

A. SMEDBERG, Secretary.

CITY OF NEW-YORK, DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE, COMPTROLLER'S OFFICE, March 8, 1865.

TEMPORARY LOANS WILL BE RECEIVED at this office in sums not less than $1,000, for which REVENUE BONDS will be issued, payable in 6 to 9 months, with interest at the rate of 7 per cent. per annum.

MATTHEW T. BRENNAN, Comptroller.

FINANCIAL.

STEEDMAN, EWELL & CO.,
NO. 57 EXCHANGE-PLACE,
BANKERS AND BROKERS.

Our Mr. J. N. EWELL, late of the house of Polhamius & Jackson, will pay special attention to orders in

RAILWAY STOCKS AND GOLD.

We shall continue the purchase and sale, strictly on commission, of

PETROLEUM STOCKS,
at the regular Board.

Our facility for this and every other department of the Stock Commission business, are unsurpassed.

Deposits and commissions received on the most favorable terms.

STEDMAN, EWELL & CO.,
No. 57 Exchange-place, New-York.

OFFICE OF THE
COLUMBIAN (MARINE) INSURANCE CO.,
Corner of Wall and Nassau sts.
CASH CAPITAL $3,500,000.

From statement for the Seventh Fiscal Year ending Dec. 31, 1864.

Total amount of assets Jan. 1, 1865	$7,438,572 78
Total amount of premiums	6,213,114 68
Excess of earned premiums over losses, &c.	2,064,754 02
Reserve for estimate claims unadjusted and other contingencies	651,212 97
Guaranteed cash dividend to dealers (holding certificates of same) on paid premiums earned during the year, whether loss has accrued or not	760,354 89
Interest of scrip issues of 1862 and 1863	6 per cent.
Scrip dividend to dealers on earned premiums	12 per cent.
Dividend for the year to stockholders	31 per cent.

Dealers with this company will be allowed the option, to be signified at the time of application for insurance, of receiving in lieu of scrip, at the end of each year, returns in cash, guaranteed by certificate, of premiums paid and earned during the year, whether loss accrues or not, upon all new risks under the New-York form of policy, as follows:

1. Upon all voyage risks upon cargo, a return of twenty-five per cent.
2. Upon voyage risks upon freight, a return of twenty per cent.
3. Upon time risks upon freight, and upon voyage and time risks upon hulls, a return of ten per cent.

Such privilege, however, being confined to persons and firms, the aggregate of whose premiums upon such policies earned and paid during the year, shall amount to the sum of one hundred dollars.

Premiums paid in gold will be entitled to the above returns in gold.

DIRECTORS:

Edward Rowe,	Daniel W. Teller,
Daniel W. Lord,	John D. Bates,
George Miln,	Charles Hickox,
John Atkinson,	Robert Bowne,
Thos. A. C. Cochrane,	Lawrence Myers,
Wm. H. Halsey,	S. N. Derrick,
Thos. Barron,	Moses Merick,
Roland G. Mitchell,	David J. Ely,
Albert G. Lee,	Joseph Morrison,
George P. Deshon,	Wm. H. Popham,
O. L. Nims,	B. C. Morris, Jr.,
M. F. Merick,	Ezra Nye,
Wm. B. Ogden,	Henry J. Cammann,
John Armstrong,	Thomas Lord,
B. C. Morris,	Preston H. Hodges,
Andrew J. Rich,	J. B. Griffin.

B. C. MORRIS, President.
THOMAS LORD, Vice-President.
WM. M. WHITNEY, Second Vice-President and Sec'y.

TRADESMEN'S BANK, NEW-YORK, March 17, 1865.

THE DIRECTORS OF THIS BANK HAVING unanimously decided to convert the same into an association under the laws of the United States, notice is hereby given to that effect, in accordance with section three of the Enabling Act of this State.

ANTHONY HALSEY Cashier.

VAN BUREN & LUCKEY, BANKERS, No. 243 Broadway, purchase quartermasters' certificates, naval vouchers, government due bills and government certificates of every kind, at lowest rates.

DIVIDENDS.

DIVIDEND NOTICES.

The following Dividends have been declared payable April 29, to Shareholders of record April 22, 1865.

BRIGGS GOLD COMPANY,	
Tenth Dividend	Three Dollars per Share.
McKINLEY OIL COMPANY,	
Seventh Dividend	Four Per Cent.
CLIFTON PETROLEUM COMPANY,	
Third Dividend	One and a half per Cent.
FOUNTAIN PETROLEUM COMPANY,	
Third Dividend	Three per Cent.
DEVON OIL COMPANY,	
First Dividend	Three per Cent.
LOOMIS OIL COMPANY,	
First Dividend	Three per Cent.

Transfer books closed from April 22, to 30.

WALTER E. LAWTON, Treasurer.
No. 81 John-st., New-York.

OFFICE OF THE HEYDRICK BROTHERS OIL COMPANY, No. 80 BROADWAY, ROOM No. 41, NEW-YORK, April 10, 1865.

THE TRUSTEES OF THE COMPANY have this day declared a Dividend of Three per Cent., (free of government tax,) on their capital stock, payable on and after April 20, to stockholders of record on the 15th inst.

The transfer books will be closed from April 15 to the 21st, inclusive.

CHARLES R. BRAINE, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE CLEVELAND AND TOLEDO RAILROAD COMPANY, CLEVELAND, Ohio, March 27, 1865.

DIVIDEND NOTICE.—AT A MEETING OF the directors of this company, held this day, a Dividend of Five (5) Per Cent. was declared, payable to the stockholders, free of Government tax, on the 25th day of April next, and until the 25th day of May, at the Continental Bank, New-York. After which said Dividend will be payable at the company's office in Cleveland.

The transfer books will close on the 15th day of April next, at 3 o'clock P. M., and remain closed until the 26th day of April, at 10 o'clock A. M.

By order of the Directors. H. C. LUCE, Treasurer.

THE AMERICAN EXCHANGE BANK,
NEW-YORK, April 18, 1865.

DIVIDEND.—A DIVIDEND OF FIVE PER Cent on the Capital Stock of the Bank, free of government tax, has been declared payable on and after MONDAY, May 1.

Transfer books will be closed, from this date, and reopened Tuesday, May 2. B. MURRAY, Cashier.

OFFICE OF THE EAGLE FIRE COMPANY,
No. 71 WALL-ST.,
NEW-YORK, April 5, 1865.

A SEMI-ANNUAL DIVIDEND OF SEVEN and one half (7½) per cent., free of government tax, has this day been declared payable on demand.

By order of the Board of Directors.

A. J. CLINTON, Secretary.

AMERICAN EXCHANGE FIRE INSURANCE CO.,
No. 128 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK, April 12, 1865.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS HAVE THIS day declared a dividend of Five (5) Per Cent., free from government tax, payable on and after MONDAY, May 8, at the new office of the company, No. 141 Broadway.

The transfer books will be closed from April 27 until May 8. WM. RAYNOR, Secretary.

PACIFIC BANK, NEW-YORK, April 6, 1865.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS HAVE this day declared an extra dividend of five per cent., free from Government tax, payable on and after the first day of May next. The Transfer Books will be closed from the 20th inst. to the 1st proximo.

R. BUCK, Cashier.

OFFICE OF THE
COMMONWEALTH FIRE INS. CO.,
No. 151 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK, April 5, 1865.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS HAVE this day declared a dividend of Five Per Cent., payable, free of government tax, on and after the 15th inst. Transfer books will be closed from 10th to 15th inst., inclusive.

GEO. T. HAWS, Secretary.

FURNITURE.

FURNITURE AT PRIVATE SALE.—Splendid velvet, medalion, parlor, tapestry and ingrain carpets, pier glasses with cornices and bases, lace curtains, paintings, rosewood piano, Louis XIV style, round corners and pearl keys, mahogany piano and stool, marble-top tables, bureau and washstand, sewing machine, gas stove, bedsteads, window shades, oilcloths, plated tea set, urn, castor and cake basket, feather beds, mattresses, with other and kitchen furniture, at No. 276 Madison-st.

ALL KINDS OF FURNITURE, MATTRESSES, bedding, looking glasses, &c., cheapest at SNEEDEN & CAMPBELL'S, 263 Bowery, between Stanton and Houston sts. Call and save money. Goods warranted, and delivered free. Furniture in suite.

ENAMELED CHAMBER FURNITURE.—The best assortment of enameled furniture, in all colors and styles; walnut and chestnut, plain and ornamental, in suites, wholesale and retail; also, mattresses and pailiasses. WARREN WARD, No. 277 Canal-st.

STORAGE WAREHOUSE FOR FURNITURE, &c. H. G. HAEGER, 8th-av., between 33d and 34th sts. Goods now receiving at No. 178 West 34th-st., corner 8th-av., in Blind Asylum building.

NOW IS THE TIME TO USE DR. LEATHE'S YELLOW DOCK SYRUP FOR BLEEDING OF THE NOSE.

MANHOOD AND YOUTHFUL VIGOR ARE regained by HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU.

PETROLEUM.

SUGAR CREEK
PETROLEUM COMPANY,
CAPITAL, ONLY $250,000,
SHARES $5 EACH.
WORKING CAPITAL, 6,000 SHARES.

President, CHARLES G. JUDSON, Sawyer & Judson, 84 and 86 Chambers-st.
Vice-President, J. L. EVERITT, Cashier Broadway Bank.
Treasurer, CHARLES GOULD, 58 Wall-st.

Ten wells are now going down on the company's property, in the richest portion of the famous Sugar Creek Valley. There is room for 500 more.

The trustees will refrain from lengthy advertisement of the prospects of the SUGAR CREEK PETROLEUM COMPANY. THE STOCK IS NOT WATERED. The projectors depend for their profits solely on A RISE IN ITS MARKET PRICE.

But a few thousand shares will be sold, and these on the only honest basis, viz., AT THEIR PAR VALUE.

The company's property is worth more than the entire capital stock. The latter is so small, indeed, that even a ten-barrel well will pay regular monthly dividends.

PROSPECTUSES AND MAPS CAN BE OBTAINED, AND SUBSCRIPTIONS EFFECTED, BY APPLICATION TO CHARLES G. JUDSON, NO. 84 CHAMBERS-ST.; CHARLES GOULD, NO. 58 WALL-ST.; J. L. EVERITT, BROADWAY BANK, OR TO EITHER OF THE TRUSTEES.

SUBSCRIPTION BOOKS, FOR THE SALE OF THE STOCK RESERVED AS WORKING CAPITAL ARE OPEN, FOR A LIMITED PERIOD, AT THE OFFICE OF E. C. STEDMAN & CO., BANKERS AND BROKERS, NO. 57 EXCHANGE-PLACE, NEW-YORK.

THE KING OF INVESTMENTS—OIL:

The subscribers are authorized to sell a few
ORIGINAL SHARES
in a new
OIL COMPANY
about to be formed on choice and select land.
Full particulars sent on application to
GEO. N. TOWNSEND & CO.,
No. 123½ South 4th-st.,
Philadelphia.

TO CAPITALISTS AND OIL COMPANIES.

CHOICE OIL LANDS AND WELLS—A few excellent parcels, on Cherry Run, Pithole Creek Allegheny River, Sugar Creek, French Creek, Sandy River, Cherry Tree Run, and other favorite locations in Venango and surrounding counties, may be had on the most reasonable terms, by applying to JOSEPH H. JACKSON, No. 43 Liberty-st., New-York, or to C. G. PRATT, United States Hotel, Franklin, Penn.

CHOICE OIL LANDS IN WESTERN VIRGINIA.—The subscribers offer for sale, 6,000 acres of excellent oil land, situated on the Little Kanawha River and its tributaries, in Calhoun and Wirt Counties, West Virginia, in quantities, from one to one thousand or more acres, to suit purchasers. This is very desirable oil territory, pretty thoroughly tested by adjacent borings, and rich in oil and minerals, as well as in good timber and soil. It would form an excellent basis for several large or many small oil companies. For further information, or for the purchase of all or any part of this land, address WILSON KING, Erie, Penn., or Rev. D. H. A. McLEAN, Beaver, Beaver Co., Penn.

OFFICE OF THE SAGE RUN AND OIL CREEK PETROLEUM CO., (in Offices of Frances T. Walker & Bro.,) 49 WILLIAM-ST., NEW-YORK, Monday, April 17, 1865.

A SPECIAL MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDERS of the SAGE RUN AND OIL CREEK PETROLEUM CO. will be held at their office, No. 49 William-st., on MONDAY, the 24th inst., at 3 o'clock P. M. By order of the Board of Trustees.

FRANCIS T. WALKER, Secretary.

SAVINGS BANKS.

SIX PER CENT.—FREE FROM GOVERNMENT TAX.

THIRD-AVENUE SAVINGS BANK,
corner Third-avenue and Twenty-sixth-street.
PRESENT DEPOSITS, $1,575,000.

SIX PER CENT. interest paid on all sums from $1 to $1,000 free from Government tax.

All moneys deposited on or before April 22 will draw interest from the 1st.

BANK OPEN DAILY from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M., and on MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS from 6 to 8 o'clock.

SPENCER K. GREEN, President.
RICHARD KELLY, Secretary.

UNION DIME SAVINGS BANK.
Nos. 427 and 429 Canal-st., corner of Varick.
ASSETS, $1,315,570 15.

Open daily from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M., and on MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS, from 5 to 7. SIX PER CENT. interest, free from Government tax, allowed on sums of $500 and under, and FIVE per cent. on larger sums. Money deposited on or before April 20 will bear interest from April 1.

EDER V. HAUGHWOUT, President.
GARDNER S. CHAPIN, Secretary.

ATLANTIC SAVINGS BANK,
CHATHAM-SQUARE, NEW-YORK,
OPEN DAILY.
SIX PER CENT. INTEREST ALLOWED.

Deposits made now, or on or before April 20, will draw interest from April 1.

M. D. VAN PELT, President.
CHARLES D. BAILEY, Treasurer.
JOSEPH P. COOPER, Secretary.

CITIZENS' SAVINGS BANK,
BOWERY, CORNER OF CANAL-ST.

SIX PER CENT. INTEREST allowed on all sums of $500 and under, and five per cent. on larger amounts.

MONEY DEPOSITED ON OR BEFORE APRIL 20 WILL DRAW INTEREST FROM APRIL 1.

Bank open daily from 10 to 3, and on MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and FRIDAY EVENINGS, from 5 to 7. Bank-books in English, German and French.

GEO. FOLSOM, President.
SEYMOUR A. BUNCE, Secretary.

FRANKLIN SAVINGS BANK—CORNER OF 42d-st. and 8th-av. Open daily. Interest 6 per cent. Deposits made before the 21st of April draw interest from the 1st of April. SAMUEL NEWBY, President.
JAMES T. CHAMBERLAIN, Secretary.

NEW-YORK SAVINGS BANK, CORNER 14th-st. and 8th-av. Open daily from 1 to 5 P. M.; Wednesdays and Saturdays from 1 to 7 P. M. Six per cent. interest, free from government tax. Deposits made on or before April 20 will draw interest at once.

THOMAS CHRISTY, Pres't. R. H. BULL, Sec'y.

THE ARMY AND NAVY.

CAVALRY AND ARTILLERY HORSES WANTED.

ASSISTANT QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE,
No. 451 8TH-AV., NEW-YORK, March 9, 1865.

I will purchase in OPEN MARKET all HORSES that may be presented and PASS INSPECTION at the Government Stables in 35th-st., near 10th-av., until further notice, as follows:

CAVALRY HORSES from 5 to 10 years old, and from 15 to 16 hands high.

ARTILLERY HORSES from 6 to 10 years old, 15½ hands high, and over, to weigh 1,100 pounds, and dark colors.

Price for Cavalry Horses, $175 each.
Price for Artillery Horses, $180 each.
Payable in such funds as may be furnished by the Government.

L. LOWRY MOORE, Captain and A. Q. M.

NEW-YORK STATE BOUNTY.

Soldiers in the field who have not been paid their State Bounty can have the same by writing or applying to VAN BUREN & LUCKEY, Brokers, No. 243 Broadway.

UPWARD OF THIRTY THOUSAND certificates and recommendatory letters have been received, attesting the merits of HELMBOLD'S GENUINE PREPARATIONS, many of which are from the highest sources, including eminent statesmen, clergymen. Governors, State Judges, &c.

NOW IS THE TIME TO USE DR. LEATHE'S YELLOW DOCK SYRUP FOR FEVER AND AGUE.

WIDOWS AND HEIRS OF SOLDIERS who have been killed or died in the service of the United States can have their arrears of pay, bounty and pensions collected and cashed by writing or applying to VAN BUREN & LUCKEY, Bankers, No. 243 Broadway, authorized Government Agents.

ACCOUNTS OF MUSTERED OUT AND discharged officers speedily settled: also, arrears of pay and all other claims collected or purchased.

L. BROWN & CO., Military and Naval Bankers and Collectors, No. 2 Park-place.

A NEW LAW.—SOLDIERS WOUNDED IN THE line of duty, or their heirs, are entitled to bounty SHELDON & LEFFERTS, No. 40 Park-row, Times Building.

QUARTERMASTERS' AND NAVY AGENTS vouchers purchased by McILVAINE & WALDEN, No. 13 Broad-st.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

FOR SALE—A SORREL HORSE, 15¾ HANDS high; is well broke in; has been used as a lady's saddle-horse; is sound, kind and gentle in harness. Apply at the Park-av. Livery-stable, No. 433 4th-av., between 30th and 31st sts.

FOR NON-RETENTION OR INCONTINENCE of urine, irritation, inflammation or ulceration of the bladder, or kidneys, disease of the prostate glands, stone in the bladder, calculus, gravel or brick-dust deposits, and all diseases of the bladder, kidneys and dropsical swellings.

USE HELMBOLD'S FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU.

FOR SALE—A SIX-SEAT ROCKAWAY, NEARLY new; Lawrence's make. Price $600, with cover. Can be seen at stable, No. 17 East 30th-st.

FOR SALE CHEAP—A NEW COAL BOX TROTTING wagon. Inquire at McMANN'S stables, corner of Market and Monroe sts.

HOTELS.

TO LET—THE BALLARD HOTEL IN RICHMOND. This fine hotel, with about 180 rooms, will be rented for a term of years, with the mirrors, cornices, chandeliers, steam works, &c., &c. The house, which is nearly new, will be repainted and put in complete repair. It offers a fine opportunity for any person wishing to engage in this business. For further particulars apply to E. V. HAUGHWOUT & CO., Nos. 488, 490 and 492 Broadway.

GROCERIES & PROVISIONS.

GO TO THOMAS R. AGNEW'S, NOS. 260 and 262 Greenwich-st., corner of Murray, and there you will find teas, coffees, fish, flour, and everything else cheaper than any store in New-York. One price house.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GOVERNESS, OR the charge of the children and home of a family going abroad, or the care and instruction of the children of two or more families who intend spending the Summer in the same country retreat. For information, apply to the Principal of the Packer Institute, Brooklyn.

WANTED—BY A COMPETENT WOMAN A SITUATION as seamstress and take charge of grown children; can cut and make children's clothes; no objection to travel or make herself generally useful; has city reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 111 West 17th-st., near 7th-av., top floor.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS SEAMSTRESS BY an American Protestant; does all kinds of family sewing; can operate on machines; would take care of grown children or assist with chamberwork, if required; no objection to the country. Can be seen for two days at No. 344 6th-av.

WANTED—BY AN EXPERIENCED WAITRESS, with three years' city reference, a situation as regular waitress, or waitress and chambermaid; takes charge of the silver and dining room; wages $9. Call at No. 192 East 21st-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A FIRST-CLASS waitress in a private family; has the best of city references. Can be seen for two days at No. 62 West 18th-st., two doors below 6th-av., left hand side, first floor, front room.

WANTED—HOUSEKEEPER'S SITUATION BY an educated widow lady who understands all the duties of a good housekeeper and willing to work; highest references given; city or country. Address Mrs. C. F., Box No. 150, for three days, Times Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS NURSE AND COMPANION, or valet to an invalid, by a sober, experienced English servant; speaks French; or as steward of a yacht; is well qualified and highly recommended. Address B. WALKER, No. 98 East 12th-st., near 3d-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE girl as good plain cook, first-rate washer and ironer, or to do the housework of a small family; has the best of city reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 136 West 20th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY AN EDUCATED Protestant young woman as seamstress or nurse to a grown child; understands dressmaking and fine sewing; has good city references. Apply, for two days, at No. 158 West 19th-st., third floor, front room.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE woman, to cook, wash, and iron; no objection to the country; is a good baker; good reference. Call at No. 232 7th-av., near 25th-st.

WANTED—BY A NEAT, WILLING GIRL, WITH excellent city reference, a situation as general servant; washes and irons well; or would do chamberwork and washing; wages $7. Call at No. 192 East 21st-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young girl, as competent waitress, and assist with light chamberwork; has the best of city reference. Call at No. 80 West 25th-st., between 6th and 7th avs.

WANTED—BY A COMPETENT YOUNG GIRL, A situation as nurse and plain seamstress; good city reference; no objection to the country. Can be seen at No. 950 Broadway.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A FIRST-CLASS cook, who thoroughly understands cooking in all its branches; can give the best of city reference. Call at No. 110 West 18th-st., in the rear building.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS FRENCH NURSE by a respectable girl with references. Apply at the German and French Employment Office, No. 5 Clinton Hall, Astor-place.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY AN EXPERIENCED cook, who is accustomed to live in first-class families; can give the best of reference. Call for two days at No. 147 East 35th-st., near 3d-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A YOUNG PROTESTANT girl, as chambermaid and waitress, with good city references. Apply at No. 56 West 37th-st., between 5th and 6th avs., for two days.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG MARRIED lady, a situation as wet nurse in a gentleman's family; satisfactory references given. Apply to M., No. 247 West 18th-st.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG GIRL A SITUATION in a private family as chambermaid and seamstress, or as nurse and seamstress; has the best of city reference. Can be seen for two days at 85 East 22d-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE Protestant woman, as cook in a private family. Call for two days at No. 126 West 27th-st.

CITY AND COUNTRY LADIES WHO wish to economize by employing good faithful women and girls at moderate wages, can be nicely suited at E. CARROLL'S Agency, No. 69 6th-av.

A MIDDLE-AGED WIDOW LADY, OF some means, with daughter of 12 years, would take charge of a furnished or partially furnished house for the Summer, in exchange for free rent for herself; the best of references as to capability, character, &c. Address WIDOW, Station D, Bible House.

MALES.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG MAN as coachman, who thoroughly understands his business; who is a good groom and a careful driver, and can produce good city reference from his last employer; no objections to go to the country. Address a note T. D., Box 203 Times Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY AN ENGLISHMAN, as coachman, who perfectly understands his business and can produce good city references; no objection to the country. Apply for J. J., No. 145 West 20th-st.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN, A SITUATION in a lawyer's office, where he can study law and make himself generally useful. Address F. C., Box No. 112 Times Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION TO GO TO CALIFORNIA in any capacity; is sober and honest; good references from last employers. Call, for two days, at No. 45 East 13th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN BY a single man (English;) city preferred; has references. Address J. J., Box No. 207 Times Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG MAN, Protestant, as coachman or gardener. Address G. H., Box No. 211 Times Office.

THE SCIENCE OF MEDICINE SHOULD stand simple, pure, majestic, having fact for its basis, induction for its pillar, truth alone for its capital. So stand HELMBOLD'S GENUINE PREPARATIONS, established over 16 years.

TO PRINTERS.—WANTED, BY A THOROUGH practical man, lately arrived from England, a situation in a first-class printing office as foreman or reader. Address T. M., Box No. 168 Times Office.

AN ACTIVE BUSINESS YOUNG MAN DESIRES to make an engagement to take charge of a store on commission, or salary. Will go wherever business may require; satisfactory references given. Address C. W. DICKERSON, Rockaway, New-Jersey.

HELP WANTED.

A GARDENER WANTED AT ONCE, TO take charge of graperies, green-houses, vegetable garden, &c., &c.; must be Scotch, English or German, and a single man, thoroughly skilled in his profession, and of undoubted character; first-class place and good wages. Address, with full name and references, Box No. 3,012 New-York Post-office, for three days.

WANTED—A MAN TO TAKE CHARGE OF A vegetable garden, who understands the care and management of horses. Apply, with references, between 9:41 A. M. and 12:30 to 1:30 P. M., to HENRY W. SMITH, No. 9 South-st.

WANTED—A VEGETABLE GARDENER, WHO will be generally useful, on a small place near New-York; no objection to a married man without family, whose wife can serve as cook and laundress. Apply at No. 4 Dye-st., between 1 and 2 o'clock.

WANTED—A FIRST-CLASS WAITRESS, ONE who can give respectable references as to character, capability, &c., may hear of a good and permanent situation, by calling at No. 35 University-place, from 8 to 12 o'clock A. M., or after 5 o'clock P. M.

WANTED—AT 109 FULTON-AV., BROOKLYN, a man that understands the drug business well; must come well recommended and not afraid of hard work. Call for two days before 12. M.

WANTED—A SALESMAN IN A MERCHANT tailoring store on Broadway. Those who have large acquaintance, and can influence good trade, will address B. C., Box No. 160 Times Office.

WANTED—A RESPECTABLE PROTESTANT woman, to take care of an invalid and to assist in sewing; reference required. Apply at No. 94 Warren-st., Jersey City.

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED ENTRY CLERK, one accustomed to the hat, cap and straw goods business preferred. Address, with references, C. & CO., Box No. 5,822 Post-office.

WANTED—A GOOD COOK, GERMAN PREFERRED, to go in the country. Apply at No. 33 Monroe-place, Brooklyn, on Wednesday morning.

WANTED—A COMPETENT AND EFFICIENT assistant book-keeper. Address, prepaid, Box No. 1,504 Post-office.

WANTED—A GOOD TINSMITH. APPLY AT HARTSHORN'S, corner 10th-st. and 4th-av.

ANY GENTLEMAN GOING ABROAD and desiring to obtain for a servant, whom he can recommend, a waiter's situation, will leave his address at No. 32 Cliff-st.

TO TAILORS.—WANTED IMMEDIATELY, A a first-class custom cutter. Address A. J. POST & SON, No. 161 8th-av., corner 18th-st.

EMPLOYMENT—MRS. GREEN'S AGENCY, No. 950 Broadway, wanted immediately lady's maid, gardener, nurses, waitresses, cooks; good places open for good help.

PERSONAL.

TO TOURISTS.—A GENTLEMAN DESIRES A situation as nurse and guide to some gentleman who intends traveling in Europe. He has been 30 years in this country, 12 of which was passed as steward in the United States Navy, and the other 18 as nurse to some of the best families in the city. He speaks four different languages fluently—English, French, Spanish and Italian—and is perfectly competent to fill the above place. Can furnish the best of references from officers in the United States Navy, and from some of the most influential gentlemen in the city. For further particulars, call on or address Messrs. CRONEY & LENT, No. 753 Broadway.

MINNIE SLIPPER.—THERE IS A REPLY TO your kind favor of the 8th inst. at the New-York Post-office. Please call for it.

MISCELLANEOUS.

HUMPHREYS'
HOMŒOPATHIC SPECIFICS

Have proved, from the most ample experience, an ENTIRE SUCCESS—Simple, Prompt, Efficient and Reliable. They are the only medicines perfectly adapted to popular use—so simple that mistakes cannot be made in using them; so harmless as to be free from danger, and so efficient as to be always reliable. They have raised the highest commendation from all, and will always render satisfaction.

No.		Cents.
1.	Cures **Fever**, Congestions and Inflammations	25
2.	Cures **Worms**, Worm-fever, Worm-colic, &c.	25
3.	Cures **Crying**-colic or Teething of Infants	25
4.	Cures **Diarrhea** of Children or Adults	25
5.	Cures **Dysentery**, Griping, Billious Colic	25
6.	Cures **Cholera-Morbus**, Nausea or Vomiting	25
7.	Cures **Coughs**, Colds, Hoarseness, Bronchitis	25
8.	Cures **Neuralgia**, Toothache, Face-Ache	25
9.	Cures **Headaches**, Sick Headache, or Vertigo	25
10.	Cures **Dyspepsia**, Weak Stomach, Costiveness	25
11.	Cures **Suppressed**, Scanty or Painful Periods	25
12.	Cures **Leucorrhœa or Whites**, profuse Periods	25
13.	Cures **Croup**, Hoarse Cough, difficult Breathing	25
14.	Cures **Salt Rheum**, Erysipelas, Eruptions	25
15.	Cures **Rheumatism** and all Rheumatic Pains	25
16.	Cures **Fever and Ague**, Chill Fever, Old Agues	50
17.	Cures **Piles**, internal or external, blind or bleeding	50
18.	Cures **Opthalmy**, sore, weak inflamed Eyes	50
19.	Cures **Catarrh**, Acute or Chronic, or Influenza	50
20.	Cures **Whooping Cough**, or violent Coughs	50
21.	Cures **Asthma**, Oppressed, Difficult Breathing	50
22.	Cures **Ear Discharges**, and Impaired Hearing	50
23.	Cures **Scrofula**, Enlarged Glands & Swellings	50
24.	Cures **General Debility**, or physical Weakness	50
25.	Cures **Dropsy, and Scanty Secretions**	50
26.	Cures **Sea Sickness**, or sickness from riding	50
27.	Cures **Kidney Disease**, Gravel, Renal Calculi	50
28.	Cures **Nervous Debility, Seminal Emissions**, Involuntary Discharges	100
29.	Cures **Sore Mouth**, or Canker of Adults or Children	50
30.	Cures **Urinary Incontinence, and wetting the bed**	50
31.	Cures **Painful Periods**, even with Spasms	50
32.	Cures **Sufferings** at change of life, and palpitations	100
33.	Cures **Epilepsy** and Spasms, and St. Vitus' Dance	100
34.	Cures **Diphtheria**, and Ulcerated Sore Throat	50

FAMILY CASES.

Case of thirty-five vials, in morocco case, and Book complete	$10 00
Case of twenty large vials, in morocco, and Book	6 00
Case of twenty large vials, plain case and book	5 00
Case of fifteen boxes, Nos 1 to 15, and book	2 50
Case of any six boxes, Nos. 1 to 15, and Book	1 25

☞ These REMEDIES, by the case or single box, with directions, are sent to any part of the country, by mail or express, free of charge, on receipt of the price. Address HUMPHREYS' SPECIFIC HOMŒOPATHIC MEDICINE CO., Office and Depot, 562 Broadway, N. Y.

For sale by every Medicine Dealer.

DR. HUMPHREYS is consulted daily at his office, personally or by letter, as above, for all forms of disease.

AT A MEETING OF THE TWELFTH WARD McCLELLAN UNION DEMOCRATIC CLUB, held at Hart's Hotel, corner 127th-st. and 3d av., CHARLES B. RIKER, the President, in the Chair, a committee, consisting of the following gentlemen, was appointed to draft resolutions expressing the views and sentiments of the club with regard to the recent calamity that has clothed a nation in mourning.

The Committee, consisting of J. W. Toone, Wm. Seaman, A. J. Welsh, J. D. Lee, J. Hart, O. E. Birdsall, and F. E. Archbald, reported the following preamble and resolutions, which were unanimously adopted:

Whereas, It has pleased the Almighty Disposer of Events, in His inscrutable wisdom, to remove from us one in whom the whole nation had learned to confide; we, the members of a Democratic Club, desire to manifest our sorrow and heartfelt regret at this great national calamity that now hangs like a funeral pall over the whole land. In the Spring-time of the year and of hope, when nature was clothing herself in the robes of beauty, and when the sunshine of joy was abroad in the land, and the people were manifesting their approval of the just and merciful terms of an administration that was endeavoring by all the means at its disposal to stop the further shedding of blood, and when success seemed to have crowned our efforts in behalf of our common country; at such a time, when our cup seemed filled with joy, and we beheld in the future a cloudless sky, our hearts were suddenly chilled, and blank despair was visible in every countenance as the terrible truth forced itself on our minds, that the President of the United States had fallen by the merciless hand of an assassin; and that, too, at a moment when he was trying by all the means at his disposal, or that his generous and manly heart could dictate, to prove to the people that he was using every effort to close this war, as a patriotic and Christian President should do, without regard to party, political or personal prejudices. And believing it to be our duty not only to express regard for the illustrious dead, and sympathy with the living, but also our utter detestation not only of the assassins, but of all those who sympathize with them or their monstrous and unnatural crime; be it, therefore,

Resolved, That as it has pleased our Heavenly Father to remove from us Abraham Lincoln, President of these United States, we bow in humble submission to his decree. And as the mantle of the Patriarch, as he ascended to Heaven in a chariot of fire, descended upon the ancient Israelite, so may the mantle of mercy, justice and truth descend from Abraham Lincoln to the shoulders of his successor, enveloping him, as it were, in a cloud of just but merciful patriotism.

Resolved, That we tender to the mourning family of the deceased our sincere sympathy, bidding them look for comfort to Him whose ways are wondrous, but "whose tender mercies are over all his works," and who doeth all things well.

Resolved, That we sympathize with our liberal-minded Secretary of State in his affliction, and while we deplore the loss of the Master, we thank God that the pilot is safe, and as it is ours, so must it be the earnest prayer of every patriot that with restored health he may soon be able to again guide the good Ship of State until she is safely moored in a secure and peaceful haven.

Resolved, That the blood of Abraham Lincoln has but the more firmly sealed our devotion to the Union, and that, without regard to party, we will sustain his successor in his efforts to bring this fraticidal war to an honorable and successful termination, believing as we do that one who is still proud to acknowledge that he is of the people, and still one of the people, will not now forget his own teachings, but will so blend mercy with justice as to still keep alive that paternal love of country and nationality that, under the guidance of the lamented dead, was spanning our Heavens like a bow of promise, giving us hope and joy for the future.

C. B. RIKER, President.
WILLIAM CHAVE, Secretary.

AT A MEETING OF THE BOARD OF UNDERWRITERS of New-York, held 15th April, 1865, the following preamble and resolutions were adopted:

The great calamity which God has permitted to fall upon the nation, through the commission of a crime which will call forth the execration of the whole civilized world, has so appalled our community that there is no heart, for the present, to transact any more than necessary business. In view of this it is hereby

Resolved, That the offices of the Marine Insurance Companies in this city will only be open for the transaction of business between the hours of 12 and 3 o'clock, until the day appointed for the funeral obsequies of the late Chief Magistrate of the nation, and that on the day thereof the offices will be wholly closed.

Resolved, That this resolution be published.

ELWOOD WALTER, Secretary. J. D. JONES, President

TO BANKERS.—FOR SALE, ONE OF LILLIE'S large iron safes; also, a new counter and glass partition, at basement office, No. 26 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—TWO PIER GLASSES, PLATES 112x34, with rich frames, cornices and console tables, at No. 63 Hammond-st.

FOR SALE CHEAP—A LARGE AND HANDSOME outside show-case. Apply in Gent's Furnishing Store, No. 655 Broadway. E. A. NEWELL.

BLANK-BOOKS, WRITING PAPERS and stationery, all kinds, at lowest prices, by FRANCIS & LOUTREL, No. 45 Maiden-lane.

PROPOSALS.

ASSISTANT QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE, No. 1,139 GIRARD-ST., PHILADELPHIA, Penn., April 19, 1865.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED at this office until 12 o'clock M., SATURDAY, April 29, 1865, for the immediate delivery, at the United States Storehouse, Hanover-st. wharf, properly packed and ready for transportation, of the following articles of Stationery, viz.:

Folio Post Paper, to weigh not less than 38 lbs. to the ream.
Legal Cap Paper, 14 lbs. to ream.
Cap Paper, ruled and plain, 12 lbs. to ream.
Letter Paper, ruled and plain, 10 lbs. to ream.
Note Paper, ruled and plain, 5 lbs. to ream.
Envelope Paper, 35 lbs. to ream.
White Blotting Board, 100 lbs. to ream—19x24.
Official Envelopes, white and buff—3⅞x8¾, 4x9, 4½x10¾.
Letter Envelopes, white and buff, Government pattern—3¼x5½.
Letter Copying Books—9x11—500 pages.
Cap Copying Books—10x14—500 pages.
Blank Books, 8 to 12 quires, Demi, half-bound, patent backs, Russia covers.
Blank Books, 2 to 6 quires, 9x13½, half roan, 20 sheets to quire.
Memorandum Books, Demi, 8vo, flush 56 leaves.
Black Ink, Arnold's quart, pint and half pint bottles.
Black Ink, Maynard & Noyes or Dunbar, quart, pint and half pint bottles.
Black Copying Ink, Arnold's quart, pint and half pint bottles.
Carmine Ink, 2 oz. bottles, glass stopper.
Ink Powders, David's, first quality.
Ink Stands, "Academic" and "Mechanic."
Pen-Holders, assorted.
Steel Pens, Gillott's, 303, 404, 289 and "Commercial."
Quills, No 80, per M.
Lead Pencils, Faber's, Nos 2 and 3.
Office Tape, pieces, No. 23, 3¾ yards to piece.
Office Tape, rolls, No. 23, 144 yards to roll.
Sealing Wax, per lb.
Wafers, 4 oz. boxes, "American Congress."
White Fringed Rubber, 12 pieces to lb., first quality.
Virgin Rubber, per lb.
Rulers, round rubber, 18 inches.
Rulers, flat rubber, 18 inches.
Mucilage, quart, pint and 8 oz. bottles.

All of the above described to be of the best quality, and samples of each article to be delivered at the storehouse twenty-four hours previous to the opening of the bids.

The stationery to be inspected by an inspector appointed on the part of the government.

The successful bidder or bidders must be prepared to furnish immediately such quantities of the above-described stationery as may be required by this department.

The price of each article to be written both in words and figures, and conform to the terms of this advertisement, a copy of which should accompany each proposal.

Each bid must be guaranteed by two responsible persons, whose signatures must be appended to the guarantee, and certified as being good and sufficient security for the amount involved by the United States District Judge, Attorney, or Collector, or other public officer.

The right is reserved to reject any bid deemed unreasonable, and no bid from a defaulting contractor will be received.

All proposals to be made out on the regular forms *in duplicate*, which can be had on application at this office. Bids will be opened on SATURDAY, April 29, 1865, at 12 o'clock, M., and bidders are requested to be present.

By order of Col. WM. W. McKIM,
Chief Quartermaster Philadelphia Depot.
GEO. R. ORME, Captain and A. Q. M.

SHIPPING.

NATIONAL STEAM NAVIGATION CO.
(Limited.)
NEW-YORK TO LIVERPOOL.
Calling at Queenstown to land passengers.

Ship.	Tons.	Commander.
QUEEN—building	3,412	....
ENGLAND—building	3,430	....
SCOTLAND—building	3,430	....
ERIN	3,310	Grace.
HELVETIA	3,315	Prowse.
PENNSYLVANIA	2,872	Grogan.
VIRGINIA	2,876	Lewis.
LOUISIANA	2,166	Asplitt.

Leaving Pier No. 41, North River, as follows:
VIRGINIA..........SATURDAY, April 8.
HELVETIA..........SATURDAY, April 22.
PENNSYLVANIA..........SATURDAY, April 29.
ERIN..........SATURDAY, May 6.
AND EVERY SATURDAY THEREAFTER.

The Cabin accommodations on board these steamers are unsurpassed, and the rates lower than by any other line.

Cabin passage, $65; Steerage, $25—payable in gold or equivalent in currency.

The owners of these vessels will not be accountable for specie or valuables unless Bills of Lading (having their value expressed therein) are signed therefor.

For freight or cabin passage apply to
WILLIAMS & GUION, No. 71 Wall-st.
For steerage passage apply to
WILLIAMS & GUION, 29 Broadway, N. Y.

MAIL STEAMERS TO FRANCE DIRECT
THE GENERAL TRANSATLANTIC COMPANY'S NEW LINE OF FIRST-CLASS SIDE-WHEEL STEAMSHIPS BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND HAVRE.

The first five splendid vessels intended to be put upon this favorite route for the Continent, are the following:

WASHINGTON	3,204 tons	900-horse power
LAFAYETTE	3,204 tons	900-horse power
EUROPE	(Afloat)	900-horse power
FRANCE	(Afloat)	900-horse power
NAPOLEON III	(Afloat)	1,100-horse power

Until the completion of the entire list, the service will be performed by the
WASHINGTON, A. DUCHESNE;
LAFAYETTE, A. BOCANDE;
as follows:

FROM NEW-YORK TO HAVRE.
LAFAYETTE.......WEDNESDAY..........April 26.
WASHINGTON.......WEDNESDAY..........May 24.
LAFAYETTE.......WEDNESDAY..........June 21.
First Cabin, (including table wine)..........$130
Second Cabin, (including table wine).......$70 or $80

Payable in gold, or its equivalent in United States currency.

Medical attendance free of charge.

For freight or passage, apply to
GEO. MACKENZIE, Agent,
No. 7 Broadway, New-York.
At Paris, 12 Boulevard des Capucines, (Grand Hotel.)
At Havre, WM. ISELIN & CO.

THE BRITISH AND NORTH AMERICAN ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.
BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT CORK HARBOR.
AND BETWEEN BOSTON AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT HALIFAX AND CORK HARBOR.
CHINA leaves New-York Wednesday, April 19.
EUROPA leaves Boston Wednesday, April 26.
PERSIA leaves New-York Wednesday, May 3.
AFRICA leaves Boston Wednesday, May 10.
SCOTIA leaves New-York Wednesday, May 17.
ASIA leaves Boston Wednesday, May 24.

FROM NEW-YORK TO LIVERPOOL.
Chief Cabin Passage..........$132 50
Second Cabin Passage..........80 00
FROM BOSTON TO LIVERPOOL.
Chief Cabin Passage..........$112 50
Second Cabin Passage..........65 00

Payable in gold, or its equivalent in United States currency.

Berths not secured until paid for.

An experienced Surgeon on board.

The owners of these ships will not be accountable for Specie or Valuables unless bills of lading having the value expressed are signed therefor.

For freight or passage apply to
E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling-green.

STEAM WEEKLY TO LIVERPOOL— Touching at QUEENSTOWN, (CORK HARBOR.) The well known steamers of the Liverpool, New-York and Philadelphia Steamship Company (Inman line) carrying the U. S. mails, are intended to sail as follows:
EDINBURGH..........SATURDAY.......April 22
CITY OF BALTIMORE...SATURDAY.......April 29
CITY OF WASHINGTON..SATURDAY.......May 6
and every succeeding Saturday, at noon, from Pier No. 44 North River.

RATES OF PASSAGE.
PAYABLE IN GOLD, OR ITS EQUIVALENT IN CURRENCY.

First Cabin	$80	Steerage	$30
First Cabin to London	85	Steerage to London	34
First Cabin to Paris	95	Steerage to Paris	40
First Cabin to Hamburg	90	Steerage to Hamburg	37

Passengers also forwarded to Havre, Bremen, Rotterdam, Antwerp, &c., at equally low rates.

Fares from Liverpool or Queenstown—First Cabin, $75, $85, $105. Steerage, $30. Those who wish to send for their friends can buy tickets here at these rates.

For further information apply at the Company's Offices.
JOHN G. DALE, Agent, No. 15 Broadway, New York.

OFFICE OF THE ATLANTIC MAIL STEAMSHIP CO.,
No. 5 BOWLING-GREEN, NEW-YORK, April 13, 1865.

FOR CALIFORNIA, VIA ISTHMUS OF PANAMA.
CARRYING THE UNITED STATES MAIL.
New Arrangement, commencing May 1, 1865.
STEAMERS WILL SAIL SEMI-MONTHLY.

Regular sailing days, 1st and 16th of every month, from the company's new and commodious Pier, No. 43 North River, foot of Canal-st., at 12 o'clock noon, precisely.

DEPARTURES.
April 22—OCEAN QUEEN—WEIR,
(Connecting at Panama with *Sacramento.*)
May 1—ARIEL—JONES,
(Connecting at Panama with *Golden City.*)
May 16—COSTA RICA—TINKLEPAUGH,
(Connecting at Panama with *Constitution.*)
For further information, freight or passage, apply to
D. B. ALLEN, No. 5 Bowling-green.

NEW-YORK MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S
Line of Side-Wheel Steamers to
NEW-ORLEANS DIRECT.
Will sail as follows:

MORNING STAR	Nelson	Saturday, April 22.
EVENING STAR	Bell	Saturday, April 29.
GUIDING STAR	Knapp	Saturday, May 6.
MORNING STAR	Nelson	Saturday, May 20.
EVENING STAR	Bell	Saturday, May 27.
GUIDING STAR	Knapp	Saturday, June 3.
RISING STAR	(Building.)	

At 3 o'clock, P. M.,
From Pier 46 North River, 3d Pier above Canal-st., N. Y.

The MORNING STAR is 2,048 tons; the EVENING STAR 2,015 tons; the GUIDING STAR 2,416 tons, and RISING STAR 2,778 tons, Custom-house measurement. Their passenger accommodations are not excelled by those upon any other steamers in the world.

No Freight received or Bills of Lading signed after 12 o'clock on day of sailing. For Freight or Passage apply to
JAMES A. RAYNOR, No. 10 Barclay-st.

FOR HAVANA VIA NASSAU, N. P.
The British and North American Royal Mail Steampacket Company's new steamer CORSICA, Capt. LE MESSURIER, will sail for the above ports, from the Company's wharf, at Jersey City, on SATURDAY, April 22, and SATURDAY, May 20.
Passage money to Nassau..........$45
Passage money to Havana..........$50
Payable in gold or its equivalent.
No freight received on day before sailing.
For freight or passage, apply to
E. CUNARD, No 4 Bowling Green.

FOR HAVANA DIRECT.
The new and splendid side-wheel
STEAMSHIP MORRO CASTLE,
R. ADAMS, Commander,
will leave Pier No. 4 North River on WEDNESDAY, April 19, at 3 o'clock P. M. precisely, for Havana direct.
For freight or passage, apply to
SPOFFORD, TILESTON & CO.,
No. 29 Broadway.

N. B.—The favorite steamship EAGLE will succeed the MORRO CASTLE, and leave on April 26.

FOR NEW-ORLEANS DIRECT.
The United States Mail steamship STAR OF THE UNION, Capt. A. BLANCHARD, will leave Pier No. 9 North River, on SATURDAY, April 22, at 3 P. M. Her passenger accommodations are unsurpassed. Passage $75. For freight or passage apply to
H. B. CROMWELL & CO., No. 86 West-st.
The GEORGE CROMWELL will follow on SATURDAY, April 29.

STEAMSHIP MORRO CASTLE FOR HAVANA.
NOTICE.—In consequence of the funeral of the President of the United States, the steamer MORRO CASTLE will be detained until THURSDAY, 20th inst., at 12 o'clock N. B.—Mails will close at the Post-office on THURSDAY, at 10 o'clock P. M.
SPOFFORD, TILESTON & CO., No. 29 Broadway.

ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIP CHINA.
FOR LIVERPOOL—The CHINA, JAMES ANDERSON, Commander, will sail from the company's dock, at Jersey City, with the mails and passengers for Europe, on WEDNESDAY, the 19th inst. Passengers are requested to be on board at 11½ o'clock A. M. The PERSIA will sail on the 3d of May.
E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling-green.

SPECIAL NOTICE.—STEAMSHIP GOLDEN RULE FOR CALIFORNIA.—The interruption to business attendant upon the national calamity, will prevent the proper outfitting of this steamer for sailing on the 20th April. It is therefore postponed until SATURDAY, April 22, at noon.
D. N. CARRINGTON, Agent.

OPPOSITION LINE TO CALIFORNIA via Nicaragua.—Short route, low prices.—The Central American Transit Company will dispatch, on the 20th of every month, from Pier No. 29 North River, at noon, the fine steamship GOLDEN RULE, D. S. BABCOCK, Master, at greatly reduced rates of passage. For particulars apply to D. N. CARRINGTON, Agent, No. 177 West-st., corner of Warren-st.

MACHINERY.

REYNOLDS TURBINE WATER-WHEELS.
Competent men are employed to measure streams, make plans, and put in flumes, wheels and gearing.
TALLCOT & UNDERHILL, No. 170 Broadway, N.Y.

Remarks from Chemical Analysis.

AFTER A CAREFUL EXAMINATION OF HELMBOLD'S PREPARATIONS, they enjoy our utmost confidence. We consider them safe and reliable.
NEEVERS & YATES.
PHILADELPHIA, June 12, 1860.

NOW IS THE TIME TO USE
DR. LEATHE'S YELLOW DOCK SYRUP
FOR EPILEPSY.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS AND UNIprincipled dealers endeavoring to dispose of their own and other preparations on the reputation attained by HELMBOLD'S GENUINE PREPARATIONS.

TEAS AND COFFEES.

A NEW FEATURE.
TEAS AND COFFEES
for cash only at
AUCTION PRICES.
WRIGHT, GILLIES & BROTHER
are now offering at private sale their immense stock of
TEAS, COFFEES, SPICES, NUTMEGS,
MUSTARD, INDIGO, COCOA, CHOCOLATE, &c., &c.,
for cash only at
AUCTION PRICES.
Also their celebrated brands of PACKAGE COFFEES, viz.:
GILLIES' OLD PLANTATION,
GILLIES' GOLD MEDAL JAVA,
GILLIES' AMERICAN JAVA,
GILLIES' RYE COFFEE,
at an immense reduction, or about what they would bring if sold at
PUBLIC AUCTION.
This is a rare opportunity for GROCERS, HOTELS, STEAMBOATS and DEALERS generally to procure their stock of
TEAS, COFFEES AND SPICES
at from 25 to 50 per cent. less than ordinary prices. All goods warranted as represented, or the money refunded.
WRIGHT, GILLIES & BROTHER,
Nos. 233, 235 and 237 Washington-st., New-York.

NOW IS THE TIME TO USE
DR. LEATHE'S YELLOW DOCK SYRUP
FOR AGUE IN THE FACE AND JAW.

HELMBOLD'S FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU is pleasant in taste and odor, free from all injurious properties and immediate in its action.

RAILROADS.

LONG ISLAND RAILROAD—WINTER ARRANGEMENT.—Leave New-York, James-slip and 34th-st., East River, at 9 A. M. Mail Train for Greenport, Sag Harbor, &c.; and on Saturdays, at 3 P. M., Express Train for Greenport, stopping at stations east of Hicksville. For Farmingdale, Deer Park, Islip, Lakeland, Waverley and Yaphank at 9 A. M. and 3 P. M. For Syosset at 10.30 A. M. and 4 P. M. (Stages connect for Cold Spring, Oyster Bay and Huntington.) For Winfield, Jamaica, Hemstead, &c., at 9, 10.30 A. M. 2, 4 and 5 P. M.

Sunday train leaves 34th-st., East River, at 9:15 A. M., for Yaphank, stopping at all stations, (except Hemstead and Syosset.) Excursion tickets sold for this train.
A. REASONER, Superintendent.

ATLANTIC AND GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY.
NEW BROAD GAUGE ROUTE.

Passenger trains leave New-York, via the Erie Railway, from foot of Chambers-st., running through to Cleveland, Ohio, without change of cars, connecting with railroads for all principal cities in the West.

This road is being extended, and will soon be in complete running order to Mansfield, Galion, Urbana, Dayton, Cincinnati and St. Louis, without break of gauge.
H. F. SWEETSER, General Superintendent.
J. C. CALHOUN, General Ticket Agent, Meadville, Pa.

PERTH AMBOY AND WOODBRIDGE RAILROAD.
From foot of Cortlandt-st., New-York.
Leave New-York for Perth Amboy and Woodbridge—7 and 10 A. M., 2, 4:10 and 5:40 P. M.
Leave Perth Amboy—7:10, 8:45 A. M., 12 M., 3:55, 6:05 P. M.
Leave Woodbridge—7:25, 8:55 A. M., 12:15, 4:10 and 6:20 P. M.
JERSEY CITY, Jan. 21, 1865.

NEW-YORK AND HARLEM RAILROAD
Trains for Albany, Troy, and Saratoga Springs, also connecting with the North and West, leave 26th-st. depot at 10 A. M. and 4 P. M.

Tickets may be procured at the offices of Westcott's Express, in New-York and Brooklyn. Baggage checked from the residence to all points on this road and its connections.

ERIE RAILWAY.—TRAINS LEAVE FROM foot of Chambers-st., via Pavonia Ferry:
7:00 A. M.—Day Express, for Canandaigua, Rochester, Buffalo, Salamanca and West. Connects at Buffalo with Lake Shore and Grand Trunk Railways, and at Salamanca, with Atlantic and Great Western Railway.
8:30 A. M.—Milk and Way Train, daily, for Otisville.
10:00 A. M.—Express Mail, for Buffalo, connecting with Lake Shore Railway.
4:00 P. M.—Way Train, for Port Jervis and Newburgh.
5:00 P. M.—Night Express for Canandaigua, Rochester, Buffalo, Salamanca and West.
6:00 P. M.—Lightning Express, daily, for Canandaigua, Rochester, Buffalo, Salamanca, Dunkirk, and West, connects at Buffalo with Lake Shore and Grand Trunk Railways, and at Salamanca, with Atlantic and Great Western Railway.
8:00 P. M.—Emigrant Train, daily, for Buffalo, Salamanca, Dunkirk and West.
CHARLES MINOT, General Superintendent.

REOPENING OF THE OVERLAND ROUTE TO CALIFORNIA—Under Government protection against Indians. First-class coaches, carrying passengers and U. S. mail, start every morning from Atchison, Kansas, and Nebraska City, Nebraska, daily for Denver City, Colorado, Great Salt Lake, Utah, and Placerville, Cal., connecting at Salt Lake with coaches for Bannock and Virginia City, Montana, Brise City, Idaho and Walla-Walla, and The Dalles, Oregon.
BEN HOLLADAY, No. 84 Broadway.

HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD.—ON AND after MONDAY, Jan. 23, 1865, trains leave 30th-st. station for Albany and Troy, and places North and West, at 7:30 and 11:30 A. M., 3:40, 6, and 10:30 P. M. Sleeping cars attached to the 6 and 10:30 P. M. trains from 30th-st. Small cars will be run between Chambers and 30th-st. stations. Sunday train 6 P. M.
J. M. TOUCEY, Ass't Sup't.

NORTHERN RAILROAD OF NEW-JERSEY.—Trains leave Jersey City for Piermont at 5 A. M., 9:15 A. M., 1:15 P. M., 4:22 P. M. and 6:25 P. M. On Saturdays, 11:15 P. M. The 9:15 and 4:22 run through to Monsey.
THOS. W. DEMAREST, Superintendent.

STEAMBOATS.

THE GREAT INSIDE ROUTE FOR BOSTON.
STONINGTON STEAMBOAT LINE,
VIA GROTON AND PROVIDENCE.
THE OLDEST, QUICKEST, SAFEST AND MOST DIRECT,
AVOIDING "POINT JUDITH."
The magnificent steamer
COMMONWEALTH,
ON TUESDAYS, THURSDAYS AND SATURDAYS.
The elegant steamer
PLYMOUTH ROCK,
ON MONDAYS, WEDNESDAYS AND FRIDAYS,
AT 5 O'CLOCK, P. M.

These boats start from Pier No. 18 North River, (foot of Cortlandt-st.,) and are acknowledged by all experienced travelers to be among the largest, strongest, most comfortable and best that have ever run in American waters. At all seasons and in all weather, these boats invariably make the passage on time. Sumptuous suppers and luxuriously furnished state-rooms are marked features of these "floating palaces."

Berths and state-rooms may be secured at Harden's Express Office, No. 74 Broadway, and at No. 115 West-st., New-York, and at No. 76 Washington-st., Boston.
M. R. SIMONS, Agent.

FOR HUDSON, CATSKILL AND BRISTOL.
Steamer TRAVELER leaves foot of Harrison-st. every MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and FRIDAY at 5 P. M.

STEAMER T. V. ARROWSMITH.—ON AND after MONDAY, April 10, the above steamer will leave Pier No. 24 East River, (Peck-slip,) for Bayley's Dock, Fort Schuyler, Great Neck, Sands Point, Glen Cove, Mott's Dock, Glen Wood and Roslyn, every afternoon, (Sundays excepted,) at 3:30 P. M., until the 1st of May next. Returning, will leave Roslyn at 7 o'clock A. M. Stages for Locust Valley and Oyster Bay connect with the boat at Glen Cove.

FOR NEW-HAVEN, HARTFORD AND SPRINGFIELD.—Steamers leave Peck-slip for New-Haven at 3:15 and 11 P. M. (Sundays excepted.)

LEGAL NOTICES.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ACT OF THE Legislature, entitled "An act to enable the Trustee for the stockholders and creditors of 'the President, Directors and Company of the Bank of Albany,' and the Receiver of the Bank of Albany, to apply and dispose of the property and funds yet remaining under such trust, and to close up such trust," passed Feb. 27, 1865, all persons having circulating notes or bills of the President, Directors and Company of the Bank of Albany, are hereby notified and required to present the same for redemption to JACOB H. TEN EYCK, sole acting Trustee, or to ADAM VAN ALLEN, Receiver of the Bank of Albany, at the First National Bank, in the City of Albany, on or before the eleventh (11th) day of September, 1865.
J. H. TEN EYCK, Trustee.
ALBANY, March 3, 1865. mh6—law6m.

PURSUANT TO AN ORDER OF PETER DORLAND, Surrogate of Dutchess County, notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against the estate of William Henry Grant, late of the town of Amenia, in said county, deceased, are required to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the undersigned, Jane A. Grant, executrix of said estate, at her residence in the town of Amenia, on or before the 25th day of May next, or, in default thereof, their claims will be debarred and precluded from payment by said executrix out of said estate. Dated Nov. 18, 1864.
JANE A. GRANT, Executrix.

MEETINGS.

A. P. A.—THE MEMBERS OF NEW-YORK LODGE, No. 3, A. P. A., are requested to be at the Lodge-room, No. 598 Broadway, THIS (Wednesday) EVENING, at 7 o'clock, to receive the following lodges, Nos. 7, 15 and 36 of New-York, No. 31 of Yonkers, and No. 38 of Newburgh.
ARTHUR HALLAM, Recording Secretary.
JOHN C. WILEY, W. M.

DANCING.

AT HILLGROVE'S DANCING ACADEMY, No. 96 6th-av., the closing soiree will be postponed until TUESDAY EVENING, April 25. N. B.—The Saturday evening class for ladies and gentlemen will continue open until June 10.

AUCTION SALES

HIDES AND TALLOW.
Will be sold at public auction, on WEDNESDAY, the 26th inst., at 11 o'clock A. M., at 6th-st. wharf, the following articles, more or less:
3,862 Salted Beef Hides.
219 Dry Beef Hides.
14 Dry Calf Skins.
495 Sheep Pelts.
24,114 pounds of Tallow (Beef.)
586½ gallons Neats-foot Oil.
2,642 pounds of Tallow Scraps.
4,950 pairs of Horns.
2,000 assorted Empty Barrels.
Terms cash, in government funds.
G. BELL, Lieut.-Col. and C. S.
WASHINGTON, April 14, 1865.

MORRIS WILKINS, Auctioneer.
HANDSOME HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,
MIRRORS, VELVET AND BRUSSELS CARPETS, &c.
E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction, on WEDNESDAY, April 19, 1865, at 11 o'clock, at No. 99 East 27th-st., between Lexington and 3d-avs., all the handsome furniture, &c., of said house, viz: Elegantly carved rosewood parlor suite, in maroon plush, marble-top center tables, fine French plate pier mirrors, walnut extension table, marble-top buffet, book-cases, lounges, French bedsteads, dressing bureaus, washstands, damask and lace curtains, velvet and Brussels carpets, oil-cloths, chandeliers, kitchen utensils, &c.
Catalogues at the auctioneer's office, No. 3 Pine-st.

MORRIS WILKINS, Auctioneer.
TO BRASS MOLDERS AND FINISHERS.
ADMINISTRATRIX' SALE.—E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction, on SATURDAY, April 22, 1865, at 10½ o'clock, at the foundry No. 6 Duane-st., near North William-st., by order of Mrs. Margaret Durno, administratrix of estate of the late George Durno, deceased, all the stock of materials, tools, machinery, patterns, core boxes, and all things necessary to carry on the above business. Sale peremptory. Terms cash. Catalogues may be had at the office of the auctioneers, No. 3 Pine-st.

JOSEPH HEGEMAN, Auctioneer.
THE THREE FURNITURE SALES,
Advertised for Wednesday, April 19, are
POSTPONED.
For obvious reasons, until
THURSDAY, APRIL 28,
At the same hours.

MORRIS WILKINS, Auctioneer.
HANDSOME CABINET FURNITURE— Being the entire balance of stock of the WELL-KNOWN MANUFACTURERS, MESSRS. CAMPBELL & HOYER—E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction on FRIDAY, April 21, at 11 o'clock, at the Warerooms, No. 37 Mercer-st., between Grand and Broome sts., the entire balance of furniture of the above well-known firm, (now retiring from business,) consisting of fine rosewood, walnut, mahogany and oak parlor, bed-room and dining-room furniture, &c., all of the very best manufacture. The sale is peremptory. Parties in search of fine furniture are invited to attend this sale. Catalogues at the Auctioneer's office, No. 3 Pine-st.

SUPREME COURT SALE—HOUSE AND LOT. —The two-story brick-front store and dwelling with lot adjoining the Bowery, in the rear, known as No. 220 Elizabeth-st., between Prince and Houston sts., will be sold on FRIDAY, April 21, 1865, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, under direction of
J. KELLY, Esq., Sheriff.

A. JOURNEAY, AUCTIONEER, OFFICE No. 8 Pine-st., will give personal attention, as heretofore, to sales of household furniture at residences of families declining housekeeping, on the most favorable terms.

D. M. SEAMAN, AUCTIONEER, NO. 14 PINE-ST.—Sales at auction of real estate, stocks, furniture, &c., attended to. Real estate at private sale. Houses rented.

MEDICAL.

CANCER.

A speedy and permanent cure. Dr. JOSEPH T. ROBINSON, for the present stopping at the St. Nicholas Hotel, has discovered an infallible remedy for the cure of cancer. Has sufficient testimony to convince the most incredulous of his entire success in this branch of practice. Terms are no cure no pay, which should enlist public confidence.

Until further notice, can be seen or addressed at St. Nicholas Hotel. JOSEPH T. ROBINSON, M. D.

PRIVATE DISEASES CURED IN THE shortest possible time, by DR. WARD & CO., No. 62 Franklin-st., near Broadway, without the use of Mercury, loss of time or change of diet. Dr. WARD, from the hospitals of London, Paris and Edinburgh, is the discoverer of the only certain and reliable remedies for diseases of a private character. In 28 years practice he has cured more cases of Secret Diseases and Wrong Treatment than all others combined. I can and will cure you in less time and at less expense than any other can or will, and those who have been robbed of their money and health, call; it will take but little money and time to restore you. If you have been unfortunate, call at once. By his special experience in this much neglected branch of medical science, he is enabled to guarantee a cure in the most complicated cases. Recent cases of Gonorrhœa or Syphilis cured in a few days, without change of diet or hindrance from business. Secondary Syphilis—the last vestige eradicated without the use of Mercury. Involuntary emissions stopped in a short time. Sufferers from Impotency, or loss of sexual power, restored to full vigor in a few weeks, permanently and speedily cured by a new treatment. Persons at a distance failing to receive prompt treatment elsewhere, may get a permanent cure effected by writing a full diagnosis of their case, addressed to Dr. WARD, No. 61 Franklin-st. Call, send, or write.

MANHOOD AND THE VIGOR OF YOUTH regained in three days by Dr. POWERS' ESSENCE OF LIFE. This wonderful agent restores manhood to the most shattered constitutions, radically curing Seminal Weakness, Sexual Debility, and Impediments to Marriage generally; Nervousness, Mental and Physical Incapacity, resulting from self-abuse, &c. The time required to cure the most inveterate case is one week. Failure is impossible. This life-restoring remedy should be taken by all about to marry, as its effects are permanent. Young man, are you subject to that soul and body destroying disease, secret habits? Dr. POWERS' Invigorating Essence is a never-failing cure. Sold by WALTER POWERS, M. D., No. 61 Franklin-st., between Broadway and Elm-st., New-York.

MEDICAL AND SURGICAL CONSULTATIONS.—Dr. R. CORBETT can be consulted with the most honorable confidence on private diseases at his conveniently-arranged suite of offices, No. 30 Centre-st., between Chambers and Reade sts., having a private entrance at No. 6 City Hall-place. From Dr. C. being one of the oldest, and probably the only qualified physician and surgeon in this City who makes diseases of the genitourinary organs a specialty, he is thus enabled to guarantee speedy and permanent cures, or make no charge. Strictures of the urethra, seminal weakness nervous and general debility treated on the most scientific principles. N. B.—See Dr. C.'s diplomas, in his office, as member of the New-York University Medical College, and College of Surgeons, London. Office hours, 9 A. M. to 8½ P. M.

DR. COOPER, NO. 14 DUANE-ST., MAY BE confidently consulted on all diseases of a private nature. A practice of 30 years, devoted to the treatment and cure of Syphilitic, Mercurial and diseases of a delicate nature, enables Dr. C. to make speedy and permanent cures, no matter of how long standing the case may be. Strictures of the urethra and seminal weakness, brought on by a secret habit, effectually cured. The victims of misplaced confidence, who have been misled by quack advertisements, can call on Dr. C. with the certainty of being radically cured or no charge made.

A CARD TO THE LADIES.—DR. HARRISON, recently of London, devotes his practice especially to the treatment of female diseases. All irregularities and obstructions of menses, from whatever cause, totally removed and perfectly cured in a few hours, without danger or pain. Ladies visiting this city thus afflicted will find it to their interest by consulting Dr. HARRISON, as one interview is quite sufficient, and they will not be detained. Dr. Harrison's Female Monthly Regulator sent to all parts of the United States and Canada. Price $5. Removed to No. 52 6th-av., between 4th-st. and Washington-place, New-York.

DR. POWERS' PERIODICAL DROPS are designed for both married and single ladies, and are the very best thing known for the purpose, as they will bring on the monthly sickness in case of obstruction from any cause, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. Expressly for obstinate cases. Warranted as represented in every respect, or the price will be refunded. Beware of imitations! Purchased directly of Dr. POWERS, 61 Franklin-st., N. Y.

DR. HUNTER'S BOTANIC CORDIAL REstores the vigor of youth in four days. Restores manhood to the most shattered system. No. 3 Division-st., New-York, the only place. Beware of bogus Dr. Hunters. The city is full of knaves, up to every trick to rob Dr. Hunter of his great reputation as a skillful and reliable physician. He has no other office but No. 3 Division-st. Established in 1834. Eight rooms and a private entrance. Book 50 pages, gratis, on nervous debility, early indiscretion, &c.

ADVICE TO MARRIED LADIES, who require a safe and certain remedy for removing obstructions, from whatever cause. Can rely upon the celebrated INFALLIBLE FRENCH FEMALE MONTHLY PILLS. No. 1, price $1 a box, to restore the monthly sickness in forty-eight hours, if of short standing; but obstinate cases, of long standing, may require No. 2, which are four degrees stronger than No. 1, and can never fail, are safe and healthy, price $5 a box. Sold at No. 127½ Liberty-st., and 162 Chambers-st., or sent by mail, with full instructions: address Box 2,350 N. Y. P. O.

IMPORTANT TO THE MARRIED.—DR. A. M. MAURICEAU, Professor of Diseases of Women, informs ladies that "THE MARRIED WOMAN'S PRIVATE MEDICAL COMPANION" is for every lady, but more particularly intended for those whose health or circumstances forbid a too rapid increase of family. Price $1. Sold at his office, No. 129 Liberty-st., N. Y.

ENFEEBLED AND DELICATE CONSTITUTIONS, of both sexes, use HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU. It will give brisk and energetic feelings and enable you to sleep well.

THOUSANDS ARE RUINED BEYOND REDEMPTION in this life by not calling on Dr. HUNTER sooner or later. He can cure the worst cases of secret disease in a shorter time than any other physician, or no pay taken. Skeptics and doubters will please call and read lots of reliable certificates of cures made within the last thirty years of almost hopeless cases, that had the benefit of dozens of our most eminent physicians and surgeons. Dr. Hunter is in constant attendance from 8 in the morning till 8 at night, at his old office, No. 3 Division-st., New-York City, since 1834. Charges moderate and a cure guaranteed. Separate rooms, so that the patient sees no one but the Doctor himself. His wonderful medical discovery, DR. HUNTER'S RED DROP, cures private diseases when regular treatment and all other remedies fail; cures without dieting or restriction in the habits of the patient; cures without the disgusting and sickening effects of all other remedies; cures in new cases in less than six hours; cures without the dreadful consequent effects of mercury, and possesses the peculiarly valuable property of annihilating the rank and poisonous taint that the blood is sure to absorb unless his remedy is used. This is what he claims for it, and what no other will accomplish. $2 per vial. Book, 50 pages, gratis, on nervous debility, causes of impotency, marasmus, &c.

AUCTION SALES.

SALE OF OLD NAVY GUNS.
NAVY ORDNANCE YARD,
WASHINGTON CITY, April 15, 1865.

On May 2, 1865, between the hours of 12 and 1 P. M., there will be sold in this yard at auction to the highest bidder:

17 (seventeen) old navy cannon, weighing about 21 cwt. each; to be sold by the pound for their actual weight. One-half the purchase money to be paid at the completion of the sale, and the remainder on the removal of the guns by the purchaser, which must be done at his expense and within ten days after the sale.

This will afford an excellent opportunity for founders and others to obtain a valuable lot of charcoal iron.
WILLIAM N. JEFFERS,
Commander U. S. Navy,
and Inspector of Ordnance.

UNITED STATES MARSHAL'S SALE.
DANIEL H. BURDETT, Auctioneer,
BY BURDETT, JONES & CO.

By virtue of order of sale to me directed by Hon. Thos. J. Boynton, U. S. District Judge for the Southern District of Florida, I will sell at public auction, on
FRIDAY, APRIL 28, AT NOON,
On board thereof,
THE PRIZE STEAMER RUBY,
Her tackle, apparel, furniture, &c., as she now lies, at the Atlantic Dock, Brooklyn.
Cards for examination at the office of Benner & Brown, No. 113 Wall-st.
JAMES C. CLAPP,
U. S. MARSHAL SOUTHERN DISTRICT FLORIDA.

UNITED STATES COTTON SALE.
6,000 BALES UPLAND COTTON
will be sold,
UNDER DIRECTION OF SIMEON DRAPER, U. S. COTTON AGENT,
ON
THURSDAY, May 4, 1865,
At 1 o'clock P. M.,
AT THE
EXCHANGE SALESROOMS, NO. 111 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK.
Samples can be seen at the office of Messrs. EASTON & CO. three days before the sale.
Catalogues will be ready on the 26th inst. at EASTON & CO.'S, and at the Custom-House.

MORRIS WILKINS, Auctioneer.
HANDSOME HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,
MIRRORS, VELVET AND BRUSSELS CARPETS, &c.
E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction, on WEDNESDAY, April 19, 1865, at 11 o'clock, at No. 99 East 27th-st., between Lexington and Third-avs., all the handsome furniture, &c., of said house, viz.: Elegantly carved rosewood parlor suite in maroon plush, marble-top center tables, fine French plate pier mirrors, walnut extension table, marble-top buffet, book-cases, lounges, French bedsteads, dressing bureaus, washstands, damask and lace curtains, velvet and Brussels carpets, oil-cloths, chandeliers, kitchen utensils, &c.
Catalogues at the Auctioneer's office, No. 3 Pine-st.

AUCTION NOTICE.
The sale advertised to take place this day, by E. H. LUDLOW & CO., at No. 99 East 27th-st., is postponed until WEDNESDAY next, April 26, 1865, at 11 o'clock A. M.

J. COLE, Auctioneer.
SUYDAM ESTATE AT NEW-UTRECHT— SALE POSITIVE—In partition—The following desirable property, on
THURSDAY, APRIL 27,
at 12 o'clock M., at the Commercial Exchange, No. 359 Fulton-st., opposite the City Hall, Brooklyn.

Under the direction of John P. Rolfe, Esq., Attorney.

21 acres, on the west side of the road from New-Utrecht to Flatbush, about ¼ a mile north from the church in New-Utrecht; over 2,168 feet of front, good old Dutch mansion, barn, carriage-house and other out buildings, fine orchard and well; will be sold in four plots of over five acres each, if desired.

24 acres, opposite the above and adjoining the elegant residence of Daniel Roberts, Esq., very early land, in a high state of cultivation.

6 acres of salt meadow in the town of Flatlands.

This property is accessible at all times by steam railcars, from Greenwood Cemetery, which pass only a short distance from it, making it convenient not only for farmers, but also for gentlemen doing business in New-York.

Maps are ready at the office of the Attorney, over the Mechanics' Bank, Brooklyn, and at the office of the Auctioneer, No. 359 Fulton-st., Brooklyn.

F. COLTON, Auctioneer.
WILL SELL ON THURSDAY, FRIDAY and SATURDAY, April 20, 21 and 22, at 10 o'clock each day, at 825 Broadway, N. A. Freeman's large stock of rich and elegant jewelry, diamonds, watches, gold and silver goods of all descriptions, to close the business. Sale will continue until the entire stock is disposed of. Those about to purchase goods in this line will do well to attend, as the stock is choice, and will be sold without reserve to the highest bidder. Catalogues ready on the morning of sale.

MINER & SOMERVILLE, Auctioneers.
WILL SELL AT AUCTION, ON FRIDAY, April 21, at 10½ A. M., at No. 429 West 34th-st., between 9th and 10th avs., a general assortment of Household Furniture of a family breaking up housekeeping.

FURNITURE SALES OF DWELLINGS.— E. T. WELLS, Auctioneer, No. 73 Murray-st., will give his personal attention to sales of private residences of persons relinquishing housekeeping, on very liberal terms.

JOSEPH McGUIRE, AUCTIONEER—OFfice No. 125 3d-av., near 14th-st., is prepared, as heretofore, to give personal attention to sales of household furniture, merchandise of stores, and all other kinds of goods and chattels. Established in 1855.

LOST AND FOUND.

$2,000 REWARD!
LOST OR STOLEN on or about the 3d April, 1865, the following coupon six per cent bonds, of the City of St. Louis, Missouri, viz:

Ten bonds of $1,000 each, 6 per cent, issued 1854, due 1874; interest payable at Phœnix Bank, N. Y., February and August, numbers 124, 125, 135 to 142, inclusive, with past due coupons, (since July, 1861,) annexed..........$10,000

Five bonds for $1,000 each, 6 per cent, issued 1854, due 1874; interest payable at Phœnix Bank, N. Y., April and October, numbers 45 to 49, inclusive, with past due coupons, (since July, 1861,) annexed..........5,000

Fifteen bonds for $1,000 each, 6 per cent, issued 1854, due 1874; interest payable at Phœnix Bank, N. Y., January and July, numbers 24, 25, 418 to 425, inclusive, and 497, with past due coupons, since July, 1861,) annexed..........15,000

And also the following, viz:

Ten bonds for $1,000 each, of the City of Memphis, issued for, and secured by Charleston and Memphis Railroad, due in 1884; interest payable in January and July, numbers 561, 563, 565 to 572, inclusive, with past due coupons annexed..........10,000

All persons are hereby notified and warned, not to purchase or negotiate the same, or any of the past due coupons thereof, as the payment of the same has been stopped and the transfer of the same is hereby prohibited.

The above reward will be paid for the recovery of the above named bonds, or a proportionate amount for the recovery of any part of the same.

New-York, April 15, 1865.
GEORGE DOUGLAS, Attorney-at-Law,
No. 15 William-st.

LOST—A CERTIFICATE, NO. 1,092, FOR FIFTY shares preferred stock of the St. Louis, Alton and Terre Haute Railroad. The finder will be suitably rewarded by calling at the office of PAUL A. BREZ, No. 23 John-st. All persons are hereby cautioned against purchasing or negotiating the same, as the transfer of it is stopped.

LOST OR STOLEN—APRIL 8, ONE HUNDRED (100) shares of the Common Stock of the Chicago and Northwestern R. R. Co. Certificate No. 6,265, in name of Julius Oberndorf, Baltimore. The public are cautioned against negotiating the same, as transfer has been stopped.
HALLGARTEN & HERZFELD, No. 28 Broad st.

LOST—A SMALL LEATHER BAG CONTAINING keys. A reward of $3 will be paid by leaving them at No. 279 Broadway, for Mr. JUDGE.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

BUSINESS ESTABLISHMENT FOR SALE in the City of Washington.

In consequence of the ill health of the proprietor, a well established and profitable wine, liquor and family grocery, wholesale and retail, business is now offered for sale, together with the lease of the premises, about five years to run.

The stock consists of a very choice and well selected assortment of the above articles, and will be sold in whole or in part.

Apply for further information by letter to JAMES WILSON, Box No. 331 Washington Post-office, D. C.

FOR SALE—THE PATENT RIGHT FOR THE State of Pennsylvania, to a company who will guarantee the immediate establishment of a manufactory in the City of Philadelphia. The amount of business to be done under government contract will only be limited by the capacity of the manufactory. The right will only be sold to responsible men, and will be disposed of as may be agreed, either for a sum outright, or for a royalty. Address for one week, with full name, Box No. 578 Post-office, Washington, D. C.

TO PHYSICIANS.—ANY UNPREJUDICED physician wishing to secure a good location and the whole or an interest in an office business now treating upward of thirty patients daily, can do so by applying at No. 118 State st., or addressing Dr. ——, Box No. 318 Post-office, Trenton, N. J. Business enough for three, and constantly increasing. Would pay a liberal salary to an assistant.

NOW IS THE TIME TO USE
DR. LEATHE'S YELLOW DOCK SYRUP
FOR EMACIATION.

TO MEN OF CAPITAL.—THE PATENT right for sale of a self-feeding, portable or bench DRILL. Working models can be seen at Mr. JOHNSON'S, No. 350 West 25th-st.

WANTED—A PARTNER WITH $30,000, TO INvest in a well established paper business. Address Box No. 2,246 Post-office.

DENTISTRY.

COLTON DENTAL ASSOCIATION MAKE a specialty in the use of the Nitrous Oxide Gas, for the destruction of pain in tooth-drawing. The gas is made fresh every day. Office, No. 19 Cooper Institute.

NOW IS THE TIME TO USE
DR. LEATHE'S YELLOW DOCK SYRUP
FOR BLOOD SPITTING.

THE GLORY OF MAN IS STRENGTH.— —Therefore the nervous and debilitated should immediately use HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU.

THE BEST AND CHEAPEST INKS.— "Wardwell's National Writing Fluid," and "Reys' American Union Ink." No sediment, flow freely, and do not corrode. Sold by the trade generally. Manufactured by WARDWELL & REEVES, successors to J. G. Keys. Removed to No. 303 Washington-st., near Reade.

AMUSEMENTS.

BARNUM'S AMERICAN MUSEUM.
GRAND NATIONAL
POULTRY, PIGEON AND RABBIT SHOW,
UNDER THE AUSPICES OF
THE NATIONAL POULTRY SOCIETY,
COMMENCING MONDAY, APRIL 24,
and continuing
THE ENTIRE WEEK,
in the
SPACIOUS SALOONS OF THE MUSEUM.
It will be the most
UNIQUE AND EXTRAORDINARY DISPLAY
OF
PURE BRED FOWLS
EVER WITNESSED IN THIS COUNTRY.
OVER $500 CASH PREMIUMS
will be distributed.
Admission to the NATIONAL POULTRY SHOW, including all the usual attractions of the Museum, 30 cents. Children under ten, 15 cents.

INSTRUCTION.

COLUMBIA GRAMMAR SCHOOL,
NOS. 327 AND 329 FOURTH-AVE.
Rev. GEORGE W. BACON, M. D., LL. B., Principal.
RICHARD S. BACON, M. D., LL. B., Vice-Principal, with nine assistant instructors. Three departments, classical, commercial and preparatory. All the advantages of the institution—including modern languages, gymnasium and military drill—are open to every pupil, without extra charge.

NEWBURGH INSTITUTE.—NEWBURGH, N. Y.—A first-class boarding-school for boys. English, French and classical.

"I know of no institution of learning in this section that can compare with it."—*J. T. Headley.*

"Just such a school as we should have had years ago."—*Homer Ramsdell.*

Circular and testimonials sent on application.
HENRY W. SIGLAR, Principal.

NATIONAL CONSERVATORY.
OFFICE NO. 30 COOPER INSTITUTE.

A few more pupils will be received during this week only for the last half of the second term, beginning MONDAY, April 24, 1865.

Subscription THREE DOLLARS for balance of the term.

There are vacancies for instruction on PIANO, VIOLIN and in VOCAL MUSIC, and in the ORCHESTRAL CLASS for amateurs.

SEWARD INSTITUTE FOR BOYS.
FLORIDA, ORANGE COUNTY, N. Y.
The semi-annual session of this Institute will open April 17. Superior advantages offered. Number of boarders limited to thirty. A few vacancies to fill. Catalogues containing full particulars may be had at No. 17 Ann-st., or at the Institute.
T. G. SCHRIVER, A. M.

YONKERS MILITARY INSTITUTE.
A Boarding-School for boys, 16 miles above New-York, on the Hudson. Circulars at W. H. Arthur & Co.'s, No. 39 Nassau-st., N. Y., or address
BENJAMIN MASON, Principal.

MRS. JOHN LORD (MISS TUCKER) REceives into her family fifteen young ladies to educate, assisted by competent resident teachers, and by eminent professors from New-York.
STAMFORD, CONN.
REFERENCES.—Rt. Rev. John Williams, D. D., Bishop of Connecticut; Rev. Walter Mitchell, Stamford, Conn.; Capt. Wm. Skiddy, Stamford, Conn.; Francis Skiddy, Esq., New-York, &c., &c.

BOARDING SCHOOL FOR BOYS—ESSEX SEMINARY, Essex, Conn.—M. A. CUMMINGS, A. M. Principal. Circulars at Sheldon & Co.'s No. 335 Broadway. Mr. Cummings will call on any person wishing to converse with him relative to school matters, who will leave or send his address in care of the above firm.

THE SEDGWICK INSTITUTE, GREAT BARRINGTON, MASS.—For twenty very select young boys. Those never from home before preferred. Send for circulars, or call on the Principal during April, at No. 134 West 36th-st., New-York.
JAMES SEDGWICK, M. A., Principal.

BOARDING SCHOOL FOR BOYS, NEAR New London, Conn.—A few additional pupils will be received under twelve. Instruction and management adapted to young pupils; healthfulness of location unsurpassed. Application may be made at No. 99 Ryerson st., Brooklyn.

ORCHARD HILL SEMINARY FOR YOUNG LADIES, Ridgefield, Conn., near the Danbury and Norwalk Railroad. Next term commences May 1. For circulars, address the Principals, Mrs. M. R. CURTIS and Mrs. F. R. LYON.

NOW IS THE TIME TO USE
DR. LEATHE'S YELLOW DOCK SYRUP
FOR BOILS AND HUMORS.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA cleanses and renovates the blood, instills the vigor of health into the system, and purges out the humors that make disease.

A RECENT GRADUATE OF HARVARD, Mr. J. T. BIXBY, wishes to obtain one or two more private pupils in classics, mathematics or English branches; best of city reference given. Mr. BIXBY'S address is No. 84 9th-st.

IRVING INSTITUTE, TARRYTOWN, N.Y. —A boarding school for boys. The 55th semi-annual session will commence on MONDAY, May 1. For circulars apply to the principal, D. S. ROWE, M. A.

MOUNT WASHINGTON INSTITUTE— (Classical, Commercial and French,) No. 126 West 4th-st., corner of Macdougal-st. and Washington-square.
GEO. W. CLARKE, A. M., Rector.

MRS. C. M. WHITE RECEIVES IN HER family twelve young ladies to educate, assisted by competent teachers. For circulars apply to the Principal, Rose Hill, Danbury, Conn.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., INSTITUTE.— A Classical, Commercial, and Military School, for boys of all ages. For circulars, address
C. B. WARRING, Principal.

MOUNT VERNON INSTITUTE, MOUNT Vernon, Westchester County, N. Y. The Summer term will commence May 1. For circulars address the Principal, JOHN OAKLEY.

UNIVERSITY GRAMMAR SCHOOL, Washington-square, prepares for business, Naval School, West Point and College. Seventh-av. cars pass the school.

CLASSES FOR YOUNG LADIES—FRENCH, Latin, English, music and modern languages. Apply on and after 1st of May at the Colonnade House, corner 125th-st. and 5th-av.

MILITARY BOARDING SCHOOL—WHITE Plains, New-York, one hour's ride from the city.
O. R. WILLIS, A. M., Principal.

MILITARY, CLASSICAL AND COMMERCIAL ACADEMY, Nyack, Rockland County, New-York. C. RUTHERFORD, A. M., Principal.

GERMAN AMERICAN INSTITUTE—NOS. 1 West 26th-st. and 1,140 Broadway, with primary department, and gymnastics, for misses and masters.

CLASSICAL FRENCH AND ENGLISH SCHOOL, No. 212 5th-av. GEO. C. ANTHON.

TEACHERS.

AN ENGLISH LADY, EDUCATED IN France, and familiar with the language and literature of that country, who is considered a first-class musician, and has a singularly easy and successful method of imparting instruction, and is, besides, an accomplished artist in water-colors, would like to give lessons during the Summer months in exchange for her board. The highest city references given. Address, for one week, J. L. H., Box No. 225 Sing Sing, N. Y.

AN EXPERIENCED LADY TEACHER desires a situation in a school, family or as traveling companion; a graduate of the Normal School, Albany, N. Y., and a successful teacher of music and French, together with oil painting, drawing and Latin; the highest references given. Address Box No. 107 Post-office, Auburn, N. Y.

WANTED—A YOUNG LADY, EXPERIENCED in the care of children, desires a situation in a pleasant family; would assist in their sewing, and also give them instruction in music and English branches, if desired. Address W. B., Box No. 1,679 New-York Post-office.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES.

I, WILLIAM T. COLEMAN, DO HEREBY certify that my place of abode is at Yonkers, Westchester County, in the State of New-York; that I, together with EDWARD MOTT ROBINSON, lately conducted the business of merchants in the City and State of New-York, under the firm name of WM. T. COLEMAN & CO., and that I alone now continue the said business under the same firm name of WM. T. COLEMAN & CO. Dated New-York, March 21, 1865.
WM. T. COLEMAN,
By GEO. PLATT, his attorney in fact.

STATE OF NEW-YORK, CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW-YORK, ss.—On this twenty-first day of March, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five, before me personally appeared GEORGE PLATT, known to me to be the same person by whom the foregoing certificate is subscribed, as attorney for and in the name of WM. T. COLEMAN, and acknowledged to me that he executed the same as the act of the said WM. T. COLEMAN.
EDWIN F. COREY, JR.,
Notary Public for the State of New-York, in the City of New-York.

THE COPARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE existing between the undersigned, under the firm name of SERRELL & CLOSE, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. A. T. SERRELL will sign in liquidation and continue the business at Nos. 208 to 210 West 37th st.
EDWARD H. CLOSE,
ALFRED T. SERRELL.
NEW-YORK, April 13, 1865.

THE FIRM OF WALDEN, WILLARD & McILVAINE was dissolved on the 6th inst. The banking and stock petroleum business will be carried on by E. R. McILVAINE and CHARLES C. WALDEN, at No. 13 Broad-st., under the firm of McILVAINE & WALDEN.
E. R. McILVAINE,
C. C. WALDEN.

THE COPARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE existing between the undersigned, under the name of GEO. SIMONSON & CO., is dissolved this day by mutual consent.
GEO. SIMONSON,
APRIL 18, 1865. HENRY LOVERIDGE.

BONE DUST FOR SALE.—I HAVE REduced the price of bone dust to $40 per ton.
CHRISTIAN SCHWARTZ, No. 333 East 53d-st.

AMUSEMENTS.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
GRAND GERMAN OPERA.
The season, postponed for the National Solemnities, will commence on MONDAY, April 24, 1865. The full announcement will appear to-morrow morning.
The offices will be open for the sale and redemption of seats on Friday morning, the 21st inst.

NIBLO'S SALOON.
Master RICHARD COKER, late principal soprano of Trinity choir, will give
TWO GRAND CONCERTS,
On MONDAY, April 24, and THURSDAY, April 27, when the following artists will assist:
Miss BLANCH CARPENTER, the talented young American pianist, her first appearance in New-York; Master GEO. ELLARD, mezzo-soprano of Trinity choir; Mr. GEO. SIMPSON, tenor; Mr. GEO. HARRISON, the eminent teacher of vocal music, Brooklyn. Master Coker's preceptor; Mr. J. R. THOMAS, baritone; Mr. G. W. COLBY, Conductor. Tickets, One Dollar. Seats may be secured without extra charge at Messrs. Beer & Schirmer's music store, No. 701 Broadway. Doors open at 7; commence 8 o'clock. F. WIDOWS, Business Ag't.

PHILHARMONIC SOCIETY.
In consequence of the great calamity which has befallen the Nation by the death of its Chief Magistrate, the President of the United States, the Board of Directors deem it but proper and in accordance with the sentiment of the whole community, to postpone the last Concert of the season, from Saturday, April 22, (the regular day of the concert,) to
SATURDAY, APRIL 29.
The general morning rehearsal will take place at the Academy, also on Saturday, April 29, at 10 o'clock A. M.
WM. SCHARFENBERG, President.
L. SPIER, Secretary.

CINDERELLA REHEARSAL.
Those who take part will please meet at the New-York Academy of Music on FRIDAY AFTERNOON, at 3 o'clock precisely. None others will be admitted.

THE WEBSTER LITERARY ASSOCIATION desire to notify the public that in consequence of our national bereavement, their semi-annual entertainment, to be given at Hope Chapel, will be postponed until WEDNESDAY, April 26, at 7½ P. M.
W. T. CARSON HANNA, President.
J. McD INGRAM, Secretary.

NOTICE.—THE ASSOCIATE MANAGERS OF the city, in view of the great calamity that has befallen the nation, and to evince a proper respect for the memory of our late President, have unanimously resolved to close their several places of amusement until further orders. W. WHEATLEY, President.

POSTPONEMENT.—MISS MINA GEARY'S farewell concert, which was to have taken place in Irving Hall next Thursday evening, is postponed, in consequence of the national bereavement, to THURSDAY EVENING, March 4.

NOTICE.—MR. MORGAN'S TESTIMONIAL Concert is postponed until MONDAY, May 22.

LECTURES.

HYGIENIC VS. DRUG MEDICATION.—R. T. TRALL, M. D., will give a lecture THIS (Wednesday) EVENING, at 7½ o'clock, at Metropolitan Hall, No. 95 6th-av., in which he will undertake to solve that mystery of the medical profession, "The Essential Nature of Disease." After the lecture he will reply to objections from any source. Medical and scientific gentlemen are respectfully and especially invited to be present, and ask any questions they please. Admission 5 cents, to pay hall expenses.

MUSICAL.

CHICKERING & SONS
MANUFACTURERS OF GRAND, SQUARE, AND UPRIGHT PIANO-FORTES, No. 652 BROADWAY.—The superiority of these instruments has of late been amply demonstrated by the voluntary testimony of the foremost artists of the day, who claim for them excellencies of tone and workmanship hitherto unobtained by any other makers.

Mr. GOTTSCHALK'S constant use of the NEW SCALE CHICKERING GRAND PIANO-FORTES has severely tested their musical qualities, and resulted in establishing the justice of the very flattering estimation in which they are held.

Messrs. CHICKERING & SONS are Sole Agents for the celebrated Alexandre Organs for the United States.

STEINWAY & SON
GOLD MEDAL GRAND AND SQUARE PIANOS are now considered the best in Europe as well as this country, having received the first Prize Medal at the World's Exhibition in London, 1862.

The principal reason why the Steinway Pianos are superior to all others is, that the firm is composed of five practical piano forte makers, (father and four sons,) who invent all their own improvements, and under whose personal supervision every part of the instrument is manufactured. Warerooms Nos. 71 and 73 East 14th-st., between Union-square and Irving-place, New-York.

ESTABLISHED IN 1829.
RAVEN & BACON Piano Manufacturers, No. 135 Grand-st., near Broadway, New-York. Our pianos have been favorably known in this market for nearly forty years, and by the constant introduction of improvements they are kept up to the age in every respect. Purchasers will do well to examine our instruments and prices before making their selections. Descriptive circulars sent by mail. Storage for Pianos.

MASON & HAMLIN'S CABINET ORGANS. —THIRTY GOLD OR SILVER MEDALS, or other first premiums, have been awarded to us within a few years for THE BEST instruments of this class. Over two hundred of the most distinguished musicians of New-York and other principal cities declare that the instruments of our make excel all others. See particulars in circulars. Salesrooms, New-York, No. 596 Broadway.
MASON BROTHERS.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU GIVES health and vigor to the frame and bloom to the pallid cheek. Debility is accompanied by many alarming symptoms, and if no treatment is submitted to, consumption, insanity or epileptic fits ensue.

PIANOS, MELODEONS, HARMONIUMS. —Sole depot for Pelouber's superior Harmoniums, wholesale and retail. Price $100 to $600. Instruments let. J. M. PELTON, No. 841 Broadway, New-York.

THE HORACE WATERS GRAND SQUARE and upright Pianos, Melodeon, Harmoniums and Cabinet Organs, wholesale and retail; to let and rent allowed if purchased. Monthly payments received for the same. Second-hand Pianos at bargains from $60 to $225. Sheet Music, a little soiled, at 1½ cent per page. Pianist in attendance to try new music. Factory and warerooms, No. 481 Broadway. Cash paid for second-hand Pianos.

NEW MUSIC—"IN MEMORIAM." A FUNERAL march composed on the death of Abraham Lincoln, very solemn and impressive; music by Mrs. E. A. Parkhurst, the popular author. Price 35 cents, mailed free. Will be issued Wednesday, the 19th. Publisher, HORACE WATERS, No. 481 Broadway, New-York.

WANTED—A YOUNG MAN WHO PLAYS THE piano and organ a situation in an instrument wareroom; moderate salary only expected; refers to this employer. Address N. M., No. 136 West 17th-st.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

OFFICE OF THE STREET COMMISSIONER,
No. 237 Broadway.

TO CONTRACTORS.—PROPOSALS INclosed in a sealed envelope, indorsed with the title of the work, and with the name of the bidder written thereon, will be received at this office until Wednesday, April 26, 1865, at eleven o'clock A. M.—

For regulating, grading, curb, gutter and flagging One Hundredth-street, between Eighth-avenue and Broadway.

For curb, gutter and flagging Fifty-fifth-street, between Lexington and Fourth avenues.

For curb, gutter and flagging Sixtieth-street, between First and Second avenues.

For setting and resetting curb and gutter in Third-avenue, between Fifty sixth and Eighty-sixth streets.

For flagging Tompkins-street, between Rivington and Stanton streets.

For flagging Forty-fourth-street, between Tenth and Eleventh avenues.

For filling sunken lots in Seventy-eighth-street, north side, between First and Second avenues.

Blank forms of proposals, together with the specifications and agreements, can be obtained at this office.

Dated Street Department, New-York, April 15, 1865.
CHARLES G. CORNELL,
Street Commissioner.

CROTON AQUEDUCT DEPARTMENT.— TO CONTRACTORS—Separate sealed proposals, each indorsed with the title of the work for which it may be offered, the name of person and the date of offering, will be received at this office until 11 o'clock, A. M., of Thursday, April 27, 1865, for the construction of the following street improvements, to wit: Paving with cobble stones, Sixteenth-street, from Avenue B to East River; Avenue C, from Sixteenth to Seventeenth streets; Forty-sixth-street, between Eleventh and Twelfth avenues, and Thirty-seventh-street, between Lexington and Third avenues; paving with stone blocks, Barclay-street, from College-place to West-street; constructing receiving basins and culverts, on and near Eleventh-avenue, from Fourteenth to Twenty-sixth street; and sewers, in Gansevoort-street, from West-street to Hudson River; eighty-third-street, from Third to Fourth avenues, and Oak-street, from James to Oliver street. Specifications and forms for bids can be obtained on application to the Contract Clerk at this office.
THOS. STEPHENS,
ROBT. L. DARRAGH, } Croton Aqueduct Board.
A. W. CRAVAN,
OFFICE CROTON AQUEDUCT DEPARTMENT, April 15, 1865.

THE CONFERENCE COMMITTEE WILL, on the part of the city authorities, meet at Room No. 8 City Hall, at 11 A. M. daily, for the purpose of receiving communications from various bodies of our fellow-citizens who may be disposed to take part in the funeral obsequies of the late President of the United States.
ALDERMAN JEREMIAH,
COUNCILMAN BRINKMAN,
COUNCILMAN GREEN,
Conference Committee.

CITY INSPECTOR'S DEPARTMENT,
NEW-YORK, April 17, 1865.

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.—IN CONSEquence of the national bereavement in the assassination of President LINCOLN, and the observance of his obsequies on the 19th inst., the removal of ashes and garbage cannot be attended to as during ordinary times. And the citizens are hereby respectfully requested to keep within doors, until after the 19th, their ashes, garbage and refuse. After which time the work will be resumed as usual. F. I. A. BOOLE, City Inspector.

INTEREST ON CITY STOCKS.—THE INterest on the Stocks and Bonds of the City and County of New-York, due and payable May 1, 1865, will be paid on that day by DANIEL DEVLIN, Chamberlain, at the Broadway Bank.

The transfer books will be closed Tuesday, the 11th inst. MATHEW T. BRENNAN, Comptroller.
DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE, COMPTROLLER'S OFFICE,
NEW-YORK, April 1, 1865.

FROM MOBILE.

OFFICIAL DISPATCHES FROM GEN. CANBY

The Capture of Spanish Fort and Blakeley.

Mobile Captured by Our Forces on the 12th instant.

The City Occupied by General Granger's Forces.

[OFFICIAL.]

FROM SECRETARY STANTON TO GEN. DIX.

WAR DEPARTMENT, Tuesday, April 18, 1865.

Maj.-Gen. John A. Dix:

The following dispatches from Maj.-Gen. CANBY report the capture of a Spanish fort and Fort Blakeley, which forms a part of the rebel defences of the city of Mobile.

HEADQUARTERS, M. D. W. MISS., IN THE FIELD,
Sunday, April 9, 1865—9 A. M.

Maj.-Gen. H. W. Halleck, Chief of Staff:

Spanish Fort and its dependencies were captured last night. We have 25 officers and 538 enlisted men prisoners, and have taken 5 mortars and 25 guns. The major part of the garrison escaped by water. Blakeley is already invested, and will be assaulted to-day unless the works are stronger than I now believe them to be.

ED. R. S. CANBY, Major-General.

HEADQUARTERS M. D. W. MISS., IN THE FIELD,
Sunday, April 9, 1865

Lieut.-Gen. Grant and Maj.-Gen. Halleck:

I have the honor to report the capture this day of the rebel fortifications at Blakeley, with 2,400 prisoners and 20 guns.

ED. R. S. CANBY, Major-General.
EDWIN M. STANTON,
Secretary of War.

REPORTS VIA NEW-ORLEANS.

NEW-ORLEANS, Thursday, April 13,
VIA CAIRO, Tuesday, April 18.

The *Times* has the following:

LAKEPORT, April 13.

I have just arrived from Mobile. The Stars and Stripes were hoisted on batteries Porter and Mackintosh at 10:30 A. M. yesterday, and on a church-steeple of Mobile at 2:30 P. M. Gen. GRANGER'S forces occupy the city. The rebels commenced evacuating on the 10th, and continued till yesterday, when they had all left.

The tugboat *Allena* was blown up by torpedoes yesterday.

GRANT'S ARMY.

The Process of Paroling—Obstinacy of the Rebel Officials—The Rebel Soldiers Glad to Get Home.

From Our Special Corespondent.

HEADQUARTERS FIFTH ARMY CORPS,
NEAR APPOMATTOX COURT-HOUSE,
Tuesday, April 11—6 P. M.,
VIA WASHINGTON, D. C., April —, 1865.

The process of paroling the Army of Northern Virginia is still slowly but steadily progressing. The Confederate officers are busily engaged in writing out and furnishing the individual paroles for the men who were lately under their command, and as fast as the Confederate soldiers receive the much needed papers they immediately start for their homes.

As I wrote you yesterday, a good deal of feeling is expressed among the Confederate soldiers regarding the hard fate of the rebel army under Gen. LEE, and while they accept the untoward result of the present brief but disastrous campaign to their arms, they try to brave it out with a right royal hand, and insanely insist upon it that the Confederacy is not yet broken up. This is among the detailed soldiers, and more especially those whose official position—as clerks, couriers, and the like—kept them out of the fearful danger of battle. They have enjoyed great privileges, and have not seen nor experienced any of the hardships or perils that fall to the lot of common soldiers, and consequently cannot realize the benefit of the present stage of affairs. Among the rank and file of the Army of Northern Virginia, however, the general sentiment is vastly different, and, as a matter of course, they express regret at the bitter necessity, but accept it as unavoidable. Nearly all of them feel rejoiced and relieved at escaping the painful trials and hardships of further battle and resistance, and they will return to their homes satisfied that the war will soon cease, and that the Army of Northern Virginia has seen its last fight.

Among the officers, however, the sentiment of pertinacious resistance seems to be universal, and scarcely any of them but express the most determined hatred toward the Government of the United States, and it required the greatest forbearance and patience to hear calmly these fiery and misguided gentlemen speak in such outrageous terms of our common country and glorious institutions.

Many of them frankly acknowledge that our armies will eventually succeed in subduing (or overpowering, as they call it,) the Confederate armies, and frequently one hears it said by some impatient officer that he cannot and will not live under the United States flag. They always speak of exiling, in such cases. Singularly enough, the greater number of them who thus exhibit such bitter hatred of our people, speak of Mexico as their future refuge. One of them, a Colonel, laughingly yet meaningly said: "You know by going to Mexico, we will have a chance to meet you again, and wipe out some old scores."

In all probability this Colonel will afford an example of a large number of the fighting officers in the Confederate service, and in the possible event of a war on Mexican soil, our armies will find many of their old opponents on those scorching and sandy plains.

No letter could give anything like a detailed reflex of the strange and peculiar sentiments or scenes hourly heard and expressed, or witnessed, by the interested and sorrowing spectators. No one not actually on the ground would believe that such bitter hatred could be entertained by one section of a country toward the other. Our victories rankle in their minds, and the remembrance of our successes turns their hearts to gall. The government has the hardest fight of all yet to come—to reconcile the two sections, smooth over past difficulties, as well as to prevent future misunderstanding. We will be compelled to rule the South with a firm and considerate hand, and at the same gradually evidence to the people of the Southern States that we do not desire to oppress them nor deprive them of any of the blessings and privileges they enjoyed under the old government before the war. But while doing this the leaders and holders of the reins of government will be obliged to exhibit a determination to maintain the sovereign power of the whole country. Let us hope that the talented minds who will ever be at the helm of the Ship of State, will be guided in their delicate and complex duties by a feeling of religious forbearance, and that in the dim future the great blessings of peace and harmony will evolve from the labors of our statesmen.

By the farewell address of Gen. LEE to his dismembered and departing army, you will notice that his tone is rather sad, and the writer evidently tries to instill a hopeful feeling that he himself is far from entertaining. You will perceive the ingenious manner of speaking of the surrender; it is an arrangement, not a capitulation. The farewell order has been received by the Army of Northern Virginia with profound silence and sincere sympathy for their Commander.

The most extraordinary ideas are held among the great bulk of the Confederate army as to the ultimate intentions and disposition of our government regarding the fate of the rebel Generals now in our hands or paroled. The Amnesty Proclamation of the President, regarding all rebels in arms who should lay down their arms and swear allegiance to the United States Government, and which document expressly and pointedly omits all mention of general officers, gives the rebels great concern. From the tenor of that document they gather the very gloomy and desponding idea that all general officers will eventually die the death of felons, at the hands of the common hangman. It is a fact that among the Generals themselves this disposition of them appears to be a stern reality, for one of our Generals told me this morning that several of them had spoken quite seriously and with desperate calmness of the probable fate in store for them. No doubt this will explain in a great measure the utter disregard of life and reckless exhibitions of courage in the battles of the past campaign, and the struggle being prolonged to such a time after all hope of success had evidently been dissipated. In all cases where the question has been asked, the rebels have been assured by our officers that no fear, may be entertained by them of any ulterior designs upon the lives of any of the leaders or Generals. Our soldiers have done a great deal of good in dispelling the clouds of distrust, and in reassuring the doubting and anxious minds of the Southern people regarding the treatment they will experience at the hands of the North, or, in proper terms, the government.

In an interview between one of our leading Generals and Gen. LEE, the substance of which conversation was very kindly repeated to me by one of the parties, the subject of the late surrender was fully and freely discussed. Gen. LEE expressed himself feelingly regarding the painful necessity of his surrendering, and acknowledged that if any reasonable amount of conciliation was exercised toward the South, that we might consider the war virtually at an end. If, however, any sternness or cruelty (I believe that was the expression) was exhibited, no one could tell when the war would cease. He seemed resigned to the fate his army had encountered, but he evidently seemed determined to discard all thoughts of the future.

I heard an interesting account of what Gen. LEE said to some of the soldiers near Gen. LONGSTREET'S headquarters. After he returned from the conference and the arrangement for the surrender, he spoke briefly, and told them he had made as good a fight as he could, and now he had made as honorable a capitulation as possible under the circumstances. Then, bursting into tears, he slowly rode off to his tent. It was indeed a hard fate to so brave a man.

Many of the Generals gave evidence of great chagrin, and some of them reluctantly entered into conversation on the subject of the surrender. They did not allow of any discussion, to any great extent, and no doubt felt very sore over the result of the campaign.

I had an estimate made by one of Gen. HILL'S (or LONGSTREET'S) staff, and, as it is no doubt a very fair one, I append it:

Ewell's corps	7,000
Longstreet's command	6,000
Hill's corps	12,000
Anderson's corps	9,000
Gordon's corps	7,000
Artillery	5,500
Cavalry (two divisions)	5,500
Locals (Custis Lee's command)	4,000
Total	56,000
In addition to these can be added:	
Teamsters and train men	3,000
Detailed men	3,000
Other non-combatants	5,000

Or, in other words, the total strength of LEE'S army was 67,000 men. Of these we have captured nearly 40,000 men during the campaign in actual combat, and on Sunday the army surrendered by LEE was 22,000. As a matter of course, the casualities must be larger than 5,000. However, this is not much out of the way.

Without going into any statement of our forces, I may venture to say that the number of our troops actually engaged in the pursuit of LEE was not over 75,000 men. Of course, our reserves would swell this figure considerably, but no occasion arose for their employment, except to hold the evacuated cities of Richmond and Petersburgh.

G. F. W.

WEDNESDAY, April 12—P. M.

To-day, Gen. LONGSTREET'S entire corps marched from their camps, and after due parade, formed in line in front of the First Division of the Fifth Army Corps, and stacked their arms. Flags, banners and rifles were thus formally surrendered to the victorious arms of the United States, and the men slowly and sorrowfully filed off the ground and returned to their camps minus their weapons. A more wretched and painful sight I have never witnessed.

The men seemed to feel bitterly their untoward fate, and as they marched down the hill to their own lines, the rank and file were downcast and painfully silent. The conduct of the officers was also marked by deep depression, and albeit they still carried their clinking sabres, the ceremony then just ended was far from giving them hope or encouragement.

Among the Generals of the dispersing army, the affair did not seem to make any serious impression. Gen. LONGSTREET was jovial, and Gen. GORDON energetic in arranging the preliminaries. Gen. PENDLETON, (not PEMBERTON, as I hastily wrote the other day,) Chief of Artillery for Gen. LEE, gave the only signs of feeling, when he formally gave up the few remaining pieces of artillery under his charge.

Major-Gens. CHARLES GRIFFIN, commanding the Fifth Corps, GIBBON of the Twenty-fourth Corps, and SMITH, of SHERIDAN'S cavalry, were on the ground with their staffs, and received the arms and equipments on behalf of the United States Government.

The number of guns, (artillery,) is, I believe, 138, and embrace every kind of field ordnance—Parrott, Napoleon, and common brass pieces, a few English guns. Very few of the guns are supplied with caissons, the rebels having to destroy or abandon them for want of proper animals. A very knavish trick was attempted by some of the enemy, to defraud us of the full fruits of our victory, for thirty-one guns, in admirable order, with caissons, limber chests and all, were found partially secreted in the woods some six miles from the Court-house, on the extreme left of our line. The hidden ordnance was discovered from information given by some of the rebel soldiers themselves. This lot of artillery was parked yesterday near the Court-house, and to-day it was moved to the rear under guard.

The number of small arms will reach nearly ten thousand, for the remaining twelve thousand no arms could be found, and this fact shows conclusively the terrible straits to which the rebel army were reduced. The number of flags also surrendered by the Army of Northern Virginia is not far from one hundred regimental and headquarters' battle-flags.

I find it to be the general belief that the Confederacy has seen its last days, and that the shell so forcibly described by Gen. GRANT had at last cracked and was fast disappearing. Many of the officers expressed the belief that Gen. JOE JOHNSTON would surrender as soon as he learned the fact of LEE'S doing so yesterday; at all events he would soon be led to follow the example of his Commander-in-Chief, when he found himself hemmed in by superior numbers.

The belief was also honestly entertained and frankly expressed, that JEFF. DAVIS was now on his swift way to the coast and hence from the soil of America. In other words that he would soon be a voluntary exile. Everything goes to prove this view of the case, for he no doubt is on the wing, and will not stop until he has put the sea between his betrayed countrymen and the outraged nation he has kept in constant ferment for so many years.

G. F. W.

Movement of Our Forces After the Surrender—Lynchburgh Occupied by the Twenty-fourth Corps.

HEADQUARTERS FIFTH ARMY CORPS, APPOMATTOX COURT-HOUSE, Thursday, April 13, 1865,
via WASHINGTON, Sunday, April 16, 1865.

Yesterday, having witnessed the closing scenes of the surrender of Gen. LEE'S army, the few remaining commands still in this vicinity were at once put in motion.

The Sixth Corps and Gen. SHERIDAN'S Cavalry Corps were, this morning, reported as having reached Burkesville, and the Second Corps is now on its rapid way thither.

The Twenty-fourth Corps started on Tuesday night toward Lynchburgh, and were said to have reached that city last night. From all accounts, they must have entered the City of Lynchburgh about 6 o'clock yesterday afternoon.

Gen. MCKENZIE'S command of cavalry also started for the same place, but, as the infantry had the start, it is supposed that Gen. GIBBON'S corps entered the City of Lynchburgh first. Gen. LONGSTREET accompanied our troops. We understand, from official sources, that the city surrendered to a scouting party.

Owing to the large amount of ordnance stores and surplus transportation, it was found impossible for the Fifth Corps to take the road as soon as it was intended. This forenoon, however, Gen. GRIFFIN will take up his line of march for Burkesville. As I have already written you, a brigade of the Fifth Corps started yesterday, in charge of a large amount of valuable stores, guns, wagons and ambulances.

It is now raining very hard, and the roads are in a most wretched condition. I will endeavor to reach Burkesville to-night, although the distance is, I fear, too great for the roads in their present condition.

The cause of our army concentrating at Burkesville, is the total lack of rations or supplies. For some days the troops have been living on almost nothing. The break in the railroad is the reason of our troops not being kept in their usual supply.

The trains are now running irregularly from Petersburgh to Burkesville. Large stores of supplies will be speedily accumulated at the latter point.

Gen. MEADE'S headquarters are now at Burkeville, where he will superintend the refitment of his army. Gen. ORD has gone to Richmond, and is now in command in that city. Gen. GRANT and staff are now en route for Washington. We hear that Gen. LEE has gone to Richmond to attend his wife, who is reported by prisoners as being ill, and then again it is confidently reported that the two Commanders-in-Chief have started together for Washington.

The Army of Northern Virginia is now scattered to the winds, never again to be reorganized. The country for miles around is filled with stragglers and returning prisoners.

At Burkesville—Confusion—Communication with the Rear.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
BURKESVILLE, VA., Friday, April 14,
via WASHINGTON, April 16.

I arrived at this place late last night, having been in the saddle for sixteen hours, and ridden laboriously through the mud for forty-seven miles.

The usual confusion and tumult was observable on my arrival. Corps marching through, and trains passing to and fro, men looking for their commands, and staff officers utterly bewildered. Finding it impossible to find any one to take off my horse while I started for the train, I was unable to repair an untoward accident that has delayed the prompt delivery of my two last letters.

The special carrier employed by the TIMES had the misfortune to be waylaid by some nondescript straggler, and robbed of his horse. He was on his way to Burkesville with my correspondence. Fortunately for my expense account, I was befriended by some passing cavalrymen, who succeeded in regaining possession of the horse, but failed to lay hands upon the depredators. But the mischief was done and the mail train missed.

The communications between the army and City Point are of the most precarious description, for we have not seen a mail for a week, nor a New-York paper since the 5th.

Trains will, however, soon begin to run regularly, and then we hope for cheering news from the North. Considerable curiosity is expressed to learn what was done in the way of jubilation over the glorious close of our campaign.

The Second Corps are now camped in the woods, about two miles above, and have drawn their much needed supplies. The cavalry and Sixth Corps are now lying below. The Ninth Corps headquarters, as well as Gen. MEADE'S, are situated near the junction. The Ninth Corps are still guarding the railroad from Petersburgh to Farmville. The Division of Colored Troops passed through the place this morning, on their way to rejoin their corps, the Twenty-fifth, at Richmond. They halted for rations.

The "junction" is full of troops, both Confederate and Yankee, and the greatest amount of active and almost inextricable confusion prevails. What with immense trains pushing and plunging in every direction, bodies of troops marching through, crowds of paroled "Johnies" seeking rations and information under difficulties, the bad roads and bottomless mud, one has need of a clear head and a considerable stock of patience to endure it.

Nothing is known regarding the ultimate destination or route of this army. Some think that Danville and JOHNSTON is our aim; others say that somebody will have to go after KIRBY SMITH. But I presume the first great object will be to refit and equip the triumphant, but tired and footsore, Army of the Potomac. It will take some days to properly shoe and feed the troops. As the boys say, the army has been living "upon supposition" for several days. They will now enjoy their hard-tack and their ease.

One of your cotemporaries did injustice to a gallant officer in stating, a few days since, that Brig.-Gen. WM. HAYS had been relieved of command of the Second Division, Second Army Corps, Army of the Potomac, for inefficiency, &c. The facts are, that Brevet Major-Gen. BARLOW, on his return to duty, was assigned to the command of the Second Division, as the senior officer—thus honorably relieving Gen. HAYS, who was immediately restored to his old command in the Reserve Artillery of the Army of the Potomac.

GEO. F. WILLIAMS.

OUR CHARLESTON CORRESPONDENCE.

The News of Lee's Surrender—Expedition into the Interior.

From Our Own Correspondent.

CHARLESTON, S. C., Friday, April 14, 1865.

The glorious news of the surrender of Gen. LEE and the entire Army of Northern Virginia reached here last evening, having been brought down by the steamer *Oceanus*. The intelligence was immediately transmitted to the Charleston Hotel, at which resort were gathered a large number of officers and others who designed participating in the ceremonies at Fort Sumter to-day. No sooner had a summary of the news been circulated among the party, than into the hotel rushed a passenger from the steamer, waving over his head a copy of the NEW-YORK TIMES, which had the official announcements and correspondence of the capitulation in full. In a moment the bearer of the paper was surrounded by an eager and excited throng, all clamoring to hear the news read aloud. As the reader proceeded to gratify the multitude, he was interrupted repeatedly with cheers and shouts. Many were so intoxicated with delight that they could scarcely refrain from seizing the newsbearer by the shoulders, and carrying him in triumph about the corridor. One reading did not suffice. The party, determined to hear the news again proclaimed, snatched the paper from the hands of the owner, and insisted that one of their number, who had a remarkably heavy voice, should mount the office counter and repeat what had already been heard. In the meantime the crowd had greatly increased, and the excitement became more intense in proportion. Songs—patriotic and bacchanal—were indulged in, and hundreds of the officers declared that they would not, on any account, sleep a single wink that night. It was fortunate for themselves that they came to that decision, for every room of the hotel was taken long before dark, and the prospect of their getting sleeping accommodations was by no means flattering. Such an enthusiastic and delighted assemblage, I will venture to say, has not been witnessed in Charleston for many years. Even the few resident citizens present joined in the grand jubilee. Later in the evening Senator HENRY WILSON, of Massachusetts, entered the hotel, and, after being urged to read the welcome news aloud, yielded to the urgent calls of the people to favor them with a speech. The speech was brief but pointed, and was received with rounds of cheers. Brig.-Gen. WASHBURN, who accompanied Senator WILSON, was next prevailed upon to make a few remarks, in the course of which he did not fail to alternately create enthusiasm and incite laughter. Without mistake, that night was a jolly one in Charleston. The news has had wonderful effect on the doubtful loyal citizens. Men who a week or ten days ago persisted that, notwithstanding the precarious condition of the rebel affairs about Richmond and other points, the war would continue for a long period yet, and that LEE would in all probability succeed in getting his army into the Southwestern States, now unhesitatingly assert that the rebellion has met its death-blow. Rest assured that all among us who have not as yet subscribed to the oath of allegiance will not be long in going to the nearest office and placing their names on the list. The next news we expect to receive will be the capitulation of JOHNSTON'S army, and then will come the grand announcement of peace.

A few days ago Gen. HARTWELL, with a brigade of troops, set out on an expedition toward the Santee River, for the purpose of capturing or dispersing a gang of bushwhackers who had been giving the inhabitants considerable annoyance. A number of colored people had been shot down by these desperadoes, simply because they expressed a preference for the Union. As Gen. HARTWELL advanced on his course his column was joined by a large number of colored men. He estimates that no less than fifteen hundred came back to camp with him. In an interview which Gen. HARTWELL had with Lieut. PETTUS, commandant of the rebel Gen. FERGUSON'S scouts, Gen. HARTWELL suggested that FERGUSON should withdraw all bushwhackers from the section of country not actually in possession of the rebel forces, as by so doing our authorities would not be compelled to send armed parties to the protection of the citizens, and much devastation and annoyance would be prevented. But FERGUSON did not give a satisfactory reply.

Lieut. PETTUS, by some mistake, was detained a prisoner for a short time, it being supposed that he was acting without authority. Several orders of Gen. FERGUSON'S were produced, of which the following are copies:

HEADQUARTERS CAVALRY BRIGADE, March 19, 1865.

I send Lieut PETTUS, with a scouting party, to ascertain and report the movement of the enemy; also to protect citizens as much as possible from marauding parties, and recommend him to the attention of all citizens.

S. W. FERGUSON, Brigadier-General.

HEADQUARTERS CAVALRY BRIGADE,
March 19, 1865.

ORDER NO. —.—Lieut. PETTUS will proceed with his scouts in the vicinity of the enemy's lines around Charleston, between Edisto and Cooper rivers, ascertaining the strength, position, &c., of their different parties, and report to me at Aiken. He will at the same time send me information how a communication can reach him, and will operate against the enemy until further orders.

S. W. FERGUSON, Brig.-Gen.

HEADQUARTERS CAVALRY BRIGADE,
NINETY-SIX, S. C., March 29, 1865.

LIEUTENANT—The Brigadier-General Commanding directs that you continue with your party under the orders you first received until further orders, reporting any movement of importance to Gen. YOUNG at Aiken. Our brigade starts to-day for North Carolina. The General wishes the scouts to keep the negroes in order and protect the country. Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

T. K. JONES, A. A. A. G.

Our troops returned from the expedition without the loss of a man. A few skirmishes were had, in which it is believed a number of the enemy was wounded.

By order of Admiral DAHLGREN, a naval salute of twenty-one guns was fired by the vessels in the harbor on the receipt of the news of the evacuation of Richmond and Petersburgh.

Assistant-Secretary of the Navy Fox arrived at this port last night, on the United States steamer *Santiago de Cuba*. Mr. Fox was here about ten days ago and proceeded thence to Havana.

On Sunday night last we had a large fire which destroyed several buildings in the principal business streets. The fire was the work of an incendiary.

WHIT.

Disastrous Conflagration in the Seventh Ward.

LARGE WAREHOUSES STORED WITH COSTLY GOODS IN RUINS—LOSS ESTIMATED AT $7,000,000.

A most disastrous fire, the loss involved in which is estimated at $7,000,000, is smouldering in the ruins of three great bonded and private warehouses and other property situated in the block which is bounded by Jefferson and Clinton and Water and South streets.

The fire was first discovered at about 1 o'clock on Sunday morning, by Officer MICHAEL WILKINSON and private watchman WALSH, and was then in the basement of Messrs. A. T. BRIGGS & Co.'s cooperage factory, at No. 574 Water-street, opposite Messrs. M. S. DRIGGS & Co.'s extensive warehouse, situated at Nos. 274, 276, 278 and 280 South-street. Near these, and extending across Water-street, is Mr. J. DURYEE'S lumber-yard.

The fire was well under way in the cooperage-shop and lumber-yard when the heat sprung open an iron shutter in the rear of one of the warehouses, and the flames leaped in; and being within the warehouse, and beyond the reach of the firemen's streams, they sped onward and upward, and for the next hour or more defied human efforts. The cooperage-shop and lumber-yard on Water-street, and the warehouses at Nos. 278 and 280 South-street, were destroyed by sunrise on Sunday morning, and everything lay a mass of seething ruins, whence occasionally flames burst, and threatened to enlarge the area of the conflagration.

It appears that after having checked the flames and left nothing but the red hot heaps of ruins, upon which a donkey engine, belonging to Messrs. DRIGGS & Co., Exempt Company's great steamer, and another steamer were playing, the firemen took away their hose. As this statement has already been published and disputed, it may be proper to publish the following, from the Telegraph Dispatch Book, at Police Headquarters:

FROM CAPT. JAMESON TO SUPERINTENDENT KENNEDY.

APRIL 17, 11:40 o'clock, A. M.

The Chief Engineer has ordered all hose taken away from the fire, and it has been removed. It is absolutely necessary to have more streams on, or an immense destruction will follow. It is now gaining on the Insurance Patrol, for want of hose.

SUPERINTENDENT KENNEDY'S REPLY.

The Chief Engineer still retains all authority in the management of fires. If the flames in this case spread in such a way as to endanger surrounding property, notify him of it without delay. Let the Insurance Patrol report to their superiors.

It may be further added, upon the authority of Mr. E. T. REANEY, chief engineer of HECKER'S Mills, that at noon on Monday Mr. DRIGGS called at the mills and said that the firemen had removed all of their hose, and that, as the fire was gaining headway, he would like to borrow the hose of the Metropolitan Mills. Mr. REANEY accordingly loaned him two lengths, and these are now working on the fire.

The third warehouse, No. 176 South-street, extending through to No. 547 Water-street, took fire at about 11 o'clock yesterday, from the mass of almost molten ruins that had fallen at the base of its walls, and this building also was entirely consumed. Its buried and half-consumed contents were still burning when the TIMES went to press; and if what Capt. JAMESON and Sergt. BUCKMAN characterize as gross mismanagement on Sunday should be repeated, the destruction of the fourth warehouse may be apprehended to-day.

One person only had lost his life in this fire up to midnight last night, namely: Mr. CHARLES MURLETT, of Hose Company No. 16. He was buried under a wall of one of the storehouses, which fell at 4:30 on Monday morning, the wall having been left standing until that hour. Mr. MURLETT'S loss was not made known until his company had reached their house and called the roll. Then, five members not responding, search was made, and four only of the men were found. Search was made in the ruins, and his body was dug thence. He was a German, aged about 30, and leaves a wife and three children.

More than two hundred European and American merchants have lost goods on storage in these warehouses, the property consisting of hemp, cotton, coffee, &c., and the entire loss, as is stated above, is computed at $7,000,000. The insurances cannot readily be ascertained where there are so many losers. Mr. BRIGGS loses $15,000, and is insured for that sum in the Williamsburgh City Office. Mr. DURYEE'S loss is about $15,009.

Last night four steam fire-engines were playing upon the ruins, throwing upon them immense volumes of water. Another engine, the property of the warehouses, was also throwing a stream. Chief DECKER visited the scene last evening, but has not frequently been on the ground since Sunday morning, and there has been no head to the Insurance Patrol from the beginning—statements which are made on authority of Capt. JAMESON and Sergeant BUCKMAN, to whom the TIMES is indebted for facilities.

[Advertisement.]

WHY INJURE THE COMPLEXION BY POWDERS AND WASHES, which choke or fill up the pores of the skin, and in a short time leave it harsh and dry? It is in the blood, and if you want smooth and soft skin, use HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA. It gives a brilliancy to the complexion.

[Advertisement.]

CONSUMPTION—CONSUMPTION.—We say to persons having consumption, in whatever stage of the disease, use Dr. WISHART'S Pine Tree Tar Cordial, which is readily taken up by the blood and carried to lungs, and the healing principles of the tar act upon the inflamed sores of the lungs and stop their decay at once, and the patient's life is saved. The Pine Tree Tar Cordial has great power to dissolve the thick mucous that stops up the wind-passages of the lungs, and expels it from the system. The Pine Tree Tar Cordial purifies the blood and cleanses it of all scrofulous matter that is constantly breeding sores, internal and external. Salt rheum, blotches on the face, and all skin diseases, are especially cured by Dr. WISHART'S Pine Tree Tar Cordial. Office No. 10 North Second-street, Philadelphia. Sold at HELMBOLD'S Drug and Chemical Warehouse, No. 594 Broadway, New-York.

[Advertisement.]

TO PURIFY, ENRICH THE BLOOD, AND BEAUTIFY THE complexion, use HELMBOLD'S HIGHLY CONCENTRATED FLUID EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA. One bottle equals in strength one gallon of the Syrup or Decoction.

[Advertisement.]

HERRING'S Patent Champion Fire proof Safes, and HERRING'S new Patent Burglar-proof Safes, with HERRING & FLOYD'S Patent Crystalized Iron—the only material which cannot be drilled—at No. 251 Broadway, New-York.

Passengers Arrived.

In steamship Arago, from Charleston, S. C.—Gen. John A. Dix, Miss Dix, Gen. Robert Anderson, Mrs. Anderson, Miss Anderson, Master Anderson, Gen. Townsend and 2 sons, Gen. J. B. Fry, Gen. Delafield, Gen. Holt, Gen. Abner Doubleday, Dr. Storrs, Miss Storrs, Mr. Suydam, A. A. Low, Hon. A. Augustus Low, Miss Low, Mrs. A. A. Low, Hon. J. M. Brodhead and lady, N. B. Hogg and lady, Col. C. F. Jordan and lady, Commander S. C. Rowan, Gov. Clifford, Mr. Hooper, Judge Davies, Prof. Davies, Mr. Harris, Mr. Potts, Col. Breck, Mr. D. Dougherty, H. J. Winser, H. W. Smith, Joseph Hoxie, J. P. Gillies, Justice Swayne, Hon. F. W. Kellogg, Hon. W. Strong, Hon. George Thompson, Col. C. W. Foster, Col. N. J. Hall, A. C. McCulloch, Hon. Thos. N. Stillwell, F. W. Ballard, E. D. Morgan, Jr., Oscar G. Sawyer, Mr. Forney, Hiss, Beach, Benedict, Hon. W. D. Kelly, Hon. J. H. Schoenberger, Hon. L. W. Hall, Mr. Watts, Shoenberger, Welch, C. Livingston, C. Parker, Sergeant Peter Hart.

In steamship Star of the Union, from New-Orleans—Mrs. A. Burke and 3 children, Capt. J. J. Van Horn, Mrs. J. Hindis, Mrs. J. Sauria and child, Mrs. R. E. May, Miss M. R. Thompson, A. Thompson and wife, Mrs. Bibb, 2 children and servant, J. M. Denman, T. Getty, J. E. Marsle, J. Fonsconi, A. Lecompt, L. A. Souder, Jr., H. C. Phillips, Mrs. J. V. Durand and child, T. W. Van Norden, Jos. Dow, M. S. Coppell, wife, child and servant, Mrs. Leavek and child, Miss Luzenberg, J. H. Pierson, G. Werner, Miss C. Kerney, Miss A. Kerney, F. A. De Wild, Capt. C. Dorr, J. C. Miller, M. A. De Lizarde and servant.

In steamship Carolina, from Beaufort, N. C.—T. Baker, Jr., Mrs. Preston and 4 children, Mrs. E. H. Knox, Miss E. W. Knox, T. F. Northrop, J. Landingham, J. Beasley, A. Smart, J. B. Perkins, L. H. Hornthal.

MINIATURE ALMANAC—THIS DAY.

Sun rises..... 5 15 | Sun sets.... 6 42 | Moon rises. 1 16

HIGH WATER—THIS DAY.

Sandy Hook. 1 56 | Gov. Island.. 2 45 | Hell Gate.. 4 07

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

NEW-YORK....TUESDAY, April 18.

Cleared.

Steamships China, (Br.,) Anderson, Liverpool, E. Cunard; Jose San Roman, Morton, Rio Janeiro, T. Ascensio & Co.; Morro Castle, Adams, Havana, Spofford, Tileston & Co.

Steamers J. R. Thompson, McKaig, Baltimore, Wm. Dalzell; Baltimore, Lewis, Washington, Jas. Hand.

Ships C. Nesmith, Colton, Philadelphia; America, (Br.,) Mortimer, St. John, N. B., S. Thompson's Nephew; Constitution, (Br.,) Sumner, Liverpool, Williams & Guion.

Barks Rosedale, (Br.,) Griffin, Ciudad Bolivar, Hasbeck & Halsey; Chilton, (Br.,) Stafford, Havana, Brett, Son & Co.; Lavinia, Davis, Cow Bay, Brett, Son & Co.; Montezuma, Hammond, Barbados, T. T. Dwight; D. Spearwater, (Br.,) Spearwater, Matamoras, Watts, Crane & Co.; Picton, (Br.,) Hobley, Matamoras, E. A. Hussey & Co.; Erwin, (Br.,) Wardell, Matamoras, E. A. Hussey & Co.; J. & R. Young, (Br.,) Richam, Miramichi, Boyd & Hincken.

Brigs Harvest Queen, (Br.,) Peniston, St. George, Bermuda, Middleton & Co.; Janet Kidston, (Br.,) Burgess, Halifax, D. R. De Wolf & Co.; Hydra, (Russ.,) Behrens, Havana, Funch, Meincke & Wendt.

Schooners J. W. Hine, Manson, City Point, Van Brunt & Slaght; Mary C. Town, Fox, City Point, Van Brunt & Slaght; Sarah Johnson, (Br.,) Moore, Portland, C. Trumball; E. S. Potter, Potter, Fortress Monroe, Van Brunt & Slaght; R. B. Smith, Nickerson, New-Bedford.

Arrived.

U. S. gunboat Paul Jones, Commander Medigan, from Boston for the West Indies; stopped for repairs at the Navy-yard.

Steamship Star of the Union, Blanchard, New-Orleans April 9, via Fortress Monroe 17th, with mdse. and passengers to H. B. Cromwell & Co. Put into Fortress Monroe short of coal. Has had head winds the whole passage.

U. S. steam transport Rebecca Clyde, Willets, New-bern, N. C., 14th inst., via Fortress Monroe 28 hours, with passengers to U. S. Assistant Quartermaster. 18th inst., off the Capes of Virginia, passed steamship Arago, going in.

Steamship Carolina, Phillips, Beaufort, N. C., April 15, via Fortress Monroe 24 hours, with mdse. and passengers to Murray & Nephew.

U. S. steam transport Arago, Gadsden, Charleston Bar at 8 P. M., April 15, and Fortress Monroe 17th, at 5:15 P. M., to U. S. Assistant Quartermaster.

Steamship Chese, Rodgers, Fortress Monroe 28 hours, in ballast to master.

Steamer Falcon, (transport,) Aldrich, Point Lookout, Va., 36 hours, in ballast to U. S. Assistant Quartermaster.

Steamtug Gladiator, Hasard, New-Bedford, with ship Prima Donna in tow.

Ship Mary E. Riggs, (of Bath,) Lowell, Liverpool March 12, with mdse. to J. W. Elwell & Co. Has had heavy weather from the Banks; split sails, etc. March 14, 25 miles W. S. W. from Tuska, spoke ship North America, for Liverpool.

Ship Universe, (of Liverpool,) Hatten, Liverpool 45 ds., with mdse. and 47 passengers to Williams & Guion. Been 18 ds. W. of the Banks, with light westerly winds.

Ship Prima Donna, Harriman, New-Bedford.

Bark Stampede, (of Nassau, N. P.,) Jewett, Cardenas 7 ds., with sugar to James N. Ward & Co.

Bark Abd-el-Kader, Eldridge, Savannah 5 ds., with cotton, etc., to master.

Bark Scotland, Rollins, Shields 58 ds., with coal to Starbuck & Co. First part of passage had heavy westerly gales; lost and split sails, stove bulwarks, etc.; latter part had light winds.

Bark Palermo, McCarty, Beaufort 7 ds., in ballast to John Swan.

Brig Magic, (of St. John, N. F.,) Bradshaw, Havana 13 ds., with sugar to Gordon, Bruce & McAuliff.

Brig Alice Leonard, (of St. Andrew's N. B.,) Pike, Cardenas 10 ds., with sugar and molasses to Brett, Son & Co.

Brig Snow Bird, (of Quebec,) Guptil, Arroyo, P. R., 15 ds., with molasses to Thompson & Hunter.

Brig Magna Charta, (of Windsor,) Hewson, Aquadilla, P. R., 15 ds., with molasses to D. R. De Wolf & Co.

Brig Panama, (of Nassau, N. P.,) Sayres, Cardenas 9 ds., with molasses to J. C. Rahming.

Brig Clio, (of Halifax,) Grant, Sagua 13 ds., with sugar to H. J. & C. A. De Wolf. Brig Day Spring sailed for New-York same day. 4th inst., off Sagua, spoke brig Wm. Henry, bound in.

Schr. H. J. Raymond, Ellsworth, Port Royal, S. C., 6 ds., in ballast to master.

Schr. Watauga, Cook, Beaufort, N. C., 14 ds., with naval stores, etc., to Thomas & Holmes.

Schr. Broadfield, Crowell, Ponce, P. R., 15 ds., with molasses to master.

Schr. Enchantress, Blatchford, Charleston 6 ds., in ballast to N. L. McCready & Co.

Schr. E. Brainard, Clark, Elizabethport, for New-Haven.

Schr. Anthony Killey, Newton, Virginia 3 ds., with oysters.

Schr. J. W. Maitland, Tarbour, Beaufort 7 ds., in ballast to Murray & Nephew. Off Chincoteague, saw a vessel's topmast and gaff out of water.

Schr. W. H. Sargent, Sargent, Portland 4 ds., for Baltimore: put in for a harbor.

Schr. John R. Watson, Lain, Elizabethport, for Providence.

Schr. Diadem, Benton, Philadelphia, for Boston.

Schr. Frances, Connell, Fish's Bay, for New-Haven.

Schr. Frank Lucas, Weeks, York River, for Boston.

Schr. Lucy Robinson, Davis, Yorktown, for Taunton.

Schr. Mary Johnson, Kinney, Philadelphia, for Boston.

Schr. Ruth Hodgdon, Rockland, with lime.

Schr. Marietta, Hall, Rockland, with lime.

Schr. Mary Brewen, Pearl, Rockland, with lime.

WIND—At sunset, W. S. W.

By Telegraph.

BOSTON, April 18—Arr. brigs Catharine Rogers, Jersey City; Cemanthe, Portland, for Matanzas, leaky.

Also arr. bark Bessie Harris, Liverpool; brigs Mazatlan, Philadelphia; Star of Hope, Frontera, Mexico.

Spoken, &c.

Philadelphia—ship, from Liverpool for Philadelphia, March 16, lat. 46 57, lon. 26 40.

Tryo—Br. ship, of Yarmouth, bound E., March 31, lat. 44 57, lon. 47.

Foreign Ports.

At Arroyo, P. R., April 3, schrs. Nacola, for Hartford in 6 ds.; Martha Kenny, from New-Haven, just arr.; bark Janet, for New-York in 10 ds.

OFFICIAL DRAWINGS.

KENTUCKY—EXTRA CLASS No. 283, April 18, 1865.

47, 67, 9, 69, 24, 16, 11, 40, 29, 26, 28, 65, 27, 60.

KENTUCKY—CLASS No. 284, April 18, 1865.

46, 30, 3, 70, 27, 33, 67, 45, 59, 6, 50, 20, 18.

SHELBY—EXTRA CLASS No. 183, April 18, 1865.

45, 7, 2, 24, 30, 9, 59, 66, 1, 26, 32, 23, 28, 36.

SHELBY—CLASS No. 184, April 18, 1865.

31, 65, 41, 39, 45, 46, 18, 53, 13, 78, 16, 62, 25.

LIBRARY—CLASS No. 28, April 17, 1865.

52, 49, 67, 70, 69, 58, 20, 43, 6, 40, 72, 9, 38, 4.

LIBRARY—EXTRA CLASS No. 29, April 18, 1865.

72, 60, 51, 34, 33, 78, 63, 28, 38, 18, 56, 11, 23, 76.

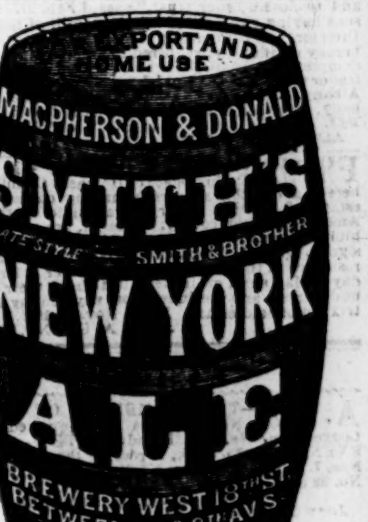
LIBRARY—CLASS No. 30, April 18, 1865.

71, 51, 56, 46, 19, 37, 63, 62, 14, 73, 1, 76, 17.

Circulars sent free by addressing
JOSEPH BATES, No. 11 Wall-st., New-York.
Circulars in the above Lotteries sent free, by addressing SIMMONS, ROGERS & CO., No. 11 Wall-st.

ROYAL HAVANA LOTTERY.—PRIZES paid in gold; information furnished. Highest rates paid for doubloons and all kinds of gold and silver.
TAYLOR & CO., Bankers,
No. 16 Wall-st., New-York.

MACPHERSON AND DONALD SMITH'S



EAST INDIA AND BITTER PALE ALES.

These ales are of improved quality, brewed with great care, pleasant, nutritive and strengthening, and can be relied on for purity. The attention of consumers solicited. Orders by mail prompty executed. Brewery, West 18th-st., between 7th and 8th avs.

CEDAR CAMPHOR

Is harmless to all but insects. Clothes moths are quickly throttled by its dense vapors. HARRIS & CHAPMAN, manufacturers, Boston. Sold by all respectable druggists.

ECONOMY IS WEALTH.
STRAW GOODS,
STRAW GOODS,
STRAW GOODS,
STRAW GOODS,
STRAW GOODS,
CLEANED, DYED, PRESSED AND ALTERED,
CLEANED, DYED, PRESSED AND ALTERED,
CLEANED, DYED, PRESSED AND ALTERED,
CLEANED, DYED, PRESSED AND ALTERED,
EQUAL TO NEW,
EQUAL TO NEW,
EQUAL TO NEW,
EQUAL TO NEW,
EQUAL TO NEW,
AT
HIGGINS' MAMMOTH MILLINERY,
HIGGINS' MAMMOTH MILLINERY,
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HIGGINS' MAMMOTH MILLINERY,
HIGGINS' MAMMOTH MILLINERY,
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NO.
126 SIXTH-AV.
126 SIXTH-AV.
126 SIXTH-AV.
126 SIXTH-AV.
126 SIXTH-AV.
ALSO AT
Branch Store, No. 693 Broadway, near 4th-st.
Branch Store, No. 693 Broadway, near 4th-st.

DALLEY'S MAGICAL PAIN EXTRACTOR is the only specific for burns, relieving the pain in five minutes, healing without scar; a positive cure for rheumatism, piles, cuts and the worst cases of corns and bunions, sore and inflamed eyes, and all sprains.
Three sizes, 25 cents, 50 cents and $1 per box.
The $1 size contains as much as six 25 cent ones.
For sale by the gross and single box, at depot, No. 4 Liberty-st., New-York. The 25 cent size sent by mail on receipt of 37 cents.

TOO LATE FOR CLASSIFICATION.

RUSH!! RUSH!! RUSH!!
CLAMOR—CLAMOR—CLAMOR.
TELEGRAM AFTER TELEGRAM.
ORDER UPON ORDER.
RUSH DON'T EXPRESS IT!!
GREAT OUTPOURING
OF THE
AMERICAN PEOPLE.

Orders multiplying by the thousand. Badges in demand by the million. The public mind having approved the very neat and most appropriate badge manufactured by B. W. HITCHCOCK, at No. 14 Chambers-st., inscribed as follows:

"WE MOURN!
THE
NATION'S LOSS
ABRAHAM LINCOLN."
APRIL 15, 1865.

Printed on beautiful white satin, in clear, bold type, appropriately draped in mourning, and surmounted with a splendid gilt pin, containing a correct likeness of our late President. The rush for them has been immense, and the manufacturer has devoted night and day to the execution of his orders.

OVER 100,000
BADGES
HAVE ALREADY BEEN SOLD,
AND
ORDERS STILL ACCUMULATE.

Parties who are not in receipt of their goods must bear in mind that all orders are filled in the exact turn in which they are received, and that no subsequent orders can take the precedence

BE PATIENT.

All orders will be filled at the earliest possible moment. The intense feeling manifested by the public is not to be allayed by the passing hour. The people LOVED and now REVERENCE

ABRAHAM LINCOLN.

As the Father of his Country,

GEORGE WASHINGTON,

was loved for his goodness and virtues, so will our late President be adored as a Martyr to the cause of true

REPUBLICAN LIBERTY.

The mind of the people is centred upon the love they bore their standard-bearer.

ABRAHAM LINCOLN

will be *forever loved* by the

AMERICAN PEOPLE.

SPECIAL NOTICE.—This establishment will be open on WEDNESDAY only, in its Badge Departme t.

NO OTHER GOODS CAN BE HAD.

Badges $100 per 1,000, without Pin.
Badges $250 per 1,000 with Pin.
All orders should be sent at once.

B. W. HITCHCOCK,
No. 14 Chambers-st.,
New-York.

ATHENEUM CLUB, No. 23 UNION-SQUARE,
NEW-YORK, April 19, 1865.

AN ADJOURNED MEETING OF THE Atheneum Association will be held a the Club House, No. 23 Union-square, THIS (Thursday) EVENING, at 8 o'clock, to hear the reports of the following committees:

ON RESOLUTIONS.

T. Bailey Myers,	W. Cary Smith,
Francis A. Stout,	George P. Putnam,
Henry T. Tuckerman,	John H. Platt,
Richard Winne.	

ON ARRANGEMENTS.

John A. C. Gray,	W. Gracie Uilshoefer,
Gen. Jas. H. Van Alen,	Horace M. Ruggles,
William S. Constant,	Schuyler Skaats.
John H. Prout.	

WILLIAM T. BLODGETT, President.
GEO. V. N. BALDWIN, Secretary.

AT A MEETING OF THE MOZART HALL GENERAL COMMITTEE, held at Mozart Hall on the 18th day of April, 1865, pursuant to a call of the Executive Committee, the following resolutions were offered by the Hon. JOHN MCCOOL, and were unanimously adopted:

Whereas, The President of the United States has been stricken down by the hand of an assassin, in the full vigor of his manhood as the highest officer of the Government, at a time when he was about to bring to a close the present calamitous war; therefore be it

Resolved, That We, the delegates of the Mozart Hall General Committee, here assembled, view with feelings of the utmost horror and regret the atrocious act, perpetrated at a time when the Star of Peace was about dawning to shed its mild rays upon our unhappy country. The wisdom and moderation of Abraham Lincoln has commended his acts to our best judgment. His geniality of disposition, with his honesty of purpose, has shown to the world at once a true man and a patriot. We honor, respect and revere his memory and condole with the nation and his family at their unhappy loss.

Resolved, That we rejoice to know that William H. Seward, our efficient Secretary of State, is improving, and that the country may once more command his services is our earnest hope.

Resolved, That we tender our warmest support to the Administration in bringing the war to a close, and of a return to peace in the land, that we may once more say, "No North, no South, no East, no West," but one whole and undivided country. "Liberty and Union, one and inseparable."

Resolved, That we adjourn to meet on Wednesday evening, the 19th instant, at 8 o'clock, to make suitable arrangements in relation to joining in the reception of the remains of our late lamented President, Abraham Lincoln.

P. J. MCALEAR, Chairman.
DANIEL M. O'BRIEN, Secretary pro tem.

HENRY D. MINER, Auctioneer—Salesroom, No. 37 Nassau-st., opposite the Post-office.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE OF FINE HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE—All of which was made by the best city makers. French plate pier and mantel mirrors, bedding, &c., &c. MINER & SOMERVILLE will sell at auction, by order of F. Blancard, administrator, to close the estate of H. Blancard, deceased, all the furniture, mirrors, &c., &c., contained in the block of houses in 4th-av., between 19th and 20th sts., known as Blancard's Family Hotel, commencing on FRIDAY, April 21, at 10½ o'clock, and continuing from that day until all is disposed of, consisting of elegant rosewood etageres, rosewood wardrobes, superb armoire a glaces, corner etageres, rosewood and mahogany dressing bureaus, with bedsteads and washstands to match; elegant mantel and pier French plate mirrors, fifteen elegant rosewood parlor suites, some of which are of the most superb and costly description; rosewood and black walnut extension tables, centre and card tables, lace, silk, brocatel and damask curtains; spring curled hair mattresses, bolsters and pillows; velvet, English, Brussels and tapestry carpets; gas chandeliers, linen and cotton sheets, blankets, comforters, quilts, crockery, glassware, &c., &c. Also, two iron gas lamp-posts, with globes, and three lanterns with do.

AT THE TWENTIETH-STREET UNIVERSALIST CHURCH, between 6th and 7th avs.—Devotional exercises will be held, appropriate to the funeral of the President, in accordance with the request of the acting Secretary of State, TO-DAY, at 12 o'clock. TO-MORROW MORNING the church will be open, in compliance with the Governor's Proclamation, and a discourse will be given by Rev. E. G. BROOKS, at 11 o'clock. All interested are invited.

THIRTY-SEVENTH-ST. M. E. CHURCH, between 3d and 3d avs.—Rev. W. H. BOOLE, Pastor. Divine services will be held in this church to-day at 12 M. Addresses by Rev. GEO. LANSING TAYLOR, the Pastor, and others.

MEMORIAL CHURCH, HAMMOND-ST., corner Waverley-place. This church will be open for Divine service TO-DAY, (Wednesday,) at 12 o'clock, the hour of the President's funeral. The Industrial School Anniversary is postponed to TUESDAY, 25th inst.

PORTUGUESE SYNAGOGUE, 19TH-ST., near 5th av.—Congregation, Shearith Israel. Rev. J. J. LYONS, minister. A mortuary service in memory of the late President will be held in the above synagogue THIS DAY, at 1½ P. M. precisely.

PUBLIC SERVICES WILL BE HELD IN the Madison-av. Baptist Church, corner of Madison-av. and 31st-st., at 12 o'clock M., the hour appointed for the funeral solemnities of our late President.

SCOTCH PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, 14th-st., near 6th-av. Services will be held in this church TO-DAY, at 12 noon, instead of to-morrow, as previously announced.

CHURCH OF THE HOLY INNOCENTS, 37th-st., near Broadway, will be open for burial service, in commemoration of the late President, at 12 o'clock THIS DAY.

THE CHAPEL OF THE 5TH-AV. BAPTIST Church, on 46th-st., adjoining, will be opened at 12 M. TO-DAY, with a sermon by Rev. THOS. ARMITAGE, D. D., Pastor, appropriate to the circumstances of our recent national calamity.

CHURCH OF THE RESURRECTION—35th-st., near the 6th-av. Special services THIS DAY, at 12 o'clock, M.

$100 REWARD.—LOST, A PACKAGE OF money, supposed between Chambers and Canal sts. The above reward will be paid to any one returning the same to JAMES DEVLIN, at H. B. Claflin & Co.